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SALE—Whereas, by his deed of trust 8, 1884, and recorded in book 30, page the Recorder of Deeds for the city of Van Kamen conveyed the property herein- to the undersigned in trust, to secure the ein mentioned in said deed described; and said notes is past due and remains unpaid. at the request of the legal holder of said ebtedness this co, will sell the following de- estate to wit: That certain lot or parcel of ground situated in said city of St. Louis and rt, and being in Newman & Howard's lock number four (4) of the city commons ion, and in block (3) of said city, to or one (1) of said sub-division, and having a two (2) feet on the east line of Missouri depth between parallel lines of one hundred feet to an alley fifteen (15) feet wide, and by lot number nine (9) of Ryan & McNally's said blo k number four (4) of the city com- said alley, south by lot number two (2) of & Howard's said sub-division and west by enue, at the east front door of the Court se of St. Louis, between the hours of 10 and 3 o'clock p. m. of Y, THE 2ND DAY OF DECEMBER, 1885, to the highest and bidder for cash, for the d trust. BERNARD KERNAN, Trustee. , November 7, 1885.

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MANHOOD when lost from Abuse, Excesses, Vice, &c., quickly and secretly restored, full Vigor and Potency, by the French Hospital Treatment. No Drugging; send for illustrated and reliable medical book. "—Tribune & Farmer. CIVILIAN AGENCY, No. 176 Fulton Street, New York.

LARGEST EVENING PAPER IN THE UNITED STATES.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

THE LARGEST CIRCULATION IN THE CITY OF ST. LOUIS.

VOL. XXXIV. ST. LOUIS, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1885. NO. 135.

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To which all are invited.

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Absolutely Pure and Unadulterated.

IN USE IN HOSPITALS, CURATIVE INSTITUTIONS, INFIRMARIES, AND PRESCRIBED BY PHYSICIANS EVERYWHERE.

CURES CONSUMPTION, HEMORRHAGES *And all Wasting Diseases;* INEBRIETY, HABITUAL DRUNKENNESS, DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, MALARIA.

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PURE STIMULANT FOR THE SICK, INVALIDS, CONVALESCING PATIENTS, AGED PEOPLE, WEAK AND DEBILITATED WOMEN.

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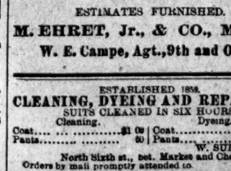

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"For the indefinite aches and pains of nervous patients, TONGALINE is superior to any other anodyne. For Nervous Headache or Muscular Rheumatism, it is almost a specific."

PARK RITCHIE, M. D., St. Paul, Minn.

"Have used TONGALINE in cases of Neuralgic Headaches with success in almost every instance, in strictly Neuralgic forms it is unexcelled."

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Sweet Chocolate.

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TO WEAK MEN ONLY suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, loss of manhood, etc. I will send you a valuable treatise upon the above diseases, also directions for self-cure, free of charge. Address Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

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THE Great Balsamic Distillation of Witch-Hazel, American Pine, Canada Fir, Marigold, Clover Blossoms, etc., called Sanford's Radical Cure, for the immediate relief and permanent cure of every form of Catarrh, from a simple Cold in the Head to Loss of Smell, Taste and Hearing, Cough and Catarrhal Consumption. Complete treatment, consisting of one bottle Radical Cure, one box Catarrhal Solvent and one Improved Inhaler, in one package, may now be had of all Druggists for $1. Ask for SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE.

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"I MUST GIVE UP, I cannot bear this pain, I ache all over, and nothing I try does me any good." Back-ache weakness, Uterine pains, Soreness, Lameness, Hacking Cough, Pleurisy and Chest pains, cured by that new, original and active antidote to pain and inflammation, the CUTICURA ANTI-PAIN PLASTER. Especially adapted to ladies by reason of its delicate odor and gentle medicinal action. At druggists, 25c.; five for $1. Mailed free by POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston.

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THOS. P. SHERIDAN, Prop.

LATEST EDITION.

RESTORED TO LIFE.

A Marvelous Surgical Operation at Bellevue Hospital.

The Case of Bridget Connolly, Whose Jaw Was Fractured by a Pistol Ball —Saved While in the Throes of Death—The Successful Transfusion of Salt Water Instead of Blood.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, November 30.—Bridget Connolly, a woman of middle age, with a strong constitution, was recently admitted to Bellevue Hospital as a patient. She was married. Her husband in a fit of jealousy had shot her. The ball entered the right side of her face, carried away a portion of the upper jaw and badly fractured the bone. When the ambulance surgeon went after her he found her bleeding profusely from the wound, and there was evidence that one of the arteries in her face had been severed. Stopping the flow of blood as well as was possible by compression, and without waiting to ligature the artery, the surgeon placed her in the ambulance and hurried to the hospital. The bandages were removed and the broken pieces of bone were taken away with forceps. The flow of blood continued and it was only after long and diligent search that the bleeding points could be found. The ball seemed to have punctured the same artery in a number of places, and as the flesh was ragged and badly torn, and the position of the injury gave the surgeon little room to work in, more than the usual time passed before the blood vessels could be tied. After the bleeding ceased and the wound had been washed and dressed the patient was put into a cot. She had lost a large amount of blood, was pale and appeared to be emaciated, but with careful nursing and by keeping quiet she had every chance in favor of recovering. She had been in the hospital for a week, was getting along well, gaining strength, was able to sit up in her cot, when there was an unexpected change in her case. It was late at night. The doctors had all gone to bed. The lights ticked drowsily in the wards, and the silence mingled with the groans of the patients as a sudden pain darted through their bodies. The only persons awake were the nurses, who were flitting here and there in the dimly lighted wards, giving medicine and attending to their appointed tasks. All else was silent save the loud clanging gong that at intervals was heard in the reception room below, announcing a new arrival at the hospital. The nurse, in going the rounds after midnight, came to the cot on which Bridget Connolly was sleeping. She stopped suddenly and moved closer to the sleeping woman. A change had come over the patient's face. It was stamped by

THE SEAL OF APPROACHING DEATH.

The nurse pulled down the bed clothes to listen to the heart and see if life was entirely extinct, and the cause of the sudden change in the patient's appearance was made manifest. Down the woman's neck, from beneath the bandage on her face, flowed her heart's blood, and a large crimson spot on the pillow told that it had been flowing for a long time. Secondary hemorrhage had set in, and from all indications the woman would be dead before daylight. The nurse summoned Dr. S. H. Pinkerton, the attending surgeon. Upon reaching the patient he removed the bandage from her face. She was unconscious and the unnatural pallor of her countenance, in contrast with the red blood on her neck and the pillow beneath her head, made a ghastly sight in the flickering gas light. She had no pulse, or it was so faint as to be imperceptible. Her body was cold to the touch and the clammy dew of dissolution was on her forehead. The heart could just be heard and it seemed to flutter as if every beat would be the last. Her chest did not move in breathing and the air seemed to stick in the throat and not enter the lungs. It was the opinion of the surgeon that she would live only a short time. But he set about to save her life, if possible. Hypodermic injections of whisky were given in the arms and chest at frequent intervals. Warm bottles and clothes were applied at different parts of the body and the patient's feet were elevated above her head and body to throw whatever fluid there was in the body into the vital organs. While these measures were being taken to excite the heart and warm the body, the surgeon was seeking the lacerated artery in the jaw where the hemorrhage had come from. He found it finally. The heart beat was so low that the bleeding points showing where the artery was open could not be seen. There was not power enough in the heart to force the blood out of the body. As soon as the artery was found an incision was made near it, and it was tied so as to effectually

STOP THE HEMORRHAGE.

The patient did not rally under the treatment. The stimulants did not affect the heart's action. They were given plentifully, but the heart still continued to flutter as if undetermined whether to quit work or to begin anew.

The pallor on the patient's face deepened into a green shade and her body grew colder steadily. Her mouth was open and her eyes fixed and glassy. At times her breath would stop and the nurse would bend anxiously over her to see if she was dead. Becoming satisfied, after several trials, that the ordinary treatment given in cases where the patient was exhausted from continual hemorrhage was useless, the surgeon decided to employ heroic measures, as under the existing conditions the woman would surely die. Some water was obtained that was a few degrees higher temperature than the human body. Sufficient salt was dissolved in the water to make a strong solution. The surgeon had determined on a transfusion, but instead of taking the blood from another person to inject in the body of the patient he intended to use the salt water. While the nurse held the right arm of the woman fixed and steady, an incision was made in it one and a half inches long. Following the course of the radial artery the flesh being turned aside, the artery was exposed to view and it appeared to be in a state of collapse. A probe was inserted underneath it and it was elevated above the surrounding tissue, to facilitate handling. A ligature was thrown around the lower portion of it, after which it was passed by a needle instrument. A canula or small tube was then inserted into the artery, after it had been warmed, for about two inches and held in position by a ligature. The surgeon, assisted by a nurse, had the solution of salt and water was of the proper temperature, took an ordinary Davidson's syringe, and filled it with the liquid, after the syringe had been thoroughly cleansed. Then, holding the nozzle down and pressing on the bulb so that whatever air remained in the syringe would be expelled, the point of the nozzle was inserted in the small tube and the salt and water was

FORCED INTO THE ARTERY

against the action of the heart. Little liquid was put in at a time, so it could run off into the first branch of the radial artery that it came to pass in and through the capillaries, and finally way to the heart mixed with the small amount of blood that was in the body. Any impurities in the water were taken up by the capillaries, so that there was no danger of even the minutest particle of foreign matter getting to the heart. As it went the solution, and when it reached the heart that organ appeared to become excited and opposed the admission of an intruder for a moment. Then there was a sudden stimulation to the circulation that was immediately followed by a reaction and it was thought that the patient had died. But she rallied, and as the liquid reached the heart in larger quantities the heart seemed to take kindly to it, stopped its fluttering movement and sent it tingling through the arteries as if it was good healthy blood. The injection was kept up slowly and steadily for fully five minutes, until about twenty-four ounces were transfused. As the volume of liquid in the body increased, the heart took fresh courage and gradually beat stronger, until the time when the injection was stopped. A good degree of arterial tension was established and the pulse was manifest at the wrist. Soon after circulation had been established, the heart beat more rapidly than normal, as if making up for lost time, and the body gradually became warmer until it felt natural to the touch. A gleam of intelligence shot from the patient's eye and she became conscious soon after the operation had been finished. She had no knowledge of what was going on, and looked around in wonder on the doctor, his assistant and the nurses. The patient was extremely weak for several days after the operation, but the nourishment that she took assimilated quickly and she made a speedy recovery.

"ANARCHISTS NO. 3."

Startling Developments Regarding the Fatal Fire in New York.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, November 30.—Developments of a most startling character regarding the fatal fire at 404 East Sixty-fourth street, in which Mrs. Mary Failka and her two children were burned to death early on the morning of the 23d inst., were yesterday afternoon reported to Acting Inspector Gunner at police headquarters. Capt. Gunner and his detectives have been actively engaged since the fire in searching for evidence against Henry Kohout, the Bohemian cigar maker, who was arrested on suspicion of having fired the house. The detectives made a partial report yesterday, with which was submitted an affidavit of Peter Skrbel, a Bohemian, who lives in Ninety-first street, between First and Second avenues. Skrbel says that last January his son-in-law, Francis Lenofsky, and the prisoner, Kohout, organized a society of anarchists under the title of Anarchists No. 8. Lenofsky was elected president and Kohout vice-president. There were in all nine members of the organization. Johann Most, the socialist, was said to be actively interested in it.

The club met at 1350 First avenue. The modest programme laid out by the members contemplated the overthrow of all governments, total destruction of all capital, and the placing in power of all who were in the hands of "men of muscle." The active agent by which this desirable state of affairs was to be brought about was dynamite! It was the duty of all members to familiarize themselves with the mode of manufacturing and using the article. President Lenofsky procured a recipe, and after mastering the details of the manufacture handed it to Vice-President Kohout, who proceeded to establish

A DYNAMITE LABORATORY

in his apartments, where he laid in a plentiful store of nitric and sulphuric acids, chlorate of potash and other explosive ingredients.

Last April the Anarchists moved their headquarters from 1350 First avenue. Where they have been meeting since Skrbel does not know, but he strongly suspects that the explosive stock in trade of the club has been kept in Kohout's apartments. Two days before the fire Skrbel visited his brother-in-law, George Heldenreich, who lived in rooms on the third floor, over those occupied by Kohout. In passing by Kohout's door, which was open, they noticed strong fumes of sulphur coming from the room, and Skrbel remarked that Kohout was evidently dabbing with dynamite, and hoped no accident would occur. Just before the club moved, Kohout accused Skrbel of betraying the secrets of the Anarchists, and during the quarrel that followed Lenofsky fell on his father-in-law and beat him cruelly. It is out of revenge for this beating that Skrbel made his recent disclosures to the police. The detectives are now making inquiries among the Bohemians with the view of discovering the whereabouts of the dynamiters' den. Probably more arrests will be made in a short time. It is supposed that all the members of the club, was getting good, gaining strength, were able to sit up in her cot, when there was an unexpected change in her case. It was late at night. The doctors had all gone to bed. The lights ticked drowsily in the wards, and the silence mingled with the groans of the patients as a sudden pain darted through their bodies. The only persons awake were the nurses, who were flitting here and there in the dimly lighted wards, giving medicine and attending to their appointed tasks. All else was silent save the loud clanging gong that at intervals was heard in the reception room below, announcing a new arrival at the hospital. The nurse, in going the rounds after midnight, came to the cot on which Bridget Connolly was sleeping. She stopped suddenly and moved closer to the sleeping woman. A change had come over the patient's face. It was stamped by

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Startling Developments Regarding the Fatal Fire in New York.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, November 30.—Developments of a most startling character regarding the fatal fire at 404 East Sixty-fourth street, in which Mrs. Mary Failka and her two children were burned to death early on the morning of the 23d inst., were yesterday afternoon reported to Acting Inspector Gunner at police headquarters. Capt. Gunner and his detectives have been actively engaged since the fire in searching for evidence against Henry Kohout, the Bohemian cigar maker, who was arrested on suspicion of having fired the house. The detectives made a partial report yesterday, with which was submitted an affidavit of Peter Skrbel, a Bohemian, who lives in Ninety-first street, between First and Second avenues. Skrbel says that last January his son-in-law, Francis Lenofsky, and the prisoner, Kohout, organized a society of anarchists under the title of Anarchists No. 8. Lenofsky was elected president and Kohout vice-president. There were in all nine members of the organization. Johann Most, the socialist, was said to be actively interested in it.

The club met at 1350 First avenue. The modest programme laid out by the members contemplated the overthrow of all governments, total destruction of all capital, and the placing in power of all who were in the hands of "men of muscle." The active agent by which this desirable state of affairs was to be brought about was dynamite! It was the duty of all members to familiarize themselves with the mode of manufacturing and using the article. President Lenofsky procured a recipe, and after mastering the details of the manufacture handed it to Vice-President Kohout, who proceeded to establish

A DYNAMITE LABORATORY

in his apartments, where he laid in a plentiful store of nitric and sulphuric acids, chlorate of potash and other explosive ingredients.

Last April the Anarchists moved their headquarters from 1350 First avenue. Where they have been meeting since Skrbel does not know, but he strongly suspects that the explosive stock in trade of the club has been kept in Kohout's apartments. Two days before the fire Skrbel visited his brother-in-law, George Heldenreich, who lived in rooms on the third floor, over those occupied by Kohout. In passing by Kohout's door, which was open, they noticed strong fumes of sulphur coming from the room, and Skrbel remarked that Kohout was evidently dabbing with dynamite, and hoped no accident would occur. Just before the club moved, Kohout accused Skrbel of betraying the secrets of the Anarchists, and during the quarrel that followed Lenofsky fell on his father-in-law and beat him cruelly. It is out of revenge for this beating that Skrbel made his recent disclosures to the police. The detectives are now making inquiries among the Bohemians with the view of discovering the whereabouts of the dynamiters' den. Probably more arrests will be made in a short time. It is supposed that all the members of the club, was getting good, gaining strength, were able to sit up in her cot, when there was an unexpected change in her case. It was late at night. The doctors had all gone to bed. The lights ticked drowsily in the wards, and the silence mingled with the groans of the patients as a sudden pain darted through their bodies. The only persons awake were the nurses, who were flitting here and there in the dimly lighted wards, giving medicine and attending to their appointed tasks. All else was silent save the loud clanging gong that at intervals was heard in the reception room below, announcing a new arrival at the hospital. The nurse, in going the rounds after midnight, came to the cot on which Bridget Connolly was sleeping. She stopped suddenly and moved closer to the sleeping woman. A change had come over the patient's face. It was stamped by

THE SEAL OF APPROACHING DEATH.

The nurse pulled down the bed clothes to listen to the heart and see if life was entirely extinct, and the cause of the sudden change in the patient's appearance was made manifest. Down the woman's neck, from beneath the bandage on her face, flowed her heart's blood, and a large crimson spot on the pillow told that it had been flowing for a long time. Secondary hemorrhage had set in, and from all indications the woman would be dead before daylight. The nurse summoned Dr. S. H. Pinkerton, the attending surgeon. Upon reaching the patient he removed the bandage from her face. She was unconscious and the unnatural pallor of her countenance, in contrast with the red blood on her neck and the pillow beneath her head, made a ghastly sight in the flickering gas light. She had no pulse, or it was so faint as to be imperceptible. Her body was cold to the touch and the clammy dew of dissolution was on her forehead. The heart could just be heard and it seemed to flutter as if every beat would be the last. Her chest did not move in breathing and the air seemed to stick in the throat and not enter the lungs. It was the opinion of the surgeon that she would live only a short time. But he set about to save her life, if possible. Hypodermic injections of whisky were given in the arms and chest at frequent intervals. Warm bottles and clothes were applied at different parts of the body and the patient's feet were elevated above her head and body to throw whatever fluid there was in the body into the vital organs. While these measures were being taken to excite the heart and warm the body, the surgeon was seeking the lacerated artery in the jaw where the hemorrhage had come from. He found it finally. The heart beat was so low that the bleeding points showing where the artery was open could not be seen. There was not power enough in the heart to force the blood out of the body. As soon as the artery was found an incision was made near it, and it was tied so as to effectually

STOP THE HEMORRHAGE.

The patient did not rally under the treatment. The stimulants did not affect the heart's action. They were given plentifully, but the heart still continued to flutter as if undetermined whether to quit work or to begin anew.

The pallor on the patient's face deepened into a green shade and her body grew colder steadily. Her mouth was open and her eyes fixed and glassy. At times her breath would stop and the nurse would bend anxiously over her to see if she was dead. Becoming satisfied, after several trials, that the ordinary treatment given in cases where the patient was exhausted from continual hemorrhage was useless, the surgeon decided to employ heroic measures, as under the existing conditions the woman would surely die. Some water was obtained that was a few degrees higher temperature than the human body. Sufficient salt was dissolved in the water to make a strong solution. The surgeon had determined on a transfusion, but instead of taking the blood from another person to inject in the body of the patient he intended to use the salt water. While the nurse held the right arm of the woman fixed and steady, an incision was made in it one and a half inches long. Following the course of the radial artery the flesh being turned aside, the artery was exposed to view and it appeared to be in a state of collapse. A probe was inserted underneath it and it was elevated above the surrounding tissue, to facilitate handling. A ligature was thrown around the lower portion of it, after which it was passed by a needle instrument. A canula or small tube was then inserted into the artery, after it had been warmed, for about two inches and held in position by a ligature. The surgeon, assisted by a nurse, had the solution of salt and water was of the proper temperature, took an ordinary Davidson's syringe, and filled it with the liquid, after the syringe had been thoroughly cleansed. Then, holding the nozzle down and pressing on the bulb so that whatever air remained in the syringe would be expelled, the point of the nozzle was inserted in the small tube and the salt and water was

FORCED INTO THE ARTERY

against the action of the heart. Little liquid was put in at a time, so it could run off into the first branch of the radial artery that it came to pass in and through the capillaries, and finally way to the heart mixed with the small amount of blood that was in the body. Any impurities in the water were taken up by the capillaries, so that there was no danger of even the minutest particle of foreign matter getting to the heart. As it went the solution, and when it reached the heart that organ appeared to become excited and opposed the admission of an intruder for a moment. Then there was a sudden stimulation to the circulation that was immediately followed by a reaction and it was thought that the patient had died. But she rallied, and as the liquid reached the heart in larger quantities the heart seemed to take kindly to it, stopped its fluttering movement and sent it tingling through the arteries as if it was good healthy blood. The injection was kept up slowly and steadily for fully five minutes, until about twenty-four ounces were transfused. As the volume of liquid in the body increased, the heart took fresh courage and gradually beat stronger, until the time when the injection was stopped. A good degree of arterial tension was established and the pulse was manifest at the wrist. Soon after circulation had been established, the heart beat more rapidly than normal, as if making up for lost time, and the body gradually became warmer until it felt natural to the touch. A gleam of intelligence shot from the patient's eye and she became conscious soon after the operation had been finished. She had no knowledge of what was going on, and looked around in wonder on the doctor, his assistant and the nurses. The

WASN'T A GUSHER.

How a Famous Oil Wildcat Failed to Pan Out.

The "Midnight Mystery" on the Banks of Rough Run—Leidecker Brothers' Well—Farmers on the Qui Vive—A Discovery Resulting in a Poor Speculation.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

BUTLER, Pa., November 30.—Situated on the banks of a romantic little stream bearing the name of Rough Run, a few miles from here, is the famous oil wild cat which, during September, was the lever which controlled the speculative oil trade of the world. A daring scout, while roaming aimlessly through the forest on a pleasant September morning, saw signs of smoke stack in the distance. It came from the smoke of an engine house. It was a wild cat drilling in a remote section of the field, in the midst of a virgin forest. The scout dubbed it the "Midnight Mystery," and for days it was a mystery to the trade. When the news of its existence flashed into Oil City, Bradford and New York, a score or more of scouts were hurried to the scene with instructions to obtain trustworthy news of the well at whatever cost. The Leidecker Brothers were the owners of the well. When the drill tapped the oil-bearing sand and began to show signs of producing, the brothers, who wanted to secure certain leases surrounding their property, plugged up the hole, boarded up the derrick and stationed three guards, who were armed with Winchester rifles, to watch the approaches. Then, to the oil men's expressive slang, the well blossomed out as a full-fledged mystery. From the hour that the awkward walking beam commenced to wag at Leidecker, the farmers watched the progress of the well with a tireless interest. As the days grew on and the well grew deeper they increased the bonus figures on their lands and the Leidecker Brothers found it difficult to secure the lands which they had bar, aimed for. After the well was plugged, the pressure of gas at times was so strong that sprays of oil would escape, baptizing the derrick and surroundings. The eagle-eyed farmers now and then witnessed the rainbow-like hues cast by

THE

THE BOROUGH RETURNS

Further Results of the Parliamentary Elections in England.

A Gallows Horror at Norwich, England—The Balkans War—Desperate Fighting at Pirot—King Burmah Surrenders His Capital—The Dead King of Spain—Foreign News.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, November 30.—All the English borough election returns are now complete, except those for Newcastle. The following figures tell the tale: When Parliament rose the Liberals held 184 English borough seats, and the Conservatives 87. Now the Liberals hold 107, the Conservatives 116, and the Parnellites 4. Thus the Liberal majority of two to one is changed to a majority of nine. In the counties the Conservatives secured 23 against the Liberals' 20. Scotland stands where she did as always, while the English people sway back and forth in their political views. Scotland is always faithful to progress. The time is coming when the Scotch will refuse longer to be dragged at the heels of the people without enough political insight to know their own minds. They will, therefore, organize

AN AGITATION FOR HOME RULE.

More will be heard of this subject. The Tories, having profited by all the Irish votes, are circulating paragraphs to the effect that these have not affected the result much, and it is doubtful whether, after all, the Irish have not voted secretly for Liberals. This, it is needless to say, is a pure concoction. The fact is that John Bright was literally exact when he said on Saturday: "There is no limit to the productive power of the Tory lie manufactory." I have seen a letter from Schnadhorst, who, as head of the National Liberal Federation of the Birmingham caucus, is the best authority, saying that he believes the next Parliament will be short and troubled. The poll at 2 o'clock this morning stood: Liberals, 169; Conservatives, 157; Parnellites, 24.

THE ELECTION RETURNS.

LONDON, November 30.—The following are additional returns of the Parliamentary elections. In the North Division of County Monaghan, Mr. T. M. Healy, Nationalist, is elected over Sir John Leslie, Conservative. In Clare, Eastern Division, Mr. J. Cox, Nationalist, is elected over Hon. L. O'Brien, Conservative. In Wicklow, Eastern Division, Mr. W. J. Corbitt, Nationalist, is elected over Col. C. Totteuham, Conservative. In Tyrone, North Division, Lord Ernest Hamilton, Conservative, is elected over Mr. John Dillon, Nationalist. In Antrim, North Division, E. MacNaughton, Conservative, received 3,233 votes; W. P. Sinclair, Liberal, 2,140, and Mr. Pinkerton, 1,915. In Newcastle-on-Tyne Mr. J. Cowen, Lib ral, is elected. He received 10,489 votes; Mr. John Morley Radical, 10,129, and Mr. C. F. Hammond, Conservative, 9,500. In Dublin, South Division, Sir T. Esmonde, Nationalist, is elected over Hamilton, Conservative, who sat for Dublin County in the last Parliament. In Cavan, West Division, Mr. T. O. Hanlon, Nationalist, is elected. He had no opposition. In Dudley Mr. A. Carew, Nationalist, is elected. In Limerick Mr. J. Finucane, Nationalist, is elected without opposition.

A GALLOWS HORROR.

NORWICH, ENG., November 30.—A horrible and sickening sight was witnessed to-day, at the hanging of Robert Goodale, a market gardener, for the murder of his wife, at Wisbeach, on September 15 last. A fifteen-stone weight was used, and the drop was six feet. When the trap was sprung the rope bounded violently, and Goodale's head was severed from his body, the trunk and head falling to the ground, the head lying at the feet, and blood oozing freely from both the body and head. The spectators were horror-stricken, and became sick at the scene. An inquest was held. The hangman said Goodale's head looked as though it had been cut with a knife. He had a thin vertebra. The surgeon said the hangman was sober, cool and collected when he sprung the trap The jury rendered a verdict in accordance with the facts, attaching no blame to the hangman.

BIG CONFLAGRATION.

The Chamber of Commerce and other public buildings in St. Heliers, Island of Jersey, and the Train ways building in Glasgow, together with ten horses and forty cars, have been destroyed by fire.

The Balkans War.

DESPERATE FIGHTING AT PIROT.

LONDON, November 30.—There has been desperate fighting at Pirot. The town was taken and retaken, remaining at last in the hands of the Bulgarians. It is estimated that both sides lost 3,000 killed and wounded.

SERVIA STUBBORN.

The Times this morning says it learns that Servia is willing to accept peace without the payment of an indemnity, and she will refuse to give either money or territory as the price of peace.

CALLED OUT FOR SERVICE.

BELGRADE, November 30.—The Third Reserves have been called out for service. It is stated that England has approved the proposed increase of Servian territory on condition that Servia agrees to the union of Bulgaria and Eastern Roumelia.

RUSSIA DISPLEASED.

ST. PETERSBURG, November 30.—The Russian newspapers in discussing affairs in the Balkans appear anxious about the situation and consider that the attitude of Austria is tantamount to openly siding with servia. They ask how the action of Austria will influence Russia who, as a signatory power to the treaty of Berlin, loyally refused to support Bulgaria. The Novoe Vremya says: "We cannot reconcile the action of Count von Khevenhuller-Metsch, the Austrian Minister at Belgrade, with the unanimity on the Imperial Powers."

THE ARMISTICE.

Continuing, the Novoe Vremya says it fears that the armistice will terminate when King Milan, owing to Austrian support, has become strong enough to continue the struggle.

Burmah.

KING THEEBAW WEAKENS.

RANGOON, November 30.—King Theebaw of Burmah, becoming alarmed at the rapid approach of the British expeditionary force, notwithstanding the resistance offered by the Burmese, sent a messenger to Gen. Prendergast, begging him to grant an armistice for the purpose of peaceably settling the difficulty between Burmah and the Indian Government. Gen. Prendergast, in reply, demanded the surrender of the Burmese army and Mandalay, stating that only then could he entertain any request looking to a settlement of the dispute. King Theebaw acceded to the terms, and the Ava forts, with twenty-eight guns, were turned over to the British troops. A garrison was placed there, and the British troops proceeded to Mandalay on the 28th inst.

Spain.

EMPEROR WILLIAM'S DESIRE.

MADRID, November 30.—Emperor William, out of respect for the memory of King Alfonso, desires to sign the Caroline agreement directly.

AN IMPOSING SCENE.

There was an imposing scene at the palace of the Escurial upon the arrival of King Alfonso's body. When the procession reached the monastery, the Duke De Serto, the Royal Chamberlain, knocked and requested admittance for Alfonso. When inside the gates the Duke unlocked the coffin and called three times in Alfonso's ear. Then, according to the ritual, said: "There is no reply. It is true the King is dead." He then relocked the coffin and broke his wand of office.

THE UHLANS' WREATH.

The regiment of Prussian Uhlans, of which King Alfonso was honorary Colonel, has sent a wreath to be placed on Alfonso's bier. The German Crown Prince, Frederick William, has also sent a wreath.

EX-QUEEN ISABELLA'S FEARS.

PARIS, November 30.—Ex-Queen Isabella has telegraphed to the Spanish Embassy here to prepare a residence for herself and the infantas Isabella and Eulalia. She fears that if she remains in Madrid she will be nominated regent against her will.

SPAIN'S FOREIGN POLICY.

The Temps says that Moret, the new Spanish Foreign Minister, in an interview stated that Spain would ameliorate her commercial relations with England and America, and maintain a cordial altitude toward France and Italy.

GERMANY'S REPRESENTATIVE.

BERLIN, November 30.—Prince Von Hohenlohe has left for Madrid to represent Emperor William at the funeral of King Alfonso.

The Dominion.

MONEY FOR PARNELL.

MONTREAL, November 30.—The Montreal branch of the Irish National League, at its meeting yesterday, resolved to send $1,000 to Dr. Reilly of Detroit, treasurer of the Irish National League, as its first instalment to the Irish Parliamentary Fund.

THREATENED INDIAN UPRISING.

The best judges of the Indians appear to think there will be another rebellion in the Northwest in the spring. There is some fear that the half-breeds who went to Montana after the Riel rebellion may stir up sympathy there among the American Indians and half breeds. One who knows the Indians well says if they rise again they will confine their operations to the south of the Canadian Pacific Railway, as they will then be nearer the American border and be in a country where there are plenty of cattle.

France.

CHIEF OF THE DETECTIVES DEAD.

PARIS, November 30.—M. Kaulin, Chief of the Detectives of this city, was found dead in his chair yesterday in the office of the police bureau. It is supposed that the cause of his death was pulmonary embolism.

Germany.

CAN'T LAND THE CABLE.

LONDON, November 30.—A dispatch from Berlin says that the German Government has refused permission to land a cable in Germany, applied for by the German-American Telegraph Company.

THE FIGHT FOR OFFICE.

The Hotels Filled With Men Who Deal in Pap.

Henry D. Cleveland Thought to be in the Lead for the Appraisership—O. P. Gooding to be Otherwise Provided For—Jim Burnes' Mysterious Conference—Congressmen Off for Washington.

The hotel rotundas were alive this morning with Congressmen and prominent State politicians. At the Laclede were Hon. Martin L. Clardy of Farmington, Senator Jim Proctor of Sturgeon, Senator Ball of Louisiana, ex-Auditor Thos. Holliday of Fredericktown, and John Hanna of Versailles. Congressman Richard P. Bland of Lebanon is at the Hotel Barnum, and Hon. James N. Burnes registered at the Southern this morning. Congressman A. M. Dockery of Gallatin, who has been confined to his bed at the Laclede for nearly two weeks past with a severe illness, recovered sufficiently to depart last night. Congressman Wm. Warner of Kansas City, who is regarded as the Lindell, accompanied by Bland, Ball and Holliday, leave for the East to-night, the latter going directly to Washington, and the others stopping over at Indianapolis to attend the Hendricks funeral.

Congressman Jim Burnes was the reigning star at the Southern during the day, as was Clardy at the Laclede. With the exception of a few brief intervals, both Congressmen were constantly surrounded with an admiring and hungry crowd of friends and office seekers. Burnes remained close to the hotel for the greater part of the time, and held his levee a la Cockrell in the rotunda. Clardy moved around the city considerably, and succeeded in shaking off one interested constituent only to make room for another at the next corner. A POST-DISPATCH reporter, who circulated freely among the men of all factions, learned from a reliable authority a statement to the effect that

GEN. O. P. GOODING'S CHANCES

of appointment as Appraiser of this Port were on a par with the probability of his election as the next Governor of Missouri; in other words he is as good as out of the race. This sudden decline in Gooding stock is due not so much to the death of the Vice-President, who had all along been considered as the General's strongest backer, to the report that Senator Cockrell is opposed upon principle to the granting of any applicant's claims. As nearly as could be ascertained the situation now stands: General Gooding of Indiana, for his brother, General Gooding of St. Louis; Congressman Glover for Clem Chrevelin; Senator Geo. G. Vest and Congressman O'Neill for H. D. Cleveland. It is generally thought by the applicants themselves and many of the Congressmen that the appointment will be made shortly. Since the office is a local one, the people will undoubtedly have at least an equal voice with the Senators in the disposal of it. Such being the case, the position of Hon. Martin L. Clardy, the only unpledged Congressman in this district, upon this particular office, is all-important. An attempt to elicit information upon the subject from Clardy himself resulted only in the statement that he had promised his influence to no one in particular. Mr. Clardy's friends, however, are convinced that he is favorably inclined towards H. D. Cleveland, and that in his opinion Cleveland is the strongest man in the race. He is known to be opposed to Gooding. Color is given to the report that he is for Cleveland by the fact that this morning he sent a request to Cleveland for a conference, which was had later in the day, and continued for some time. Mr. Cleveland's friends are of the opinion that Senator Cockrell will not interfere with the Congressmen in the selection of an appraiser, but in the event that he should, they think that he will take sides with Vest, O'Neil and Clardy for Mr. Cleveland. Mr. Cleveland is well publicly, having been connected with the Iron Mountain Road, when Thomas Allen was alive, and later acting as superintendent of the Cass avenue railway. Behind the Cleveland boom is a movement to let Gooding down easy and at the same time get him out of the Police Board by providing him with a subordinate position in one of the departments at Washington. Wash Cockrell was here several months since, on the memorable occasion when he attempted to sit in judgment upon the claims of office-seekers, great and small, it is reported that he made inquiries concerning Gooding's strength, and he was very generally informed by Congressmen and politicians that his appointment would never do, and that it would certainly result in great injury to his, the Senator's, influence here. He said nothing at the time, but permitted the inference to prevail that he was nevertheless inclined in the General's favor. On the strength of that, together with the report of Hendricks' endorsement, Gooding's friends have claimed first place for him in the race. It now develops that Cockrell is not a Gooding man by any means, and that he has intimated as much to one of the St. Louis Congressmen. But whatever may be Cockrel's position, Cleveland's backing puts him in the lead for the appraisership to-day.

The presence of

JIM BURNES

and State Senator Jim Proctor in the city, and a lengthy conference between them at the Southern Hotel this morning set the tongues of the political gossips to wagging about Burnes' reported candidacy for the United States senate. Proctor, in addition to nursing a little boom of his own for Governor three years hence, is said to be one of Burnes' strongest supporters. He is known to be a friend of Cockrell's, however, and it is a question whether his talk with Congressman Burnes this morning was to induce the latter to go on and fight Cockrell or to request him to keep his hands off of the Senatorial pumpkin. Proctor is a hold-over Senator of considerable influence and a man to be consulted by candidates who expect to submit their fortunes to the vote of the next General Assembly.

The POST-DISPATCH reporter Mr. Burnes declined to state anything either way regarding the Senatorial contest. He didn't care to be interviewed, and that ended the matter.

Ex-State Auditor Judge Thomas Halliday of Fredericktown is reported an applicant for a position in the Auditor's office of the Treasury Department at Washington. He goes direct to the national capital, where he will remain until the appointment fills the position for which he is an applicant is decided upon.

Hon. John M. Oliver leaves for Washington to-morrow evening.

LOGAN OR EDMUNDS?

The Republican Senators Divided on the Vice-Presidency.

Gen. Logan Eligible to Election—Senator Edmunds Said to be Out of the Field—The President at Church—St. Louis Office-Seekers at Washington—Star Route Changes—Washington News.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 30.—The Republican Senators continue to talk Logan for president pro tempore, while the Democrats persist in expressing the opinion that Mr. Edmunds is entitled to the place. Senator Jones of Arkansas said last evening that the position should be tendered Mr. Edmunds, because he was the oldest Republican Senator in service, because he had occupied the position before and because he is eminently fitted for it. He thought Gen. Logan's claims had been settled by the people. If Senator Edmunds would not accept the position, he thought either Senator Sherman or Senator Morrill well calculated to fill it to the satisfaction of the Senate. "Of course," he said, "unless the President should die, the position is merely that of a presiding officer, and I think Senator Edmunds is better fitted to preside over the Senate than any other Republican member. As to the probabilities of the President's dying, I think they are decidedly small. I am glad, however, to hear he is not going to Indianapolis."

Representative Springer of Illinois is also of the opinion that Senator Edmunds is entitled to the position. To the POST-DISPATCH correspondent he said last evening that in his opinion Mr. Logan could not afford to accept the position, and for the Republican members to put him in the place would seem like defying the will of the people. Besides he said Mr. Logan was lacking in all the attributes of a presiding officer. The question now is, will Mr. Edmunds accept the position if it is tendered him? He is not known to have expressed an opinion on the subject, but his colleague, Senator Morrill, and others are said to have expressed the opinion that he would not accept. A prominent Republican Senator said last night he was firmly convinced Mr. Edmunds was not a candidate for the position, and would not be under any circumstances. He said that last December when Logan came back to Washington, Edmunds proposed to several of the Republican Senators that he should withdraw from the Presidency of the Senate, so as to admit of the election of General Logan. Mr. Edmunds, at that time, said he thought it was due the General, who had been the candidate of his party, and was therefore entitled to the best place that his Republican associates in the Senate could give him. About this time came the legislative fight at Springfield and Senator Edmunds was made President. The published statement, that Senator Logan is not eligible to election as President pro tem. of the Senate is not true. The following abstract from the Journal proceedings of the Senate of Monday, March 5, 1877, is pertinent, establishing, as it does, a precedent in Senator Logan's case: "The Senate having been called to order by the Secretary and the proclamation of the President of the United States convening the Senate for the transaction of business having been read, on motion of Mr. Hamlin, and by unanimous consent, resolved, that the oath of office be administered by Senator Timothy O. Howe to Thomas W. Ferry, Senator-elect from the State of Michigan, and that he be, and hereby is, chosen President of the Senate pro tempore.

"The oath prescribed by law was accordingly administered to the Hon. Thos. W. Ferry and he thereupon assumed the chair.

"The credentials of the following Senators having been therefore presented, the oaths prescribed by law were administered to them and they took their seats in the Senate."

When the senators meet, if they agree on General Logan, it will be very easy for Senator Edmunds to take the chair for five or six minutes and then give way. A private letter received here from Don Cameron says he is for General Logan. Don Cameron is the chairman of the Republican caucus.

Poor, Overworked Clerks.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 30.—Having deprived the poor Treasury clerk of the privilege of getting to his post fifteen minutes late, Chief Clerk Youmans proposes to deprive him of another prerogative dear to his heart. Hereafter he must not only be in the building, but at his desk by 9 o'clock; not only this, but he must not leave his desk before 4 o'clock. There is a limit to physical endurance, and it is probable that some of the hardworking men who have been staving their lives away at the rate of five and six hours per clerk, for some years past, will be under the necessity of resigning.

Appointments by the President.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 30.—The President made the following appointments to day:

John C. Thompson of Harrodsburg, Ky., to be Surveyor-General of Wyoming, vice John W. Meldrum, resigned.

To be Registers of Land Offices: Samuel C. Williams of Guerdon, Col., at Del Norte, Col.; Nathaniel H. Harris of Vicksburg, Miss., at Aberdeen, Dak.; David Webb of Covington, Ind., at Salt Lake City, Utah.; Frederick A. McDonald, Oregon, at Thedilles, Oregon.

To be Receivers of Public Moneys: J. Massie Martin of Opelousas, La., at New Orleans, La.; Wm. M. Garrard of Lawrenceville, Ill., at Cheyenne, Wyoming.

John W. Causey to be Collector of Internal Revenue for the District of Delaware.

White House Callers.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, November 30.—The President's visitors this morning were Secretary Bayard, Postmaster-General Vilas, Commissioner Colman, Representative Carlton and John Russell Young, ex-Minister to China. At the public reception this afternoon there was a small attendance, due probably to the announcement of Saturday that the President would go to Indianapolis. One bashful backwoodsman about six feet four inches in height, with a bountiful crop of coin-whiskers, was accompanied by a little woman about five feet high, whom he carefully introduced to the President as his wife. An old gentleman with a skating-rink cranium waited until the last minute to shake the President's hand that he might assure him that he was the only President he had ever shaken hands with, in spite of the fact that he was a rear beldsher of Mr. Lo ffler, the usher at the Cabinet door The ceremony was concluded about five minutes

The President at Church.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 30.—The President and Miss Cleveland were among the congregation at the First Presbyterian Church yesterday. The President has never been so regular in his church attendance since he has been in Wassington as during the last month. For four successive Sundays he has been in his place, besides being on hand at the service on Thanksgiving Day. Dr. Sunderland chose his text from Jeremiah vi, 16: "Stand ye in the ways and see and ask for the old paths; where is tee good way?" The Doctor made a fleeing allusion to the death of the Vice-President.

Increase of the Debt.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 30.—It is said at the Treasury Department that there has been an increase, instead of the usual decrease, in the public debt during the month of November. The receipts have been light and the disbursements unusually heavy. The payments on account of pensions alone amount to about $11,000,000. The official statement will not be issued until Wednesday.

Personal Mention.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 30.—Representative Hale of Missouri arrived yesterday.

John Flournoy and J. S. Dobyns of St. Louis are at Willard's.

J. M. Sheppard of St. Louis is at the Metropolitan.

Tasmania's Application.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 30.—Tasmania's application for a postal convention with the United States has been referred to the Superintendent of Foreign Mails.

Representatives On Hand.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 30.—Representatives from the West and Southwest are beginning to arrive and prepare for the winter's work. There are a dozen or more registered at the hotels among this morning's arrivals. A great many are staying West for the Vice-President's obsequies, but not as many as had been expected; in fact it was found somewhat difficult to obtain a good representation from among those here on the House and Senate committees. It is probable that before the delegation returns from the West the work of mapping out a programme for the coming winter will be well under way. Among the morning's arrivals are Representatives Hall of Iowa, Miller of Texas, Caldwell of Tennessee, Warner of Ohio and Cannon of Illinois.

Issue of Silver.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 30.—The issue of standard dollars from the mints during the week ended November 30 was 659,394 against 366,495 for the corresponding period of last year.

RATTAN RULE.

Unwise Corporal Punishment Rebuked in the Correction Court.

Mrs. Dunham, Principal of the Laclede School, Fined for Trouncing Joseph Meinz—Expert Testimony Regarding Proper Punishment—A Case That Could Not Be Amicably Arranged.

Mrs. Eliza C. Dunham, principal of the Laclede School, was tried in the Court of Criminal Correction this m rning on a charge of assault and battery preferred by Joseph Meinz, a 9-year-old boy whom she castigated with a rattan on the 17th instant. Mrs. Dunham, a corpulent lady of mature years and fine muscular development, was attended in court by School Superintendent Long, Public Schools Attorney Leo Rassieur, Mrs. Clara Barton, the teacher in charge of the room to which young Meinz belonged, a boy named Willie Fox, who had been given a half-holiday in order to testify to the playful nature of Mrs. Dunham's muscular exercises, and several others. The first witness examined was the boy, Joseph Meinz, who testified that he threw ink on another boy's copybook during the writing exercise, and was beaten by the defendant, who used a rattan about as thick as his thumb. She hurt him badly when she hit him. He had been told by his teacher not to throw ink, which he only did once. He had been cautioned three or four times that afternoon to behave better than he had been doing. During the whipping he tried to evade the rattan, but Mrs. Dunham held him tight by the arm, and he could not escape.

Mrs. Meinz, mother of the previous mentioned, said that her boy came home from school with his face showing marks of recent punishment. She thought he had been beaten up by other boys while on his way home, but he told her that Mrs. Dunham had punished him. She examined the boy's body and found it bore marks of

A SEVERE BEATING,

the skin being split in several places so that the blood nearly came through. His right ear was also cut. She took the boy off to the Four Courts and showed his marks to Capt. Finerte and Sergeant Brown of the Central District, who referred her to Assistant Prosecutor Dierss, who examined the marks and decided to issue a warrant for Mrs. Dunham's arrest. She also said that she took the boy to Superintendent Long, who acknowledged that he had been too severely whipped.

In cross-examination she said that Mrs. Dunham made the boy remove his coat before she whipped him; also that the boy is paralyzed on the left side, and, inasmuch as Mrs. Dunham was holding him by the right arm when she was beating him, she did not see how he could struggle much. She had never had any complaints regarding him from school, as it did not consider he could be considered a very bad boy. This closed the State's case, and Mr. Rassieur, on behalf of the defendant, suggested to the Court that the teacher in such cases stood in loco parentis and that the evidence had not shown any undue punishment.

The Court decided to hear what the defense had to say, and Miss Clara Barton, the boy's teacher, was placed on the stand. She said that she was present at the time of the punishment, which she did not consider to be too severe. The boy did not indicate that he suffered and did not submit as patiently to the infliction as he ought to have done. She did not believe Mrs. Dunham could tell where she was striking the boy, as he moved about so. Two other boys, Willie Fox and Otto Kruse, were beaten at the same time, and they did not seem to mind it. The boy's coat was taken off and Mrs. Dunham gave him about eight blows with the rattan. She did not see her strike him on the ear, in answer to a question of the Court, witness said that she was

NOT ACQUAINTED WITH THE RULES

prescribing how punishment was to be applied in the public schools. There was a rule to the effect that teachers should not punish a child without first gaining the permission of the principal.

The defendant, Mrs. Dunham, stated that she was principal of the Laclede school and had been teaching since 1862. She believed that the punishment she had inflicted upon young Meinz was very slight—not nearly as severe as she had given Willie Fox. She said that the locality in which she got his ear cut was a callous spot. The boy was hard, too, and require severe punishment. Still, she tried to keep punishment down as much as possible. When whipping young Meinz she did not count the number of blows. She boy did not make a sound while being punished. Being appealed to as an expert in such matters, she said that some children showed marks of punishment more than others.

In cross-examination she said that she gave the boy six or eight blows, and took him to take off his jacket before she gave them. She did not know the boy was paralyzed.

Willie Fox, who was beaten after Meinz was disposed of, said he was sure his licking was a worse one than the other boys, and yet he didn't mind it much.

Superintendent Long said that he saw the boy Meinz on the evening that he got punished, and he was pretty badly marked up. It was impossible, however, to punish a boy without marking him. He wanted to have the case left in his hands, as he pref red to have such matters disposed of without publicity. If a boy happened to have a tender skin and to be thinly clad then he got marked worse than a boy whose skin was tuick and whose clothes were heavy.

In cross-examination he said that as near as he could remember there were

HALF A DOZEN RED SHEATHS

on the boy's body, and in two or three places a round spot. There were no cuts or bruises visible. His ear was swollen somewhat, but this might have happened in the struggle. He investigated the case and then went down to Mrs. Meinz house hoping to be able to bring the parties together and effect an amicable understanding. He heard next morning that a warrant had been sworn out, and that ended the attempt. He had never before heard of any complaint against Mrs. Dunham.

Acting Judge Paxton said that while there was no question of the right of teachers to punish children he was a question whether in this case an improper exercise of the power had not been made. According to Mr. Long, the boy had been very severely punished, and it was evident that, while the rules confined punishment to the body, the boy had been struck upon the ear. Judging from the evidence, it seemed to him that the defendant had gone a little too far in her exercise of the power of punishment and he would impose a fine of $1 and costs, a decision which very seriously changed the demeanor of the defendant, who had sat smiling pleasantly throughout the proceedings, but collapsed when the Court announced the result.

Change of Time Iron Mountain Route.

Through Express for Columbus, formerly leaving St. Louis at 8:30 a. m., will hereafter leave at 8:15 a. m. This train will make direct connections at Meridian for Mobile and New Orleans—Pullman Palace Sleeping Car attached.

Arcadia Accommodation, formerly leaving at 4:45 p. m., will hereafter leave at 4:40 p. m.

H. C. TOWNSEND,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

Left Destitute.

Alexander Voltz, a helpless invalid, is living in great want in the vicinity of the old Manchester road and Sublette avenue. About seven years ago Voltz, who had previously been an industrious workman, was rendered helpless by an accident. His wife has since then provided for her husband and six children by working out, but she died last Friday, leaving the family destitute.

Attend the Art Sale To-Night

at Redheffer & Koch's, 1000 Olive street.

LYING IN STATE.

The Home of the Late Vice-President Crowded With Mourners.

Special Trains Arriving With Delegations of Distinguished People—Fully 25,000 Strangers Already in Indianapolis—The Congressional Delegation Leaves Washington—The St. Louis Delegation—Mayor Francis' Proclamation.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., November 30.—All the trains coming into the city this morning were crowded and several of the roads were compelled to run extras to accommodate the people who desired to come to the capital to attend the funeral of Vice-President Hendricks. The remains still lie in state in the corridor of the Court House, where they will be removed to the family residence at 5 o'clock this evening. The arrangements for handling the crowd were much more complete and satisfactory to-day than on yesterday. Military companies and police were stationed along Washington street for two blocks away from the Court House, and as fast as the people arrived they were put in two lines, which were kept moving. There was a steady and undiminished stream of humanity pouring through the building all day. The doors were opened at 7 o'clock this morning and from that time up to noon the crowd pressed through at the rate of seventy-five per minute, probably 25,000 people viewing the remains up to 1 o'clock. The greater part of these were from out of the city, although all the schools, offices, manufactories and nearly all the business houses in the city have been closed all day. The crowd was quiet and orderly and because of the very careful arrangements and strict attention to their duties by the police and military, there were no accidents or mishaps.

DISTINGUISHED PEOPLE ARRIVING.

The chairman of the committee on arrangements has received a dispatch announcing that the following parties will arrive this afternoon and to-night: Gov. Hoadly and staff of Ohio; Governor Oglesby and staff of Illinois; Senator Payne and party from Ohio; the Mayors and members of the City Councils of St. Louis, Detroit, Cincinnati and Chicago; Major General Schofield; Major Sanger; S. Corning Judd of Chicago; ex-Senator Granam; N. Fitch of Logansport; the Gondola Club of Toledo; the America Club of Peoria, Hon. P. Henry Dagro and party of twenty from New York; the Jefferson Club of Dayton, a delegation of twenty-five from Tammany Hall and others.

SENATORIAL AND CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.

The Senatorial and Congressional committees and other dignitaries of the Government will arrive on a special train to-morrow morning.

Hon. David Davis of Illinois, who was expected to arrive here to-day and deliver an address at the bar meeting, telegraphed that on account of the death of a relative at Springfield, Ill., he would be unable to attend.

MRS. HENDRICKS.

Mrs. Hendricks remained quietly at home this morning, seeing but a few callers. A committee of ladies have elaborately draped and decorated the family residence with white crape, smilax and flowers.

THE STATE BAR ASSOCIATION.

At a meeting of the State Bar Association this afternoon, Hon. Walter Q. Gresham of Chicago presided. Judge David S. Turpie presented a lengthy memorial, and brief eulogistic addresses were made by Judge W. A. Bickle of Richmond, Hon. John R. Coffroth of Lafayette, Judge B. F. Love of Shelbyville, Judge T. J. Davidson of Crawfordsville, Judge James S. Frazer of Warsaw, and others.

The Crooks on Hand.

NEW YORK, November 30.—According to Inspector Byrnes' theory there is in progress an exodus of pickpockets and burglars from this city to Indianapolis, where they hope to be able to rob with impunity in the great crowds which will be attracted by the funeral of Vice-President Hendricks. The Inspector said: "If steps similar to those taken here by Superintendent Murray and myself at the time of General Grant's funeral are not adopted the place will be overrun with one set of thieves are working the crowds, another batch will be robbing the houses."

The Congressional Delegation.

WASHINGTON, November 30.—The Congressional committees appointed to attend the funeral of Vice-President Hendricks left here by special train on the Pennsylvania Road at 10:35 o'clock this morning. The Senate Committee consisted of Senators G. F. Edmunds, W. B. Allison, J. L. Pugh, J. G. Harris, O. D. Conger, H. W. Blair, J. N. Dolph, G. G. Vest, J. B. Beck. J. N. Camden, C. B. Bance, J. K. Jones and D. W. Voorhees. They were accompanied by Gen. A. G. McCook and Col. W. P. Canaday, sergeant-at-arms.

THE HOUSE COMMITTEE

consists of W. R. Morrison, J. H. Bount, H. A. Herbert, W. S. Holman, W. M. Springer, W. P. Hepburn, S. B. Ward, W. W. Phelps, J. J. Kleiner, Thomas Ryan, P. Dunn. They were accompanied by Sergeant-at-Arms Leedom. Associate Justices Matthews and Blatchford, representing the United States Supreme Court, accompanied by Assistant Marshal Riordan, went up on the same train. The train was in charge of Mr. Robert A. Parke of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and Mr. Robert Barry of the Pullman Car Company.

Post Offices to Close.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 30.—The First Assistant Postmaster-General to day issued the following order: By direction of the Postmaster-General, Postmasters will close their respective offices between the hours of 12 o'clock noon and 5 o'clock p. m. on Tuesday, December 1, out of respect to the memory of Hon. Thomas A. Hendricks, late Vice-President of the United States.

Chicago Delegation.

CHICAGO, November 30.—The City Council held a special meeting meeting this afternoon to take action on the death of Vice-President Hendricks. The Council passed appropriate resolutions and will attend the funeral in a body. All the city offices will be closed here to-morrow, as a further mark of respect to the dead, the Mayor was directed to appoint twenty-five citizens to attend the funeral in a body.

Senator Logan is in town on private business. He refuses to talk on the subject or the presidency pro tempore of the Senate, and says he will have nothing to say until after the meeting of the Republican caucus.

The St. Louis Delegation.

The Mayor's private secretary gives to the press the following as the names of the gentlemen who will leave the city to-night as a special delegation to the Hendricks funeral at Indianapolis to-morrow: Gov. B. Gratz Brown, William E. Burr, E. C. Cabell, Comptroller Campbell, Carl Daenger, John D. Finney, Gen. Fullerton, Police Commissioner Gooding, Henry C. Haarstick, Gen. J. B. Henderson, Samuel M. Kennard, R. H. Kern, P. S. Lanham, C. C. Moffitt, J. G. Marriott, John Martin, William M. McPheeters, E. A. Noonan, Frank R. O'Neill, J. P. Richardson, D. P. Rowland, C. H. Sampson, R. M. Scruggs, Joseph Specht, Joseph Temple, William B. Thompson, James Tiernan, S. W. Cobb and the Mayor and his secretary. They will leave on the Vandalia rain at 8 o'clock this evening, and will leave Indianapolis to-morrow night at 11:30.

THE MAYOR'S PROCLAMATION.

The Mayor this noon issued the following proclamation:

By virtue of the authority vested in the undersigned, David R. Francis, Mayor of the City of St. Louis, public notice is hereby given that on Tuesday, December 1, 1885, being the day appointed for the funeral of Thos. A. Hendricks, Vice-President of the United States, the flags on the public buildings will be displayed at half mast, one hundred strokes will be sounded on the fire alarm bells at 12 o'clock, noon, and the public city offices will be closed from and after said hour to said day.

DAVID R. FRANCIS, Mayor.

The Chamber of Commerce.

The Merchants' Exchange will adjourn at 1 p. m. to-morrow in honor of Mr. Hendricks. Mr. Haarstick, president of the Exchange, cannot attend the obsequies, and has been replaced in the delegation by Mr. S. W. Cobb, vice president.

Draped For the Dead.

Collector Whitney, this afternoon, in memory of Vice-President Hendricks, draped the front of the Custom House and Post Office, the pillars and stone-work being not merely entwined with the black wreathes, but entirely veiled from sight. The sum of $300 was devoted to the purchase of the mourning material.

The Federal Court Adjourns.

When the United States District Court met this morning Judge Treat directed the following memorial entry to be made on the records: As the funeral services of the late Thomas A. Hendricks, Vice-President of the United States, will take place to-morrow, in further respect to the memory of the deceased, it is ordered that the United States District Court be adjourned until Monday next at 10 a. m. It being impracticable for the Judge of this Court to leave this district, it is requested that John R. D. Cousins, United States Marshal, attend the funeral service in behalf of this court.

THE CIRCUIT COURT.

The Governor's proclamation relative to adjournment of business and public documents to-morrow in respect to the memory of Vice-President Hendricks, will be observed in all branches of the Circuit Court. The default docket set for to-morrow in Court No. 4 will be called on Wednesday.

MISSOURI SUPREME COURT.

A Big Batch of Important Decisions Rendered To-Day.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., November 30.—The Supreme Court met this morning, all the Judges present. The following list of opinions was handed down:

By Henry, C. J.—Young, adm'r estate of Levy, respondent, vs. Powell, appellant, St. Louis Court of Appeals; judgment affirmed. Tremble, appellant, vs. Potter, respondent, Moberly Common Pleas; reversed and remanded. Rherer, appellant, vs. Brock boys, respondent, St. Louis Court of Appeals; affirmed. The City of Kansas, respondent, vs. Hannah and wife, appellants; affirmed. Mackey, McKee & Tyrrell, respondents, vs. Collins & Dickson, appellants, St. Louis Court of Appeals; judgment affirmed. John G. Press, appellant, vs. Eliza Penny, deceased, respondent, vs. James C. Way et al., appellant, St. Louis Court of Appeals; judgement reversed. McDermott, respondent, vs. Hannibal and St. Joe Railroad; reversed and remanded.

By Ryan, J.—Wade, respondent, vs. Sadie Hays, appellant St. Louis court of Appeals; judgement affirmed; Henry, C. J., dissenting. Sadie is the colored woman who was tried and convicted of the murder of Sergeant Jenks and found guilty of murder in the first degree. The date of execution is set for January 15. Albers, appellant, vs. Bideli, respondent, Clark Circuit; reversed and remanded. Schesslinger et al., respondents, vs. Texas and St. Louis Railroad, appellant, Court of Appeals; affirmed. Christian Lepp, respondent, vs. Iron Mountain Railroad, appellant, Jeff rson Circuit; affirmed. Mary Yates, respondent, vs. Anderson Johnson, appellant; Gentry Circuit; reversed. Frank J. Bowman appellant, vs St. Louis Times Company, respondent, St. Louis Court of Appeals; affirmed. Stalcup re. Stevenson, respondent, vs. A. J. Smith, Auditor St. Louis, appellant; reversed. Opinions per curiam: Ranson Bills, respondent, vs. Missouri Pacific Railroad, appellant; affirmed. William Tutes, respondent, vs. same; affirmed. The St. Louis contested election cases were argued this afternoon. Stat. ex rel., vs. R. Walker, vs. John Walker, State Auditor, mandamus proceeding; argued and submitted.

By Norton, J.—State, respondent, vs. Sadie Hays, appellant St. Louis Court of Appeals; judgement affirmed; Henry, C. J., dissenting. Sadie is the

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Great Sale Continues Unabated. Profits swept out of sight. Ladies should secure some of the

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500 Pieces at One-Third Less than Manufacturers' Prices.

2 cases Homespuns, 15c; reduced from 25c.
1 case 44-inch All-Wool Homespuns, 45c; reduced from 65c.
27 pcs 44-inch All-

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ST. BERNARD DOLLAR STORE!

Never in the history of St. Louis has there been on exhibition such a dazzling display of everything that is useful and artistic. Our Eastern buyers have left nothing undone to furnish the St. Louis public with every article necessary to Make Your Home Beautiful and Attractive, at a trifling cost. The humblest home can be made an enchanting paradise, and the most palatial edifice grander than before.

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416-418 NORTH FOURTH ST.

MARRIED, NOT MATED.

Matrimonial Misfits Adjusted by the Judges To-Day.

Default Divorce Day in the Courts—Unhappy Wives and Husbands Seeking Relief—Different Phases of Domestic Infelicity Presented by a Large Batch of Petitions.

This is default day in three divisions of the Circuit Court, and Judges Lubke, Dillon and Barclay were busily engaged throughout the morning listening to the grievances of married men and women of all ages and conditions in life seeking divorce. All the cases of this nature docketed for the October term in Court Nos. 1, 2 and 3 in which no answer or cross-bill had been filed were disposed of to-day on the familiar grounds of complaint: drunkenness, infidelity, desertion, brutal treatment and failure to support. The following knots were severed:

JUDGE BARCLAY'S BATCH.

Judge Barclay took his turn at the divorce mill in Court No. 3 this morning, hearing the evidence in a number of default cases. A decree was granted Merriman H. Bradshaw against Emily E. Bradshaw on the ground of desertion. The Court took the following cases under advisement: Annie Spotts against Eugene L. Spotts; Katharine Hoss against Rudolph Hoss; Mary Ann Disch against Peter Disch; Alma Reiss against Henry Reiss and Gottlieb Reidweg against Anna Reidweg. The evidence submitted was chiefly on the familiar ground of drunkenness or desertion or failure to support. In the cases where the Court was not satisfied with the testimony offered, and for lack of corroborative testimony, the decree was held up; likewise in cases where the costs were not paid.

BUETTNER VS. BUETTNER.

Adolph Buettner obtained a decree of divorce from Caroline Buettner. They were married at De Soto in September, 1880, and in April of the following year Mrs. Buettner without any explanation left her husband and never returned.

CRANSE VS. CRANSE.

Mrs. Jane Cranse was granted a decree of divorce and restoration to maiden name, Jane Downie, in her suit against Augustus Cranse. They were married in June, 1884, and in February of the present year Mrs. Cranse was compelled to leave her quarters. She told Judge Lubke that her husband made a practice of whipping and slapping her without the slightest provocation, and that he attempted to choke her more than once. He cursed and abused her all the time, and she led a life of constant misery and fear.

DOREMUS' DEVILTRY.

Mrs. Estelle E. Doremus appeared and asked to be separated from Orlando B. Doremus on the grounds of cruelty. She was married to the defendant in New Jersey February 28, 1866, and since that time she has cruelly maltreated her in such a manner as to ruin her health. He also threatened to cut her throat in 1881. Of the marriage two children were born, one a boy now 18 years of age and a girl 15 years of age. The plaintiff related that for seventeen years she was in mortal fear of her life at all times. A portion of the testimony relating to certain indignities offered to the plaintiff can not be published. She left Mr. Doremus in April, 1883, since which time she has supported herself. She asked for the custody of her two children and to return to her maiden name, Estelle E. Bogart. The case was continued until 2 o'clock for further testimony.

A HIGH TEMPERED COOK.

It was when the leaves began to turn in the month of September, 1854, that Charles E. Wolf, then a rising young cook in the city of Memphis, Tenn., took from the bosom of her family and married his wife Rosina. Whether the domestic cuisine had a bad effect on Charles' temper by offending his cultivated palate or by creating disorder in his digestive organs, certain it is that after a few fleeting years of happiness he developed a brutal and bloodthirsty disposition, especially toward his loving spouse. He threatened to cut her throat with a razor and once while she was in an interesting condition he basked her with the poker and again tried to make mince meat of her with a butcher-knife. He interspersed such lively actions with vile epithets and abuse. When Rosina would fly with her children from her angered husband he would lock the entire family out of the house. More than this, Charles indulged habitually in strong drink and would sometimes remain on a spree for weeks at a time. Finally Charles, on the 10th of May, 1884, like Richard Swiveller, exclaimed: "My bars is on the snore and my boat is on the sea; when I go through that door I will take farewell of thee." Since this time, although his faithful Rosina has waited and watched for him, he has never visited nor communicated with her, and she has supported herself. A decree of divorce with the custody of the four children asked for by Mrs. Wolf were granted by Judge Dillon.

A BAD SHOEMAKER.

Henry Koch and Caroline Schroer mated in the city of Emmen in Holland, August, 1880. Six months after the pair came to America, and whether the air or the more attractive charms of the women of America did him astray or not, it is certain according to Mrs. Koch's allegations that he disappeared when the birds were carolling and the flowers that bloom in the spring were opening under the benign influence of sun and rain, and never returned. This was on the second of April, 1881. For this reason Mrs. Koch prayed Judge Dillon for a divorce and the privilege of resuming her maiden name. A bad case of mother-in-law figured in the disagreement of the couple, and Koch sold all the household furniture before leaving. He was a wooden shoe-maker. The only child of the union, William, was born shortly after Koch left, died. The petition was granted.

THE DAMMER DIFFICULTIES.

Mrs. Mary Dammer of this city poured a woeful tale of domestic sorrows experienced in the course of a brief matrimonial relationship with Herman H. Dammer. Herman was a dashing bar-keeper when he wooed and won his Mary. They were married on April 7, 1885. Mrs. Dammer was a loving and faithful wife, but Herman utterly disregarded his duties as a husband and within a few weeks after the wedding began to become a unbearable master toward his wife, as he took sides decisively desire to part by mutual agreement, and, under such circumstances reasonable to expect of the agreement the POST-DISPATCH was never seen in office; no discrimination has been between union and non-union men. Upon office when Herman's drunken fits and he has been merry retained the And it. Now if it is possible to come it we shall spare no effort to secure typographical Union men as soon as a spirit to whip takes a very short time transaction. That is as much as is saying at present.

Sadie Hays Startled.

A POLICE reporter visited the Jail to see the negress who murdered Police Sergeant Bond with, by the Supreme Court's decision, to hang January 18. Sadie was much startled by the news and said: "My God! My God! January! I am to hang on the 18th of January, so soon!" She claimed that she had been given a fair trial, and said she did not ask for mercy. She had no friends to help her, and didn't suppose she could influence any person to pardon her.

THE EVANGELICAL ALLIANCE.

A Dead Meeting To-Day—Signs of Sam's Stirring Up.

Sam Jones or something else caused a very slim attendance of pastors at the Evangelical Alliance at the old Y. M. C. A. at 10:30 to-day. An invitation was read from the Y. M. C. A. to meet at the new quarters at Twenty-ninth and Pine streets, but, on motion, it was received with thanks and laid over to a fuller meeting. The next meeting, it was announced, will be held at Eleventh and Locust streets, and will be the last of the year. As Rev. J. P. Greene, who is busy moving his church, the Third Baptist, into their new house of worship, was not present to open the discussion on the "American Church Congress" and on the advice of the Board of Counselors the subject went over to the next meeting. Mr. Greene was tacitly acquitted of any dereliction as the president. Dr. Brank facetiously informed the meeting that he knew that Mr. Greene had been giving the subject attention, because the latter had asked him only a few days ago, "what in the world this Church Congress is, any way."

The following pastors were present: Rev. Dr. Brank, Central Presbyterian Church, Rev. Wm. Harris of the Delmar Avenue Baptist, Rev. Dr. Holifield of the Grand Avenue Presbyterian; Rev. Dr. Hugney of the Carondelet M. E., Rev. George P. Wilson of the Lafayette Park Presbyterian, Rev. P. W. Jacoby of the First German M. E., Rev. W. K. Collins of Trinity M. E., Rev. Phillip Heuser of German M. E. Missionary, Rev. Dr. Mosheim Rhodes of St. Mark's Evangelical, Rev. Dr. Robert Irwin of Lindenwood Seminary, St. Charles; Rev. W. B. Minton, Rev. S. M. Ware of Ferguson, Rev. W. B. Brandt of Memorial Tabernacle, Rev. A. S. Willson of North Presbyterian, Rev. B. D. Luther of St. Charles.

NOTES.

The North Presbyterian Church yesterday took up a collection to wipe out its debt of $400 and they were all astonished when they found they had go. $50 over the required amount, which was for the payment of the expenses incurred in the recent improvements. In the evening a special praise service was held.

Unusual financial activity also characterized the morning service at the Second Presbyterian Church, where $1,050 was raised toward liquidating their share, $1,700, of the indebtedness of the General Missionary Board.

As stated elsewhere, the congregation of Central Christian Church refused to consolidate with Rev. Wm. E. Hall's old church, the First. As the latter expected in case of consolidation that Mr. Blackwell would be pastor of the Union Church, it is now left pastorless.

THERE WAS BAD BLOOD:

A Fatal Fight Between Brothers-in-Law in Chicago.

CHICAGO, November 30.—Timothy Mackey lives at 4638 Wallace street, as does John McDermott, who is married to Mackey's sister. Bad blood has existed between the two men for some time, and quarrels have been frequent of late. This morning the men had some words and Mackey left the house. He came back in half an hour to find McDermott waiting for him in the alley with an axe in his hand. The quarrel was renewed, and during the scrimmage Mackey received a terrible cut down, breaking four of his ribs. Two are thought to have penetrated the lungs, and Mc Dermott is thought to be fatally wounded.

A BAD LOOKING MESS.

The Crooked Failure of Norton, Wolff & Co. at Otsego, Mich.

DETROIT, MICH., November 30.—The Journal's Allegan special says: The failure of Norton, Wolff & Co. of Otsego is a bad looking mess. Since September 1 they bought over $60,000 worth of goods, but both the stores at Otsego and Plainwell fail to show more than $30,000 worth on hand. They are said to have carried off much of the stock. A full lot of goods appeared this morning with chattel mortgages, deeds and attachments. Norton has been virtually bankrupt for two years, and Wolff never had much capital.

Attend the Art Sale To-Night
At Redheffer & Koch's, 1000 Olive street.

A DISASTROUS BLAZE.

Destruction of a Hotel—Many Guests Seriously Injured.

EMPORIUM, Pa., November 30.—The Warner House, a new and elegant hotel, was destroyed by fire this morning. The fire was discovered about 2 o'clock, and burned so rapidly that the guests had much difficulty in escaping from the burning building. Three of these were dangerously injured by others slightly, injured by jumping to the pavement. The loss is $25,000; insurance, $10,000. Brown & Hyman's clothing store is damaged to the extent of $4,000, and Hogan's grocery store, $600. No insurance.

Among the most severely wounded are Edward Schultze, a cigar maker, severely burned; John B. Wilson, journalist, injured internally; David Hays, arms broken and face terribly cut, and Mrs. Norman Warner, leg broken.

A Town Scorched.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., November 30.—A large portion of the business part of Savannah, Wayne County, was destroyed by fire this morning. The loss is estimated at $30,000.

Residence Burned.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

PEORIA, ILL., November 30.—The residence of D. H. Johnson, near Henry, Ill., was burned last night. Loss $4,000.

HANGED AND SHOT.

Henry Mason, the Colored Murderer, Taken From Jail and Lynched.

LYNCHBURG, VA., November 30.—Henry Mason, the negro who killed J. R. Hammersly, white, with an ax near Campbell Court House a week ago, was taken from Jail at 2 a. m. to-day and hanged to a tree and his body riddled with bullets. The mob was painted all colors. A great many colored men were in the mob.

BELLEVILLE NEWS.

The Black & Hartman Smelting Company has purchased a tract of land one mile north of the Court House from Jacob Toursee for $6,876.

The funeral of the late George Hanzes took place to-day from St. Peter's Church to Walnut Hill Cemetery.

Henry Schureman and Wm. Skellet, coal operators, will reduce the price of coal mining after December 1, and others are expected to follow their example.

Jacob Ulrich, who keeps a wagon shop on East Main street, had an altercation with an employe named Fred Hartman, in which the former was stabbed in the side, but not seriously. Hartman was arrested.

SEVERED.

Judge Lubke granted decrees of divorce this afternoon in the following cases: George Mitler against Sarah Mitler; Sophie Wilhelm aga nst Karl F. Wildelm; Lizzie Braun against John Braun.

Attend the Art Sale To-Night
At Redheffer & Koch's, 1000 Olive street.

CITY PERSONALS.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Smith and Mrs. Dutcher have gone to Chicago for a few days.

Colonel Harkins, an old New York journalist of operatic fame, is now at Barnum's Hotel.

Mr. Morrison Renshaw has been seriously ill for several days, but is now convalescing rapidly.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter B. Watson, nee Fannie S. Jones, have returned from their wedding trip East.

ABOUT TOWN.

THERE were thirty-three cases on Judge White's docket to-day, all common street drunks and family disturbances. Fines ranged from $3 to $15.

VALLEY COUNCIL No. 438, Royal Arcanum, will give a musical and literary entertainment at the Pickwick Theater, Friday evening, December 4.

DURING the cattle convention last year a bold thief carried away a watch belonging to ex-Senator John Dorsey, and valued at $1,600, from his room in the Southern Hotel. The thief entered into negotiations with the Rocky Mountain Detective Company, who were authorized to offer him $400 for the watch, which was accepted. During this convention Senator Dorsey received an express package containing the watch.

THE Watson-Stuart Sand and Gravel Company was incorporated this afternoon, capital stock, $2,000. Shares held as follows: Selma Watson, twenty shares; John L. Stuart, nineteen shares; Alex M. Stuart, one share.

THE following judgments were rendered to-day in the Circuit Court: Eyre, Evans & Co. vs. Thos. Rhodes, judgment by default for $26,669 40; Robert L. Tackett et al. vs. Albert E. Bartlett, judgment for $841 60; Syenite Granite Company vs. John Hogan et al., special judgment for $648 90; B. Carley vs. M. McKeag, judgment for $685 69.

IN the case of the Chinese highbinders, charged with murdering Louis Johnson, which was called up for trial in the Criminal Court to-day, their attorney, Judge Laughlin, asked for a continuance for thirty days in order to obtain an impartial interpreter. The application was taken under advisement.

The Very Life Wrung Out of High Prices---Most Astonishing Values Ever Offered Before in St. Louis.

We are still the leaders in Overcoats. We are the only ones in St. Louis that sell a Boy's Good Overcoat for 98c; a Child's Suit for 79c; a Man's Heavy Overcoat for $1 24; a Man's Durable Worsted Suit for $2 45. Remember, we have

Thousands of Men's Suits and Overcoats at $3 50, $4 50, $7 50, $10, $12 50 and $15.
Thousands of Children's and Boys' Suits and Overcoats at $1 50, $2 50, $3 50, $5, $7 50 and $10.

Our thousands of customers already know that when we advertise bargains we advertise facts, and to those who have not patronized us as yet we will say that an investigation will readily convince them that they can save from $2 50 to $5 on every Suit or Overcoat by buying at the

GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin Avenue, Largest and Cheapest One-Price Clothing & Shoe House in the West. Open until 9 p. m.; Saturdays until 11 p. m.

New York Stock Quotations.

Corrected daily by Matthews & Whitaker, bankers and brokers, No. 121 N. Third street, St. Louis, Mo.

STOCKS.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Quotation.
Canada Southern	43¾	....	....	43¾
Canadian Pacific	57	57¾	57¼	57¼
Central New Jersey	68	67	66¾	66¾
Central Pacific	42	42¾	42¼	42¼
Chic. St. P., M. & O.	47	47	41¾	41¾
Chic. St. P., M. & O. pref.	103¾	104	103¾	104
Chic. Bur. & Quincy	134¼	....	....	134¼
Chic., Mil. & St. P.	93¾	95¾	94¾	94¾
Chic. & N. W. com.	118¾	119¾	118¾	119¾
Del., Lack. & W.	120¾	121¾	120¾	121
Del. & Hudson	97¾	97¾	97¼	97¼
Denver & Rio Grande	31¾	31¾	31¾	31¾
East Tenn. com	7¾	7¾	6¾	6¾
Erie com	13¾	13¾	13¾	13¾
Erie, pref	32¾	33¾	32¾	33¾
Erie 2d Mtg. Bds	88¾	88¾	88¾	88¾
Houston & Texas Central	37¾	....	....	37¾
Illinois Central	138	....	....	138
Ind., B. & Western	24¾	25	24¾	24¾
Lake Shore	86¾	87¾	86¾	86¾
Louisville & Nashville	48¾	49	48	48¾
Missouri Pacific	105¾	105¾	104¾	104¾
Missouri, Kansas & Texas	25¾	25¾	25¼	25¼
Manhattan Elevated	118	118¾	117¾	118¾
New York Central	104¾	105¼	104¾	105¼
Northern Pacific com	30	31	30	30¾
do pref.	63¾	64¼	63¾	63¾
Oregon & Transcontinental	35¾	36¾	35¾	36¼
Oregon Nav. & Trans. Co.	109¾	110¾	108	108
Ohio & Miss. com.	24¾	24¾	24	24¾
Pacific Mail	47	47¾	47	47¾
Philadelphia & Reading	23	23	23	23
St. L. & San F. 1st pfd.	97	97¾	97	97¾
St. L. & San F. 2d pfd.	47¾	....	....	47¾
St. P., M. & Manitoba	109	109¾	107¾	107¾
Texas Pacific	23¾	24	23¾	23¾
Texas & Pac Incomes	48	....	....	48
Union Pacific	55¾	56¼	55¾	56¼
Wabash, St. L. & P.	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾
Western U. T. Co.	77¾	78¼	77¾	78¼
West Shore Certificates	46	46	45¾	45¾
English Consols, cash	100 15-16	....	....	100 15-16
English Consols, account	100 15-16	....	....	100 15-16

COMMERCE.

MINNEAPOLIS MILLERS.

They Cover 3,000,000 Short and Advance Prices—Corn, Oats and Pork All Higher.

Special by Telegraph from Pickering & Co., Chicago, to the POST-DISPATCH.

CHICAGO, November 30, 1 P. M.—Weak cables caused a dull opening in our wheat market this morning, early sales being a half cent below Saturday's curb prices, but the dull, threatening weather and a reduction in estimates of the visible supply to nearly a quarter million bushels of grease to our shorts to buying, and the market became firmer. It was soon observed that Crosby was a heavy buyer of May wheat, and it was rumored that his purchases were for Minneapolis account. Early we confirmed during the forenoon. Prices rose 1 @1½c at the session fully three millions of short May wheat were bought in. This created a demand that carried the market up with a rush, 2c advance from the opening being paid. Towards the close the demand was increased by New York orders, and the market ruled active and strong right through and closed firm. Receipts at Western points were 486,700 bushels. The export movement was trifling.

Oats were firm and higher.

Corn opened quiet, but advanced sharply on a demand for fill—November and year shorts. Prospective rain helped the market and the strength in wheat had some effect. The market closed firm for January and May.

Provisions were firm and in good demand all round. For to-morrow receipts are estimated at 270 cars wheat, 550 cars corn, 150 cars oats and 40,000 hogs.

St. Louis Afternoon Board.

Wheat declined on a reported increase of 1,600,000 bu decrease in the visibly supply. Corn firm and more doing. Oats was firm.

WHEAT—November 82¾; December 83, closing at 82¾@¾ b. o.; January 94¾ nominal; February 91; May 91 @91¼ to 91 9-16@¾, closing 91 bid.

CORN—December 34¾ to 35¼@¾; January 34½; February 35@35¼ b., 35¾ a.; May 36¾ to 37@¾.

OATS—December ——; January ——; May 30¾ b., 30¾ a.

CLOSING PRICES 3 P. M.

Reported daily by S. W. COBB & CO., 317 and 319 Chamber of Commerce, St. Louis.

	Closing Saturday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing To-day.
WHEAT—				
Dec	84	85¾	83¼	85
Jan.	84¾	86	83¾	85¾
May	90¾	92¾	90	91¾ b
CORN—				
Nov	41¾	42¼	41¾	41¾
Dec	40¾	41¾	40¾	40¾ b
January	37¾	38¾	37¼	38¼
May	39¾	39¾	39¼	39¼ b
OATS—				
December	28¾	29	28¼	28¼
January	29¾	29¾	29¾	29¾
May	31¼	31¾	31¼	31¾ b
PORK—				
December	$8 80	$9 02½	$8 85	$8 90
January	9 85	10 10	9 85	10 00
February	10 00	10 20	10 00	10 12½
May	10 35	10 57½	10 35	10 47½
LARD—				
December	6.02½	6.07½	6.05	6.10
January	6.05@6.15	6.17½@20	6.15	6.17½ b
February	6.20@6.25	6.27½	6.25	6.25 b
March	6.30	6.37½	6.32½	6.35 b
SHORT RIBS—				
January	4.85	4.92½	4.90	4.90
February	4.92½	5.02½	4.97½	4.97½

NEW YORK—Wheat—December 82¾ a., January 84¾ a., February 86¾ a., March 88¾ a., May 91 @91¾ a. Corn—September, 1885, 58¾ a., January 50¾ a., February 49¾ a., May 48¾. Oats—December 29¾ b., February 31¾ b., March 32¾ b., May 35¾ b. Pork—September 1, 1885, 287, 497 bbls., against 253,854 same time last year; December 1, 1885, 167,397 bbls., against 100,098 bbls same time last year; stocks in compresses and warehouses today 67,086 bbls., against 51,220 bbls.

NET RECEIPTS, EXPORTS AND STOCKS—Net receipts at United States ports for 6 days 86,605 bales against 9 3,004 last week and 103,094 the same time last year; exports 58,216 bales, against 15,580 same time last year; stock 899,558 bales against 884,561 last year; net receipts since September 1, 2,523,917 bales.

CLOSING PRICES—3 P. M.

LIVERPOOL—Cotton 5½@; Orleans 5¾ d; sales 10,000 bales; Futures closed steady; November and January 5 7-64d; January and February 5 5 64d; February and March 5 11 64d; March and April 5 15-64d; April and May 5 17-64d; May and June 5 20-64d; June and July 5 24-64d; July and August 5 27-64d.

NEW YORK — Futures closed steady. November 9.61; December 9.38; January 9.46; February 9.56; March 9.68; April 9.78; May 9.90; June 10.03; July 10.09; August 10.15. Sales: 52,4 0 bales.

NEW ORLEANS — Futures at 12:10 p. m. dull; December 8.86, January 8.99, February 9.13, March 9.27, April 9.43, May 9.55, June 9.69, July 9.82, August ——, September 9.05. Sales 31,300 bales.

Wool, Hides, Furs, Etc.

WOOL—Receipts, 47,630 lbs. Quiet and steady. We quote spot sales:

MISSOURI, ILLINOIS, ARKANSAS, &c.		
Tubwashed—Choice	32	@34
Fair	30	@32
Low, dingy or coarse	26	@29
Unwashed—Choice medium clothing and coarse combing	24	
Fair medium clothing and combing	21	@23
Low do coarse	20	@22
Fine—Choice, light	22	@25½
Fine—Heavy	17	@20
Hard burry, coated and chaffy	14	@16½

Slightly do do 2@3c off; untied or broken fleece 1@2c less.

KANSAS, NEBRASKA, IOWA, &c.		
Unwashed—Choice light bright medium	22	
Fair to good medium	19	@21
Brashy or earthy medium	16	@18
Carpet stock or coarse	15	@17
Fine—Choice light bright	20	
Fine—Heavy or earthy	17	@19

TEXAS, SOUTHWEST, ARKANSAS, &c.		
Spring clip—Choice light fine, 12 months' growth	23	@25½
Choice light medium, 12 months' growth	20	@22
Choice light medium, 6 to 8 months' growth	19	@21
Choice light fine, 6 to 8 months' growth	18	@20
Sandy or burry 2@3c less. Hard burry	15	@16
Short and sandy Western	12	@16
Carpet stock and low	12	@14
Fall or new wool as to shrinkage for old 10—are 6c@7c.

HIDES—Quiet, but steady. We quote: Green salted at 9½ @10c; dry flint or stags 5c; green uncured 4c to 6c; dry do cured 6½c; glue stock 3c; dry flint No. 1 3lc. No. 2 15c; bulls or stags 10½c; dry or tanned 20c; glue stock 6c. Deacons and shearlings 40@50c; dry do damaged 20@25c; glue stock 3c; dry flint No. 1 15c. No. 2 12

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

PUBLISHED BY

THE DISPATCH PUBLISHING CO.

JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

[Entered at the Post Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.]

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Subscribers who fail to receive their paper regularly will confer a favor upon us by reporting the same to this office by postal card.

THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid	$1 00
Six months, postage paid	60

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed

POST-DISPATCH,
515 and 517 Market street.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1885.

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

GRAND (Market, bet. 5th & 6th)—Woman Against Woman.
OLYMPIC (Olivy, bet. Walnut and Elm)—A Rag Baby.
POPE'S (Ninth and Olive streets)—Dooly.
PEOPLE'S (Sixth and Walnut streets)—The Boy Scout of the Sierras.
STANDARD (7th and Walnut)—Nobody's Claim.
CASINO (4th, near Walnut)—Variety Entertainment.
PALACE MUSEUM (6th, near Franklin av)—1 p. m. to 10 p.m.
PANORAMA (14th and Washington av.)—Siege of Paris.
MUSEUM OF FINE ARTS (19th and Locust sts)—Open daily.
STAR RINK—Nineteenth and Pine.
CRESCENT RINK—Compton avenue and Olive street.
EXPOSITION SKATING ACADEMY—Thirteenth and Olive.
WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY—Lecture.

MATINEES TO-MORROW.

STANDARD—Nobody's Claim.
CASINO—Variety Entertainment.

THE prohibition victory in Atlanta may look just now like a little cloud no bigger than a man's hand, but if the cause in Missouri had such leaders as it has in Georgia, that little cloud would cast its shadow over the exultant Democracy of the State at the next election.

THE heirs to several hundreds of mythical millions will hold a meeting in this city to-morrow. There is a large fortune awaiting them if they will devote to honest work the energy which they are wasting in a wild goose chase after a property which exists only in the imagination of the very sharp people who are working the business.

THE annual election of the Board of Directors of the Exposition comes off to-morrow. If there is any objection to any member of the present board on the part of either the stockholders, the exhibitors or the general public, we have not heard of it. The recent season has been a most striking success, and the experience gained in conducting it has been of great value. We move to make the re-election of the old board unanimous.

LOGAN seems to be as near to the Vice-Presidency now as he was last November. It is hard to understand how he can be elected President of the Senate until after he is sworn in as a Senator, and it is hard to understand how he can be sworn in as a Senator unless the oath is administered to him by the President of the Senate. Of course, a party which got along very comfortably for four years with a fraudulent President would have little difficulty in reconciling itself to a fraudulent Vice-President, but it is better to take no unnecessary risks.

THE ladies of the Primrose League, duchesses countesses and such like, took so vigorous a part in the pending English elections that they are threatened with prosecution for violations of the election law, and Sir CHARLES DILKE accuses them of having indulged in the most scandalous and venomous misrepresentations of his social escapades. This foretaste of woman in politics is not calculated to stimulate the zeal with which some of Sir CHARLES' Radical friends demand woman suffrage as a means of purifying, elevating and refining the tone of political contests.

SOME idea of the spread of socialism in Russia is given by the roster of prisoners on trial in Warsaw for their connection with the socialistic propaganda and with attempts on the life of the Czar. The list includes a justice of the peace, a colonel in the army, a civil engineer, a military engineer, a professor in the university, a rich land owner and several journalists. Socialism which recruits its cause among such people can not be extirpated by persecution. It is a protest against despotism, and it will continue to exist until some concession is made to freedom and justice.

FOLLOWING the bad example of the Mayor of Galveston, the Mayor of Louisville has indulged in a pugilistic encounter of the most thrilling description. As the dignity of the mayoralty represents the highest authority of the local law, and as the Mayor is in every city the ultimate conservator of the peace, the least that can be expected of a mayor before laying aside the city ordinances and taking up the Marquis of Queensberry's rules, is that he should resign his office. If he has inadvertently neglected to do this beforehand, there is no objection to his doing it after the fight is over.

THE unbroken silence of disgust which has followed the appointment of DICK LANCASTER as Surveyor of the Port is the most eloquent form of condemnation that could be visited on this most unfit appointment. When the President rejected the party preference of Boston, which called for the appointment of BUTLER, and gave the position to SALTONSTALL, the friends of SALTONSTALL defended the choice on the ground that he had an unblemished reputation and had been too good a Democrat to go into the Ben Butler camp. In Philadelphia the removal of HUIDEKOPER and the appointment of HARRITY are defended on the evidence that HUIDEKOPER had made a political machine of his office and had required partisan service of the carriers. But there is not a word to be said in defense of the Lancaster appointment. No answer is made to the charges and accusations against him; no friend, no defender, no supporter arises to explain his record. He has got his pay, but he is not to be envied in the solitude with which his promotion has surrounded him.

THE ENGLISH ELECTIONS.

The part Mr. PARNELL has played in the pending election may make him the liberator of Ireland or subject his prestige to a total eclipse. The manifesto in behalf of the Tories will be lauded to the skies and he will stand in Ireland but little lower than a supernaturally inspired leader, if the elections bring him that coercive balance of power which is his object and from which Ireland has reason to expect so much. But if the elections make the Tories strong enough to disappoint and defy him, the disappointment to his people will be so bitter that all his patriotic labors and successes, culminating in such a defeat, will go for naught, and exaggerated blame will be heaped on the manifesto.

Hence the interest that attaches to the elections of this week, which are to indicate the final result with sufficient clearness. It does not appear from the situation at the end of last week's elections that either Tories or Liberals are by any means sure of a plurality large enough to render PARNELL powerless. Mr. GLADSTONE still confidently claims for the Liberals a plurality over the Tories, when the elections are all over in Scotland and Wales, and only the most sanguine of the Tories now think of claiming more than a plurality of twenty or thirty over the Liberals. The greatest danger that confronts Mr. PARNELL now seems to be an alleged understanding or agreement between GLADSTONE and SALISBURY for a co-operation of both parties against PARNELL, in case either party takes office on a mere plurality. It is said that this arrangement was GLADSTONE'S response to the manifesto against the Liberals, and that it means defeat for all of PARNELL'S plans in any event.

We are not so sure of that. It may mean delay, with half-way measures of Home Rule, but there is so much of the leaven of democracy working in both English parties, both are so hampered with unruly factional groups, and both are so thoroughly committed to a reorganization of all the great divisions of the United Kingdom on Home Rule principles, that PARNELL'S followers, with a substantial balance of power in their hands, can hardly fail to be without great influence or without opportunity to shape the reorganization so as to obtain substantial benefits for Ireland.

WE commend the militia fund to the liberality of every public-spirited citizen. That a well-regulated militia is, in the language of our Federal Constitution, "necessary to the security of a free State" is a self-evident proposition to every man who prefers citizen soldiers for the enforcement of order in times of peace, and for national defense in sudden emergencies, to a standing army. While our patriotic young men give their time and services so freely without pay to this necessary safeguard of democratic institutions, it will not do for the older and wealthier citizens to shut up their pocket-books, solely because Congress and the State Legislatures have failed to make the appropriations which they should have voted to this purpose. That is not the American way of maintaining the Republic and its institutions—to let them fail merely because Legislatures are remiss and public money is wanting. The sum asked from private contributors to maintain our admirable and efficient militia organization is but a mere pittance compared with what some States pay, or with what Congress ought to pay. The presence of such an organized and equipped body as the St. Louis militia, though it be never called out, is worth, as a mere preventive, a hundred times as much to the city and State as the whole cost of maintaining it. Rather than see it disband for want of the pitiful aid asked for, our business men could well afford to contribute a much larger sum.

THE facility with which new trials are granted to persons convicted of murder makes it necessary to provide by law for the preservation of evidence. FRANKIE MORRIS, formerly an inmate of a cowboy dance house at Dodge City, a woman whose life has been notoriously wicked and cruel, was convicted by the most conclusive evidence and by the unanimous verdict of an unprejudiced jury in Kansas of having poisoned her old mother with arsenic to obtain $15,000 of insurance which she had taken out on the old woman's life. Obtaining a new trial on some flimsy pretense, her friends have managed to get two of the most important witnesses against her out of the reach of the State authorities, and in the absence of the essential witnesses the prosecution has had to dismiss the case against her. Thus justice is baffled and defeated in one of the clearest cases of murder in the annals of crime. Yet all the constitutional requirements and all the requirements of a fair trial were complied with when those two witnesses had once given their testimony in court confronting the accused. An official record of that testimony, preserved by law for use in any new trial granted, would have prevented the defense from using the merciful concession of a new trial merely as an opportunity for defeating justice by spiriting away or murdering witnesses.

THE suggestion that the Water Gas bill should impose harder terms on the company—terms which would prevent its acceptance—seems to be made in the interest of the two old companies alone. Especially is this true of the suggestion that the ordinance should be so amended as to put the city in the attitude of compelling the Water Gas Company to invade the territory of the $2 50 monopoly with $1 25 gas without waiting for further enabling legislation or the removal of pending injunctions. The ordinance, as we understand it, was carefully drawn with a view of protecting the city from the very legal complications and responsibilities which the proposed amendment might involve her in. It is easy to understand why a $2 50 gas monopoly wants harder terms imposed on a $1 25 competitor, but not so easy to see what the city or people would gain by thus shutting out the only competitor that offers to enter the field. If the only fear is that the Water Gas Company will not begin immediately to compete with the old companies all over the city, the fact still remains, as a sufficient answer to all these transparent objections, that the bill grants no exclusive or obstructive concession whatever, and leaves us perfectly free to confer the same concession on any other company that will do better things for us or give us competition where the Water Gas people fail to give it.

ANNOUNCEMENT is made in a credible shape that the money has been subscribed in England to complete the Mexican National Road. As the amount required is only seven millions of dollars, the only difficulty in raising such a sum would be the difficulty of making a satisfactory arrangement with the holders of existing securities. The road is the most direct and cheapest between the productive center of Mexico and the great industrial region of the United States, and the people of St. Louis have every reason to wish it success. It will divert a great deal of trade away from the Mexican Central, and while the Mexican National connects at Laredo with the Gould system, which treats St. Louis badly, the Mexican Central connects with the Santa Fe, which does not deal with us at all.

Convict Labor.

From the Boston Herald.

The abolition of convict labor in the prisons of New York by a popular vote left two courses open to the State. It must either maintain the prisoners in expensive idleness, or establish productive industries in the prisons and conduct them on State account. The latter alternative was tried at Auburn, and the warden expresses himself as satisfied with the results attained. The goods manufactured have been sold in open market, at the prices fully up to those obtained for free labor. There is, of course, competition with honest workmen, but the effect is not to force down the wages of the latter, as was done under the contract system. And for the most part, branches of industry are selected in which there is the least likelihood of helping to glut the market. This is substantially the English system, except that there profit from labor, or even self-support for the convicts, is less an object than the formation in them of habits of work, and the impartment of skill in some trade that will enable them to earn an honest living on their release.

Wet or Dry.

From the Chicago Herald.

The Prohibition leaders at the North, who, in the face of many discouragements, have held to the belief that they would some day be able to force this issue on the country, will perceive in the movement at the South a greater encouragement than they have yet had in any other quarter. With such prospects as are now opened it is probable that Prohibition will cut a conspicuous figure in the campaign of 1888; that it will lead to complications in various States both North and South which will upset the calculations of politicians; that the solid South and the solid North will be rent asunder, and that in the excitement of a contest bound to stir the emotions and appeal to the prejudice or intelligence of the negro the black vote will final ly establish itself as a permanent and powerful factor in our politics.

Queer Things, Indeed.

From the Buffalo Express.

A Cleveland clergyman who used to preach in Buffalo thinks it a terrible indictment against the theater that—as he says—"vice is no drawback to the popularity of the actor. When Joseph Emmet became known as a confirmed drunkard he drew twice the audience he had before." Verily, brother; and when Parson Downs of Boston became notorious as a convicted adulterer, his congregation quadrupled in size. Popular taste is indeed a queer and degraded thing.

MEN OF MARK.

NAT GOODWIN will be 30 his next birthday.

J. K. EMMETT was born forty-four years ago.

LAWRENCE BARRETT is in his forthy-seventh year.

MAHONE will not reform. He is to be a railroad man.

CANON FARRAR was born in India, and as a boy resided on the Isle of Man.

GEO. W. CABLE has sold at private sale his residence at New Orleans for $5,500.

AN Indian and a Chinaman are partners in the stationary business in a Nebraska town.

GEN. ROBERT TOOMBS recently defined a fanatic as "a man with big notions and very small points.

TWENTY-EIGHT students of Brown University teach in the evening schools of Providence and its vicinity.

EX CONGRESSMAN LEVI MAISH of New York and his mother and uncle all celebrated their birthday last Sunday.

ALONZO HAYWARD, a California millionaire, last week gave $3,000 to a man who had befriended him many years ago.

M. PASTEUR modestly declines all the ovations and other distinctions tendered him for his success in cholera inoculation.

AN aged Italian physician has an infallible remedy for cholera which he applies in the shape of a pill or externally. He declines to reveal his methods.

THE French doctor who sent poison ed game to a rival "by way of a practical joke," has been sentenced to eight years' imprisonment with hard labor.

DR. FODTSCHENKO, the Russian traveler, has discovered in Turkestan an efficient remedy for typhus and cholera in the plant known as as Ferula sumbul.

MR. ISAAC CALDWELL, the distinguished lawyer of Louisville who died on Wednesday morning, was one of the greatest poker players in the State of Kentucky.

FOUR artisans have been appointed Justices of the Peace in England this year through the instrumentality of Mr. Trevelyan as Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster.

THE colonelcy of the Royal Horse Guards, vacant by the death of Lord Strathnarn, has been held by thirteen dukes, three marquises, four earls, two viscounts, two barons, one knight and one commoner.

IT is stated that Governor Cameron of Virginia will return to St. Petersburg upon the expiration of his term and will probably be a candidate for Congress from that district next fall.

THE late Elisur Wright not only compiled excellent tables for a basis for life insurance, but forty years ago he translated the fables of La Fontaine into what is still accepted as the standard English version.

JUDGE HILTON, the unsuccessful successor of A. T. Stewart, never walks the sidewalks or streets, but keeps a carriage and pair at beck and call from the time he leaves his residence in the morning until his return in the evening.

IT is said that Lonsfellow and Fields were making a short pedestrian tour some years ago, when, to their surprise, an angry bull stood in their pathway evidently determined to demolish both poet and publisher. "I think," said Fields, "that it will be prudent to give the reviewer a wide margin." "Yes," replied the poet, "it appears to be a disputed passage."

THE trappings of the white elephant of King Thebaw are said to be worth a million dollars. The royal regalia are reputed the most valuable in the world, especially in rubies and sapphires. Ruby mines exist just north of Mandalay, to which no European has ever been allowed access.

THE Emperor of Germany has consented to the liberation on heavy bail of the aged Polish poet Krasowski, who some time ago was sentenced to several years' imprisonment in a fortress for complicity in the betrayal of military secrets to foreign governments, especially those of France and Russia.

THIS professional item appears in the Texas Courier-Record of Medicine: "Dr Palmer, who, in a fight with Dr. Calloway at Blooming Grove, had the end of his finger bitten off by the latter, is in a critical condition owing to blood poisoning having set in. The finger was amputated, but it is thought this will not save his life."

WOMEN OF THE WORLD.

MLLE. DE LESSEPS is her father's confidential Secretary.

MME. JANAUSCHEK was born at Prague in 1832, and is 53 years old.

MRS. WILLIAM LEONARD died at Corry, Pa., last Monday, at the age of 106.

THE new town Dunsleth, D. T., offers $300 and a town lot to the first boy baby born in the place.

MRS. DEBORAH POWERS of Troy, N. Y., is 95 years old, and at the head of the banking firm of D. Powers & Sons.

PROF. JOEL HARRIS has broken off his best incisor in a deadly struggle with a slice of cake presented him by the Georgia girls of Vassar.

JENNY LIND will sing in public next summer for the first time in twenty-two years. Her appearance will be for a charitable purpose.

MISS TILLIE MAHONE, a daughter of the Virginia Senator, will make her debut at Washington this winter. She is pretty and attractive.

THE Military Journal of St. Petersburg publishes a Ministerial decree ordering that each of the battalions of chasseurs shall have a midwife on the staff.

THE first wife of Senator-elect Mitchell of Oregon washes clothes in Oil City to help out her present husband, who is a poorly paid laborer. She got the divorce.

THE employment of women under ground is prohibited in Great Britain, but the British Factory Inspector reports that 4,498 are at work in mining operations above ground.

A NORTH CAROLINA woman just dead is said to have been 130 years old. Persons knowing the habits of women in telling their age estimate that this North Carolina woman must have been at least 750.

IT is announced that Mme. Montigny-Remaury, the well-known pianiste, is about to be married to M. De Serres, the Director of the Austrian Society of State Railways, and that she will retire from the profession.

MME. MODJESKA has sent to the New Orleans Exposition a doll dressed by her own hands as the Scottish Queen Mary, and the costume is an exact copy in miniature of her own dress in the last act of "Mary Stuart."

AT the opening of the new bridge at Ballater, Scotland, a few days ago, Princess Beatrice wore a costume of flaring crimson, with a bonnet of green and bronze. This, as Truth thinks, was "quite a triumph of bad taste."

A NEVADA lady has recently took unfair advantage of her husband's indulgence in a bath to elope with another man. The bereaved one expressed the conviction that she had been waiting for the opportunity for months.

THE editor of the Sverigs Tidning has been sent to prison for five years because he published something that was considered insulting to the Princess Royal of Sweden. Perhaps the scoundrel accused that gentle lady of using evening papers for her bustle.

THERE died in Wallingford, Conn., lately, a spinster who remained one on account of a curious pre-nuptial quarrel. The day had been fixed for her wedding, and she and her intended husband began to put down carpets in the house they were to occupy. She wanted them laid one way, he another. They quarreled and separated. He died shortly afterward, and the lady never married.

THE Vice-President's widow is left in comfortable circumstances. She has herself largely taken charge of the private business affairs of her husband and has managed them with signal success—"much better," the Vice-President used to say, "than I could have done myself." The residence where Mr. Hendricks died, in Indianapolis, is worth $10,000, and he had other property in the city, valued, all told, at about $60,000. His life was also insured in a considerable sum. Altoge her it is estimated that he will leave $100,000, the bulk of which represents the earnings of his professional career.

THE METROPOLITAN PRESS.

What the Editors of the New York Journals Are Saying This Morning.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, November 30.—The WORLD says: "One of the principal protests of the professional peace advocates against war is its enormous expense and the burden it imposes upon the tax paying people. But the cost of keeping the peace in European countries is estimated at not less than $75,000,000 a year. It is one of the ruinous anomalies of the alleged civilization of this 'supposed' nineteenth century, that those millions of money may be drawn from the people to hold millions of men in readiness to be butchered at the beck of a few gentlemen sitting around a green baize covered table, whenever these gentlemen, over their cigars, come to the conclusion that another great mass of more common men shall be sent into the field to be slaughtered."

THE TIMES.

The Times in its editorial columns says: "The decision of the President not to go with his Cabinet from the seat of government to attend the funeral of the late Vice-President will be generally approved as prudent. Though this minor question is now settled, the intense interest it excited for awhile is evidence of the peculiary unfortunate condition of the law covering the presidential succession, a situation that can't be too soon revised and regulated."

THE SUN.

The Sun says: "A dispatch dated at Fremont and signed by R. B. Hayes is published in some of the newspapers. It contains an expression of sympathy for Mrs. Hendricks in the great and sudden calamity that has come to her. There is no decent man in the United States who does not sympathize with Mrs. Hendricks, but the person whose name is signed to the dispatch is not to be counted among decent men. And there is a peculiar impropriety and impudence in his intruding himself upon that sacred scene in Indiana."

THE TRIBUNE.

The Tribune says: "To some of the Democratic press it seems a smart thing to say that the Tribune suggests Logan's being put in the Vice-President's chair, because the people refused to put him there. It is a poor gag. In a national election, covering a continent peopled by fifty-five millions or souls, it is true that Logan fell short of the Vice-Presidency by the whole of 1,100 votes, but it is the political organization controuling the Senate which is now united upon to select from its numbers; and of that organization General Logan was the overwhelming choice."

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

A CHURCH MEMBER—Eugene Sue, the author of "The Wandering Jew," was certainly a man.

BILLIARDIST—Vigaux made the biggest run ever made at billiards, scoring 1,400 in a game played with Siosson.

Bad Story From Rochester.

From the Buffalo Express.

There is an awful little story going the rounds to the effect that a Rochester little girl suffering from diphtheria was snatched from the brink of the grave by lager beer taken as a beverage. If this legend stands the test of investigation the enacting clause may as well be regarded as stricken out of "juvenile temperance work."

Kissing and Courting.

From the New York Tribune.

An Ulster County young woman sued a young man for kissing her one hundred times against her will, and lost her case. The court probably thought that a young woman who could keep such an accurate tally of the kisses given and received could have arrested proceedings before one hundred were given, if she had been very anxious to do so.

Hard on the Heathen Chinee.

Prohibition Speaker at Atlanta.

We shall bury King Alcohol so deep that grave robbers will not look for him, and we propose to bury him like the Welsh woman wanted the devil buried, with his face downward, so if he comes to life and scratches to get out the more he scratches the deeper he will go.

A Sudden Wedding.

From the Chicago Tribune.

Charles Dennis of Centralia invited Algora Porter to take a drive with him. She consented. During the trip he suddenly said: "Algora, what's the matter with getting married?" "Nothing at all," she said, and the Rev. Ravenscroft of Salem was awakened from his midnight slumbers to marry them.

The Most Effective Method.

From the Pittsburg Dispatch.

Fie, Mollie, fie!
Come, now, I'll buy
A sealskin sacque and muff beside.
Then Mollie dries
Her dear eyes,
And she is sweetly mollified.

Missourians Vindicated.

From the Chicago News.

We see that Colonel Switzler, the new Chief of the Bureau of Statistics, gets out a biennial report every three weeks. Yet there are envious and malicious persons who claim that Missourians can't do anything but sit on dry goods boxes and whittle and chew plug tobacco.

Georgia Arithmetic.

From the Atlanta Constitution.

"Defeat," says the Philadelphia Times, "is the political shower that purifies the party atmosphere." A big shower every four years will purify the Republican party in about ten decades. There is nothing the matter with this arithmetic.

Then She May Get Kissed Again.

Clara Belle in Cincinnati Enquirer.

Now, a girl ought, above all things, to train her mouth to a pleasant configuration after being kissed, so that, no matter how unexpectedly she may be maltreated in that way, she may be left in a condition of all possible witchery.

The Real Article.

From Life.

Picture dealer (exhibiting a picture)—"That, sir, is a genuine Turner."

Purchaser—"Yes, I see. You have to turn it around a good many times before you can make out what it is.

A Busy Parisian Journalist.

From the Paris (Texas) Balance Wheel.

We've got no time to waste on obscure mud hens like the Mirror, the mental paralytic of the Mail, the double-distilled idiot of the Decatur Post, and the arrogant and self-conceited dude of the Mail.

Woman in Journalism.

From the Alta California.

Vital statistics show that men bear pain with less fortitude than women, that they die earlier and oftener, and are a scurvy lot anyhow.

Infringement on Tom Sawyer.

Burdette in the Brooklyn Eagle.

If you have a piece of work you can't get done just give a party of boys an idea that you don't want them to do it.

How Should the Parson Know?

From the Fall River Advance.

When a man is about to be married to a girl with cold feet the parson ought to allow a discount on usual prices.

Or Will Leave Them in Peace.

From the Philadelphia Times.

Perhaps the divorce mill be temporarily stopped by offering a reward to men who loved their own wives.

Unless You're Sleigh-Riding.

From the Philadelphia Call.

"A miss is as good as a mile," and a great deal better. You can't kiss a mile.

AN EXCITING CONTEST.

The Wrangle Over the Location of Chillicothe's Post Office.

Special Correspondence of the POST-DISPATCH.

CHILLICOTHE, Mo., November 29.—We have just passed through an exciting contest for the removal of the Post Office from its present location to one more central. In 1871 the Republicans subsidized the Postmaster, by giving him an office rent free, to keep it on the off side of town from business, where business otherwise would not have gone. The plan seemed to work well under Grant's administration. Complaint was made, but the sale of location went unrebuked. Nearly three years ago the owner of some vacant ground north and west from the square made a proposition to build a new office on the north end of his vacant ground, representing it as a suitable location, and arranging for an agent of the Post Office Department to be sent to approve the site. The agent came in a quiet way, and reported favorably on the location. The people seemed it useless to apply for redress until a change of administration was had, but in June last they presented a petition of nearly 500 responsible patrons of the office to the Postmaster-general, asking him to instruct the new Postmaster to remove it to a central location as soon as possible. Judge of our surprise when, instead of finding our Senators ready and willing to represent the will of four-fifths of the patrons of the office, we found them both arrayed against us. A short time ago, however, Senator Vest was made to understand that he was

ON THE WRONG SIDE,

and in a sullen, bad-tempered kind of a way, withdrew formally from the contest. Up to this date Senator Cockrell has not been heard from.

We had imagined the Post Office Department of the United States was established for public convenience; and that while the Republicans in their mal-administration of the Government had time and again trampled upon all such usages and ideas, we never once bought a Democratic Senator would have been a party to the perpetuation of such an outrage. Things have changed in the administration of Post Office affairs. We have an inspector, one of President Cleveland's recent appointees, here, investigating with doors open to all. He heard publicly the pro and con of the whole question. And what would you think the complaint is now? Nothing less than this: That the inspector did not treat the question fairly; that instead of saving good policy as he did, he should have heard the parties to one side at a time, secretly. Verily, then, people have much to learn ye of true Democratic methods. The inference from such a complaint at least is that they feel the necessity of saying things privately which they dare not do publicly.

THE COAL MINE TROUBLES.

No Further Violence at Coal Valley—Non-Union Men at Work.

PITTSBURG, November 30.—Contrary to expectations there was no trouble at Coal Valley to-day. The strikers assembled about the Pine Run mines in large numbers this morning, but no attempt at violence was offered when the non-unionists went to work. All is quiet now, and, as the strikers say they will not disturb the men working, no serious trouble is apprehended. The Lynn mines at Pine Run are the only ones in operation, and there is a dispute as to the number of men at work. The operators claim fifty men went in this morning, but the strikers declare there were not more than fifteen.

MAGNETIZED CABLES.

Tests of the Elevated Railroad Structures of the Brooklyn Bridge.

NEW YORK, November 30.—Tests made of the elevated railroad structures of the Brooklyn bridge cables show that they are all magnetized. Induced magnetism from the earth is supposed to have been fixed by the jarring to which these structures have been subjected while under magnetic influence. The bottom parts of all pieces of iron thus magnetized show north polarity, and the cables of the bridge are said to be magnetized in the direction of their diameter, the upper surface of the cables throughout their length being of south polarity and lower surface north.

MR. W. C. STEIGERS

Will call on merchants wishing to contract for advertising in the POST-DISPATCH. Telephone 555.

AMUSEMENTS.

Handsome Lillian Russell at Pope's—Attractions at the Other Theaters.

Those who went to see Lillian Russell at Pope's last night were gratified. Those who went to hear comic opera were disappointed. It was comic enough from the standpoint of an attempt at opera, but it may be called an operatic performance only by courtesy. Among the first requirements of an opera company is capacity to sing and to act in a slight degree, or as least the power of doing one or the other. These essentials were utterly overlooked in the selection of the Russell company. Seriously, the performance was wretched, taken altogether. While "Polly of Ours" is not of much consequence, musically it possesses several jingling airs, is full of action, and has fine possibilities in a spectacular way, but the opera was not given a chance. All the life and music were crushed out of it by the company. Leaving out of account Miss Russell it would be invidious to draw comparisons where all were bad. Mr. Fred Solomon was the only member of the company who made any attempt to act his part. His General Bangs was the only part that possessed any merit at all, and that was slight. Mr. Al Henderson was poor as Colonel Tressell. Mr. Ellis Ryse was worse as Sergeant Pipeday, and Mr. Laurent was execrable as Private Mangle. He seemed to be just as much taken with his own appearance as the audience was disgusted with his performance.

* * *

Whatever Lillian Russell may have been when she was the rage in the East as one of the prettiest women of the American stage, and whatever those who saw her then may say that she has lost the grace and charm of her early youth, she is undoubtedly a beautiful woman still. The slender, graceful girl has given place to the matured, voluptuous woman. Her face is lovely in features and contour, and her figure that of a fully developed, handsome woman, not fat, but full, plump and rounded in outline. She wore an exquisite white satin costume in the last act, and as a member of the regiment, her costume was a becoming, closely-fitting jacket, and short skirt of blue velvet trimmed with red and gold braid. Miss Russell's voice is light and is not always true, but she sang cleverly last night and had every song encored. "Polly" will be repeated until Wednesday night, inclusive, when "Blue Tail fly" will be put on for the rest of the week, with Lillian Russell in the part of Pocoe.

* * *

Hoyt's musical farce, "A Rag Baby," drew an immense audience to the Olympic last night and kept it laughing uproariously by its clever and entertaining absurdities. The claim of its author that it is only laughable nonsense has been fully substantiated. It is pure nonsense, but it seems to catch the popular fancy. Frank Daniel's impersonation of Old Sport is extremely clever and amusing. The company has been changed somewhat from that of last year and is fairly capable for the work to do. Mr. Julian Mitchell takes the part of Tony Joy in place of Charles Drew, and Miss Annie Leslie's part of Venus is cleverly taken by Flora Walsh.

* * *

N. S. Wood appeared at the People's last night in his sensational melodrama, "The Boy Scout," to full gallery and balcony, and a light lower house. The play is of the dime novel variety and is full of sensational scenes and incidents. A full military band, a trained donkey and two horses introduced on the stage, add to his spectacular effects.

* * *

A sensational border drama also opened an engagement at the Standard yesterday afternoon, and played to packed houses at both matinee and evening performances. The attraction is Locke's five-act drama, "Nobody's Claim," in which Mr. Joseph J. Dowling and Miss Sadie Hasson take the principal roles of Ward Deveraux and Madge, the latter introducing a number of songs. Max Arnold and Charles A. Mason, also introduce musical specialties. Matinee performances will be given on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Saturday and Sunday.

* * *

The Casino opened the week yesterday afternoon with one of the best programmes which has been presented at this house during the season. The programme commences with a birthday surprise, which is in reality the first part of a minstrel bill, a number of songs and specialties being introduced by the Moreland Sisters, Effie Leary, Emma Bretto, Misses Norman, Allen and Avery and Gibbons and Doyle, Messrs. Morris, Rose and Leary. One of the cleverest features of the opening was the singing of little Cora Moreland. This little girl has a remarkable soprano voice for one of her age. It is strong and clear, and has a surprisingly good quality. In the solo were Effie Leary in vocal selections; James and Lillie Rose in songs, dances, reels and medleys, in which also Lillie gave a clever skipping-rope dance; Emma Bretto, Gibbons and Doyle, Miss Phila J. Allen, an exceptionably capable contralto vocalist, in good selections; Frank Morris and Carrie Avery in a laughable comedy sketch, "Servants' Jubilee;" Beretto and Vidello in a fine double horizontal bar act, and at the close Sig. Luigi Del' Orco, who is a musical wonder in his way, and imitates a full orchestra by playing upon two instruments of his own invention. The usual matinees will be given during the week.

Notes.

The burlesque pugilistic contest between "Zip," the what is it, and the Leopard Boy at the Palace Museum is intensely amusing and will be a feature of the performances this week. Millie Thompson, the "moss-haired" lady, "Toi," the albino girl, and other wonderful curiosities may be seen in the museum, while the stage show includes some entertaining specialties.

The reduction of the price of admission to "The Siege of Paris" places this enormous and realistic work of art within reach of all. It presents a superb view of Paris and its environs at the time of the siege.

The benefit entertainment tendered Mrs. Wm. Kreiter at the Pickwick will take place to-morrow evening, and an unusually selected programme, given by some of the best talent in the city, will be presented. Among those who will participate are Messrs. E. M. Bowman, Alfred G. Robyn, W. M. Forteous, John H. Scott, and Mrs. Peebles, Mrs. Hardy, Miss Mary Hogan and the Hasford Club.

The closing performance of the Tsalia Opera Company was given at the Grand last night, when "Die Schone Ungarin" was presented for the benefit of Mr. Max Luise. The recipient was given a warm welcome at the hands of his friends and a thoroughly enjoyable performance was given. The house was packed. To-night at the Grand that charming and talented actress Effie Ellsler will open an engagement for the rest of the week in "Woman against Woman," a play in which Miss Ellsler is said to have made her greatest success. Miss Ellsler will be supported by Mr. Frank Weston and a carefully selected company.

HANGED HIMSELF.

A Suicide in North St. Louis Caused by Whisky.

Early this morning another addition was made to the remarkably long list of suicides of 1885. The victim this time was Wm. D. Smith, a German, 37 years old, married, and residing in the Niggemeyer building in the rear of No. 3515 N. Broadway. At 8 o'clock this morning Smith's wife discovered his body hanging under a portico suspended by a clothesline from a rafter. The space was rather limited and the feet were touching the floor, showing that the victim was very determined on self-murder. When a POST-DISPATCH reporter reached the scene the house was crowded with visitors and the corpse was resting on a small sofa, the eyes covered from view by a coarse veil. His wife said that on retiring quietly yesterday afternoon, slapped her two or three times, threw the clothes line, that he hung himself with, at her, and struck her on the nose with a piece of stove wood. This was in the afternoon and was followed later in the evening by a violent spree, when he locked the doors of our upstairs room, put the keys in his pockets and loosed very threateningly at his wife. She escaped by a rear door, leading into the basement, out into an alley and sought protection at a neighboring lady's house, where she spent the night. Smith has been for four years a hostler in the St. Louis Street Railroad Company's stables, but was dismissed about tores months ago, and has since been out of employment. He was given to drinking and of late had frequent quarrels with his wife. His wife says that his idleness has not made him vaust in any way. He leaves five young children.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

Meeting of the City Council—The Police No. Paid Yet.

The mystery surrounding the murder of ex-Mayor Bowman is still unraveled, and the prospects for clearing it up are becoming less promising every day. The reward of $3,000 offered for the capture and conviction of the murderer will be, it is expected, increased to $7,000 or $8,000 before the end of next week, and the citizens generally are of the opinion that the large inducements offered will cause one of the conspirators, if the murder was the outcome of a conspiracy, to make a confession. If, however, the murder was committed by some one who cherished a private grudge, there is very little hope entertained that the murderer will be brought to justice.

D. Sullivan, a railroad man, who had his head cut off on the Cairo Short Line about two weeks ago and was sent to the County Hospital, claims that he was turned out of that institution before his wrist was half healed. He related the story of his wrongs this morning to Supervisor Timlin, and, as Sullivan is a resident of this city the supervisor intends to take the authorities of that institution to task for their action.

The suit for slander brought by Mrs. Crow against Mrs. Loftus has been dismissed by Squire Shea for want of prosecution.

A delegation of citizens of this city will leave to-night for Indianapolis to attend the funeral of Vice-President Hendricks.

The City Council met this morning in regular session. The question of changing the ordinance in relation to ordinances so as to make licenses payable every six months instead of yearly was brought up for consideration but the majority of the Council were opposed to it, and no action was taken. A St. Louis firm whose teamster has been fined for not having a license called to his wagon made request to have the fine remitted, but the request was refused as it was shown that the firm, who only had one license, had been utilizing it for several teams. The ordinance providing for the location of the fire plugs was passed. The Council then proceeded to the discussion of matters of little importance, after which the meeting adjourned.

Treasurer Launtz has been notified by telegraph either to come home immediately or to send a check for an amount sufficient to pay off the police.

A meeting will be held to-morrow evening at Flanigen's Hall for the purpose of raising funds to swell the contributions to the Parnell Parliamentary Aid Association.

A row occurred in a saloon at the head of the Island last evening during which Paul Richardson received a stab in the neck. The party who did the cutting has not been arrested.

ROW AT A SEANCE.

C. E. Wyman, the Spiritualistic Medium, Exposed at Strawberry Point, Iowa.

STRAWBERRY POINT, IOWA, November 30.—C. E. Wyman, the spiritualistic medium, has been holding seances at the house of W. B. Field for a couple of weeks past, the attendance being large each evening, the medium not forgetting to collect $1 from each person in attendance. Quite a number of citizens have been worked up to a high pitch, several being on the verge of insanity, over the adroit manner in which he brought up the "so called spirits" of their departed friends. Several skeptical young men attended the seances Saturday night with the determination of exposing what they considered a palpable fraud. Accordingly one of them managed to secure a seat near the cabinet from which the spirits materialized. The clothing of the medium was sewed securely to a chair in the cabinet, the circle formed and the lights turned down. Soon the spirit of the father of one of the company was materialized and reached out to shake hands with his son, when the young man near the cabinet grappled with the messenger from the other world, and threw him to the floor. The believers immediately hurled themselves upon the daring young man, upon whom the other skeptics took a hand in the affair, and for a while pandemonium reigned with the spirit believers and unbelievers rolling on the floor of the dimly lighted room. The lights were at length turned up, when, to the amazement of the believing circle, the materialized spirit proved to be the medium in an exceedingly airy attire, while the clothing out of which he had slipped remained sewed to the chair. The indignation was great among the spiritualists as well as others, and tar and feathers were strongly talked of for a time, but finally cooler judgment prevailed and a warrant was sworn out for Wyman's arrest for obtaining money under false pretenses. A hearing was had before Justice Baird, Wyman pleading guilty, and in default of bail was remanded to the County Jail, to await the action of the Grand Jury. Wyman is one of the most noted mediums in the West, being the chief medium at the recent Iowa State Spiritualist camp meeting in Clinton, and coming to this place from

Barr's

S A N T A

The People of St. Louis and Vicinity are now Invited to

VISIT GRAND OLD SANTA CLAUS!

And see the Vast Preparations he has made to supply Young and Old, Rich and Poor, Handsome or Ugly, with

HOLIDAY PRESENTS!

The Grand Old Man Advises you to come soon and buy early, and thus avoid the later rush, at the

WM. BARR DRY GOODS CO.'S, Sixth, from Olive to Locust St., in the Great Street Railroad Center.

C L A U S

Opening

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BRUTE'S DEED.

Man Murderously Assaulted a Young Fough.

November 30.—What doubtless will d-blooded murder was perpetrated r miles east of Wabash yester- Joseph Spencer, a young man of d Sylvester Huff, an old resident hip, while passing through the volved in an altercation relative to in a fit of rage Spencer knocked the d beat and kicked his face into a ntly Huff dragged himself to the pencer lives to have his wounds burly young brute again attacked e, crushing in his skull with a club, ing him with dishes and articles of d strewed from a dozen wounds n's person, and but for the atten- s wife, who endeavored to save rage attacks, he would have bled ving he had killed the old man, remained hidden in the woods un- ntelligence reached the city and as and captured him. He was lodged liminary examination will be had this morning. The assault, from rner, was almost wholly unpro- declares that he did not intend to e fact that he renewed the attack imparts a bad phase to the matter, very critical condition and it is will die.

ON LIQUOR MEN.

Reform Alliance to Enforce Sunday Closing Law.

ember 30.—The Chicago Reform ont to take measures to have the on Sunday. The city government d to take any action in this move- d proposed being to prosecute all t the State law, known as the dram- prohibits the opening of saloons on a penalty of $200 for the first and and a term in the penitentiary for mber of prominent lawyers have eir services for the prosecution of ong a number of saloons visited committee but one was found closed, tments will be found against a few . One of the members of the com- hat there would be no trouble with saloons, as the owners seemed per- o close up Sundays.

NICKEL A MONTH.

School Children's Fund for a nument to Audubon.

s, La., November 30.—A movement augurated to erect a monument to udubon. The distinguished ornithol- ist of New Orleans. The movement the children of the public schools, contribute a nickel a month to a onument.

Car Route Changes.

the Post-Dispatch.

D. C., November 30.—The following Star service have been ordered: $3,364. Burden to Wichita, from an Polo, decreasing the distance two miles. The following new offices tablished: Youngville, Poinsett Bradshaw, Rusk County; Davenport, ary; Dewey, Live Oak County; Ellis, ; Huber, Shelby County; Sayres, Texas.

Gotham's Grab.

November 30.—During the past of Yonkers has been agitated by lan to annex that city to New York. re have been discussing the subject t has met very serious opposition. s conditious.

NORTH ST. LOUIS.

Two fatal cases of scarlet fever in this y Saturday.

ases of diphtheria have developed on ear Angelrod street.

d dollars has been expended on new e North St. Louis Turner Hall.

the debt of the Presbyterian Church, Chambers street, has been paid.

of local manufacturers are negotiat- Lewis Rosenbaum agency for a build- the river front.

th occurred yesterday at the Little Poor, the fourth this month. Nathan the victim, the cause being old age.

t for the nuptials of Stella, daughter ptain Henry Frangel to Frank N. interesting ceremony takes place the residence of Captain Frangel on street.

ge, No. 322, I. O. O. F., will have an eting to-night at its parlors, Broad- nton street. Special Deputy Grand Morris will pay the Lodge a special rpose of illustrating the ritualistic Order.

up of the North St. Louis Rowing as last night awarded by the com- ising Sun Club for the champions in ovember 8. The Empire, Alaska, uis and Rising Sun Clubs were in the contest.

THE CHARITY BALL.

Where It Is to Be Given and Who Are On the Committees.

Invitations are out for the Charity Ball, which is to be given at the Pickwick Theater on Thursday evening, December 17. Mrs. Eugene A. Carr is president and the committees are as follows:

Committee on Invitation—Gen. and Mrs. Sherman; Col. and Mrs. J. L. D. Morrison; Mr. and Mrs. John Whittaker; Mr. and Mrs. John B. Henderson; Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Lackland; Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Harradine; Lieutenant and Mrs. L. A. Craig; Dr. and Mrs. T. G. Comstock; Mr. and Mrs. Newton Crane; Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Hoxie; Mr. and Mrs. S. Kennard; Mr. and Mrs. George Allen; Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Fanning; Mr. and Mrs. Ashley Scott; Mr. and Mrs. George E. Leighton; Mr. and Mrs. John Dillon; Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Cook; Mr. and Mrs. Charles Parsons; Gen. and Mrs. John W. Noble; Col. and Mrs. Hunter; Mr. and Mrs. W. L. B. G. Allen; Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Specht; Judge and Mrs. John Wickham; Mr. and Mrs. Geo. W. Fishback; Mr. and Mrs. Edward C. Meacham; Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Hirschburg; Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Farr; Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Garneau; Mr and Mrs. W. H. Bliss; Mr. and Mrs. Henry Overstolz; Mr. and Mr. Cornelius Tompkins; Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Rumsey; Hon. and Mrs. D. R. Francis; Dr. and Mrs. J. B. Johnson; Gov. John S. Marmaduke; Gov. and Mrs. E. O. Stanard; Mr. and Mrs. Chas. P. Chouteau; Mr. and Mrs. Pierre Chouteau; Mrs. Martha J. Sweargen; Mrs. N. F. Scanlan; Mr. and Mrs. Dent C. Tutt; Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Greeley; Mr. and Mrs. Finney Howe; Mr. and Mrs. Estill McHenry; Mr. and Mrs. Ellis Wainwright; Judge and Mrs. Wm. H. Horner; Judge and Mrs. George A. Madill; Judge and Mrs. J. J. Lindley; Mrs. Nannie Wright; Gen. and Mrs. D. M. Frost; Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Filley; Mr and Mrs. Edward Mallinckrodt; Miss Mimi Morrison; the Misses Margaret Lackland, Luna Garrison, Bent, Maffit, Kimball, Berenice Morrison, Dorcas Carr, Wright, Farlan, Georgine Anderson, Lionberger, Floor Committee — Messrs. Theophile Papin, Mitchel Scott, Otto Von Schrader, George Von Schrader, Charles Switzler, Capt. R. A. Torrey, Philip Ellis, David Rankin, Hons. J. J. O'Neil, John M. Glover, Frank O'Neil, Charles Bates, James M. Lewis, Alonzo Church, R. Everett, John A. Scudder, John O'F. Delaney, Paschal Carr, Robert Aull, Judge Charles Speed, F. A. Chouteau Hill, Col. J. C. Normile, Pierre Chouteau, George A. Hynes, Philip Schuyler, Frank Kimball, Sidney Francis, R. S. Hays, B. H. Adams, Robert Brookings, Victor R. Gibson, Hunt Dyer, Charles Chambers, Soulard La Motte, Lieuts. A. L. Smith, and Lucas Grierson, Major McGinnis, Alfonso de Figueiredo, Louis Hirschberg, Francis J. Conrad, Henry Ames, Jay L. Torrey, Steven Gore, Hoffman, Luther Kennett and B. Farrar.

BUY Dozier-Weyl's Royal Snowflakes.

An Ice House Fire.

An alarm was turned on about 9 o'clock last night for a fire in the Anheuser-Busch ice houses on the Iron Mountain track, a short distance north of Zopp street. The flames had made great progress before the department could get down to work, on account of the scarcity of plugs in that district. There were six ice houses in all, and as it was feared that all would be destroyed, a second alarm was turned on. The two houses on the north end were saved but the other four were totally destroyed. The loss was about $12,000; insurance, $9,000.

Don't Miss Them To-Morrow.

600 good cassimere suits for boys up to 17 years, fully worth $6, will go for $3 95 at the

GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

BUY Dozier-Weyl's Royal Snowflakes

Budweiser Beer.

Selected Wines, Cigars, etc. First-class Restaurant attached. Sixth and Locust.

CANADA'S CLAIM.

French Conservative Papers Want the State of Maine.

NEW YORK, November 30.—A Times special from Montreal says: "Some of the French Conservative papers in this Province are urging the Government to take steps to assert Canada's claim to the State of Maine, which they allege is a just one. The French press of this city has fallen into the trap, and is gravely debating whether the American Government would be willing to accept a compensation in money for the territory Canada would receive by a rectification of the frontier."

WHERE ARE THE POLICE?

They Must Be Stolen.

Maybe they are, but we don't care. Ours is the only establishment in St. Louis that can give you a boy's overcoat for 98 cents and upward. A boy's suit for 79 cents and up. A man's overcoat for $1 94 and up. A man's good worsted suit for $3 45 and up. And, don't you forget it, we also have the finest grades in suits and overcoats just as well, the only difference being that we do not charge so much for them as our high-toned competitors do. We mean just what we say, and an investigation will convince any intelligent man that we speak the truth.

GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

Closing up Dives.

NEW YORK, November 30.—Fifty-one bar tenders were arrested here yesterday for violation of the excise law. The low dives in Mulberry street were all raided, and 150 persons were captured.

Don't fail to see our men's Scotch cassimere pants at $1 98 this week at the

GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

LOUD-MOUTHED ANARCHISTS.

A Memorial Meeting in Honor of Leiske, the Executed Socialist.

NEW YORK, November 30.—A memorial meeting in honor of Leiske, the German Socialist, who was hanged for assassinating Henry Rumpf, Chief of the Political Police in Germany, on the 29th of December, 1884, was held yesterday. Herr Most delivered the eulogy and advised his hearers to exterminate the Tories of Socialism, not only in Germany, but in every nation on the globe. Resolutions commending the action of Leske in assassinating Rumpf, and consigning like enemies to a similar punishment, were passed amid great applause.

$25

Buys a handsome mahogany finish chamber suit with beveled glass at

BURRELL, COMSTOCK & CO.

Holiday Books & Stationery Bargain Store,

406 N. Fourth St.

DIED.

Marriage and death notices will be inserted at the rate of twenty-five cents for three lines.

HOUSTON—On Monday, November 30, at 3:30 a. m., DAVID HOUSTON, aged 77 years.

Funeral will take place at 2:30 Tuesday, from his late residence, 1510 Hebert st.

Denver papers please copy.

PHILLIPS—On Sunday, November 29, at 1 o'clock a. m., JOHN PHILLIPS, in his 85th year.

Funeral from family residence, 3018 Cass avenue, Tuesday, December 1, at 1 o'clock p. m. Relatives and friends invited to attend.

Boston, Detroit and Maine papers please copy.

CAMERON—November 28, at 2 a. m., at the Little Sisters of the Poor, Nineteenth and Hebert streets, NETHAN CAMERON, native of North England, aged 76 years.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

"LITTLE LORD FAUNTLEROY,"

BY

Mrs. FRANCIS H. BURNETT,

IS IN THE

CHRISTMAS ST. NICHOLAS.

AMUSEMENTS.

SIEGE OF PARIS.

POPULAR PRICES.

Admission 25c. Children 15c

Open 10 a. m. to 10 p. m. Sundays included.

STAR RINK,

Nineteenth and Pine Streets.

TO-NIGHT, Grand Couple Tournament for graceful skating. St. Louis' best skaters entered. Decided by popular vote. To-morrow and Wednesday nights, GEORGE NASH, greatest living trick and fancy bicyclist.

GRAND EX SKATING ACADEMY

Exposition Building.

MORNING SESSIONS FREE. Every evening this week and Thursday and Saturday Matinees.

HATTIE HARVEY!

QUEEN OF ARTISTES,

In her unapproachable Specialties and Scientific Skating. Shadow Dance, High and Fling, Yanee Doodle Dance, Etc., Etc., Etc.

Miss Harvey's great reputation as a Skatorial Artiste commands recognition from the best members of the profession. Ladies and critics especially invited.

Crescent Rink,

COWBOY BAND,

Thursday, Friday and Saturday evenings of this week.

Admission, 25 cents.

GRAND EX. SKATING ACADEMY.

A Fancy Dress Carnival will be held

CHRISTMAS EVE, DECEMBER 24,

and a Christmas Party for Children on

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 26, 2 p. m.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

Week Commencing MONDAY, NOVEMBER 30, Engagement of the Fireside Favorite,

EFFIE ELLSLER,

As BESSIE BARTON, the Workman's Wife, in the Most Powerful of Human Dramas,

Woman Against Woman

Under the Management of MR. MARCKLAW, Supported by the BEST BALANCED COMPANY TRAVELING

Read the Record of Success:

Greater than Fedora.—New York News.
A greater triumph than her famous creation of Hazel Kirke.—Cleveland Leader.
A great triumph for Miss Elsler.—Chicago Inter-Ocean.
Brought tears to eyes unused to weeping.—New York World.
Played in one week to 15,000 people.—New York Telegram.

Next week—Kate Castleton in CRAZY PATCH.

AMUSEMENTS.

PEOPLE'S THEATER.

To-night and Wednesday Matinee.

★ N. S. WOOD ★

IN THE

★BOY SCOUT OF THE SIERRAS★

Saturday matinee and night and Sunday matinee and night, The Boy Detective. Sunday night, Dec. 6, The White Slave.

MUSEUM OF FINE ARTS,

Nineteenth St. and Lucas Place,

NOW OPEN.

SPECIAL EXHIBITION

of 400 Paintings

By American Artists,

including the pictures of the Prize Fund Collection.

Daily 9:30 to 5; Wednesday and Saturday evenings 7:30 to 10:30.

ADMISSION 25 CENTS.

AMUSEMENTS.

STANDARD THEATER.

TO-NIGHT.

NOBODY'S CLAIM.

Matinee Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Saturday and Sunday.

Next week—Elliott's Burlesque and Novelty Company.

BROADWAY & TREYSER'S

Palace Museum,

North Sixth Street, near Franklin Av.

JAMES A. BARNES . . . Sole Manager.

PRINCESS LUCY

AND

ENTIRE NEW STAGE SHOW.

TEN CENTS. ONE LITTLE DIME. TEN CENTS

Admits to Museum, Menagerie and Theater.

AMUSEMENTS.

POPE'S

ALL WEEK!

MATINEES Wednesday and Saturday.

Lillian Russell Opera Co.

—in—

POLLY.

EDWARD SOLOMON, Composer and Director.

Sunday, December 7—COUPLOCK.

EVERYBODY WANTS TO KNOW

that the Second Grand Complimentary Entertainment and Hop given by Branch 153, Order Iron Hall, takes place Wednesday evening, December 2, 1885, at West St. Louis Turner Hall. Ladies, keep your coupon.

WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY

Monday, November 30, and Thursday, December 3,

Lectures by Rev. A. D. MAYO of Boston.

SUBJECT:

A Quarter of a Century of the New Education in the South.

1. The Religious Hand from Abroad.
2. The work at Home.

ADMISSION FREE.

These lectures will all be given in the Lecture room in University Hall, corner of Washington avenue and Seventeenth street. Entrance on Seventeenth street.

Grand Ex. Skating Academy,

Exposition Building.

TO-NIGHT—Great Five Mile Race, between

EATON AND SHELDON,

For SATISFACTION AND A GOLD MEDAL. 8:30 P. M.

OLYMPIC.

TO-NIGHT! ALL WEEK!

Matinees Wednesday and Saturday. The laughing hit

A RAG BABY,

By CHAS. HOYT.

GRAB IT QUICK,

Sunday, December 6—Minstrels and Heath's Grand Spectacular Minstrels.

CASINO. ADMISSION 20c and 30c.

FIRST-CLASS

VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT!

By an Entire

NEW COMPANY.

Matinee Sunday, Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday.

LODGE NOTICES.

HALL OF WILDEY LODGE, No. 2, I. O. O. F.—Officers and members are requested to be present Tuesday night. Business, initiation and special. Degree G. M. Morris will exemplify the unwritten work. J. G. HARVEY, N. G.
H. McCRACKEN, Secretary. 23

AURORA LODGE, No 64, Knights of Pythias, will confer the Amplified Rank of Knights on Tuesday evening, December 1, at Paragon Hall, 7th and Olive streets. Visiting and sojourning brothers cordially invited. WM. WHETMORE, C. C.
A. HARTMAN, K. of R. and S. 133

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. J. L. FITZPORTER—Office No. 827 S. 7th st. and 208 n. 14th st. Female complaints a specialty. 34

EDUCATIONAL.

MARTIN'S Shorthand and Type-writing College, 613 and 620 Olive st., established 1876. Trial free. 29

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—A young man of 21 wishes a situation as clerk in a grocery store or to drive deliv ry wagon for some wholesale house: can come well recommended. Ad. R 58, this office. m37

WANTED—Position in hardware or cutlery house by a young man: best ref. Ad. M 57, this office. m37

WANTED— tuation by youth of 17 as collector or office clerk; good penman and paid at figures: best references given. N 56, this office. m37

The Trades.

WANTED—A No. 1 barber, young man, wants situation in country. Ad. C. F. Conway, 1411 Obear av. w38

WANTED—Situation by young married man as fireman; work for small wages. S 55, this office. 138

WANTED—Situation in a meat market by a man of twenty years' experience and best of reference. Ad. Butcher, 2715 Market st. w38

Cooks.

WANTED—A meat and vegetable cook wants a situation in hotel or restaurant; good references. Address P 59, this office. w40

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Position by steady, sober and reliable man in wholesale or retail house, in any capacity; object employment. Ad. L 56, this office. m40

WANTED—Situation by man and wife, in hotel or private family; are not afraid to work; willing to make ourselves useful. Ad. W 55, this office. m48

WANTED—Stout, young man wants employment; will work cheap. W 56, this office. 46

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Clerks and Salesmen.

Machine Shorthand.

The machine system of shorthand equals the best pencil systems, and can be learned in less time. The machine and pencil systems are both taught at the Bryant & Stratton College, corner Market and Fifth streets; also bookkeeping, business writing and all other studies included in a thorough commercial education. Students of this school are preferred by business men, who are constantly calling here for stenographers, clerks, etc. For circulars, address Dr. W. M. Carpenter, Principal. 54

WANTED—An active man to sell books, papers, etc.; a lady, who is well known in society, preferred. Call between 6 and 7 p. m., at 423 S. 12th st. m54

WANTED—Immediately, good salesman to sell groceries, drug ists and housefurnishers in city a st ple article on commission. P 56, this office. 54

Coachmen and Drivers.

WANTED—A young man to drive express wagon: one that wants a home and will work for small wages. Apply 3044 S. Broadway. s55

Boys.

WANTED—Boy that can cane chairs. Apply at 1634 Franklin av. 61

WANTED—Good boy to work for his board for the 7 to 8 this office. m61

WANTED—A boy, about 15 years of age, for general work in a dry goods store; apply at once, Jacob Loewenstein, 1118 S. 4th st.

WANTED—A good boy, age 15 to 18 years old, at n. e. corner 12th and Pine st.; saloon. m61

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A man of energy and business ability with $250 cash to invest in a pleasant traveling business; can make from $75 to $100 per week; principals only; only those meaning business and having the ready money address, M 56 this office. m62

WANTED—I o give a man living in St. Louis or Carondelet, a steady and remunerative employment. Enclose in your answer to this advertisement and envelope bearing your correct address, and put a two-cent postage stamp on it. This envelope will then be returned to you with full particulars. Address W. F. B. Rivers, 1081 Third av., New York City. 162

WANTED—For December 1, 3 young men to learn telegraphing on our lines and qualify for more positions paying good salaries. Apply immediately at Telegraph Superintendent's office, 102 N. 3d st. Use elevator.

WANTED—2 more ladies in our office to learn shorthand typewriting and qualify for situations paying $75 to $100 per month. Apply at Telegraph Office, 102 N. 3d st. Take elevator. 71

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen in city or country to take light work at their own home s: $3 to $4 a day easily made: work sent by mail; no c nvassing. We have a good demand for our work, and furnish steady employment. Ad., with stamp, Crown Mfg. Co., 294 Vine st., Cincinnati, O. 71

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—Two steady girls would like employment in a laundry to do plain ironing. Ad. R 56, this office. m46

Housekeepers.

WANTED—A young German lady would like a situation as housekeeper in good family or in a hotel; first-class references. Call or address J. B., 1509 Morgan st.

WANTED—Middle-aged lady wants a situation as housekeeper or c re of an invalid. Inquire in the notion store, 36 4 Lacl de av. m47

General Housework.

STOVE REPAIRS!

For every stove or range made in the United States, to be had at A. G. Hyner's, 219 Locust st. 40

WANTED—A good girl wants a home to do general housework in a small family, 3439 Olive st. 148

WANTED—A young girl wants a place in a private family as house girl and dining-room girl. Ad. 1256 Collins st. m48

WANTED—Situation by two girls, one as cook and the other as house girl or sewing. 912 N. High st.

WANTED—A situation by a good German girl, to do home work. Ad. 1720 Bacon st. m48

WANTED—Situation to do general housework; no objection to go a short distance in the country. 1925 St. Charles. m48

Nurses.

WANTED—A young girl wants a place as nurse girl or housework of any kind. Apply at 1300 O'Fallon st. m50

WANTED—An experienced German girl would like a situation as nurse; can also give instruction in kindergarten, Froebel's system; American family preferred. 1526 Wash st. m50

WETNURSE

Can be got by calling at the Lying-in Institute, 1305 Chouteau av. m50

WANTED—Situation by a neat, reliable woman, to take entire care of baby or larger children; will assist with sewing or light housework; city reference. Ad 1407 N. 12th st. 180

WANTED—German girl wants situation for general housework, or assistant. 1913 Madison st. 148

WANTED—By a competent colored nurse, a child to take care of. 1019 Franklin av., room 2. 50

Laundresses.

WANTED—A woman wishes family washing to take home to do by the week. 2120 Morgan st. m51

WANTED—Families requiring their washing done by first-class laundress at reasonable prices with prompt collecting and delivery should send postal to S. F., 311 Caroline st. m51

Stenographers.

Stenographers need not sob, Advertising finds a job.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Situation by a smart girl in hotel, boarding house or institution; can do laundry, chamber or kitchen work; many years experience. Ad. K 56, this office. m50

WANTED—A girl wishes a place in a small family to do without washing or ironing or to keep house for a man with small family. Apply 318 Lombard st. m50

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

General Housework.

WANTED—At 3314 Morgan st., a girl to do general housework: ref. req. m66

WANTED—A good German or Bohemian girl for general housework, nurse, wash and iron, to go to Newport, Ark.; will pay $15 per month and free fare. Apply at 1105 S. 7th st. 166

WANTED—A housegirl at 3640 Washington av.; one that understands her business and can come well recommended. m66

WANTED—A good girl for housework. Apply at 2720 Lafayette av 166

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework. Call immediately, at 1135 Channing av. m66

WANTED—A girl for general housework, at 1003 Olive st. m66

WANTED—A good German girl for general housework in a small family. 3716 Gamble st m66

WANTED—A good colored girl for general housework. Apply 2016 Chestnut st. m66

WANTED—A girl 1 or woman without encumbrance, to go 30 miles south to do general housework in a family of two persons, first class people, old residents of St. Louis. Call immediately at 1821 Geyer av. m66

WANTED—At 3314 Morgan st., a girl to do general housework. refs. req. 166

Laundresses.

WANTED—A good wash woman to take clothes home each week: German preferred. Call at 2214 Chestnut st. m67

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Intelligent women not under 25 years of age to canvas, and introduce a new and valuable invention; capable women can earn from $10 to $20 per week. Call between 9 and 11 a. m., at 1522 Olive st. m73

WANTED—An experienced dining-room girl at 407 Morgan st. m71

WANTED—For December 1, 3 young ladies to learn telegraphing on our lines and qualify for more positions paying good salaries. Apply immediately at Telegraph Superintendent's office, 102 N. 3d st. Use elevator.

WANTED—2 more ladies in our office to learn shorthand typewriting and qualify for situations paying $75 to $100 per month. Apply at Telegraph Office, 102 N. 3d st. Take elevator. 71

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen in city or country to take light work at their own home s: $3 to $4 a day easily made: work sent by mail; no c nvassing. We have a good demand for our work, and furnish steady employment. Ad., with stamp, Crown Mfg. Co., 294 Vine st., Cincinnati, O. 71

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED—Lady agents to sell McDowell's Compound Sulphur Soap, good for chaps and all skin diseases; also a good toilet soap. Call after 7 p. m., Room N, 319 Market st. J. McDowell, Manufacturer of Toilet Articles.

WANTED—Agents: any man or woman making less than $40 per week should investigate our easy money-making business. We offer energetic persons the best chance on earth to make money. $4 samples free to those meaning business. A small outfit will soon bring the money quickest of any I ever tried." Address with stamp for papers B. E. M rrill & Co., Chicago, Ill.

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

Rooms and houses greet the eyes Of the folks who advertise.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—To buy for cash: must be a great sacrifice; a lot 50 or 100 feet front, of good depth; or a small 4 room brick house on 50 foot lot. Ad. Q 54, this office, giving price, location and description. s22

WANTED—PARTNERS.

WANTED—A reliable party who will furnish small amount of capital to develop my invention can make a fortune. Address O 55, this office. 129

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Young shepherd dog, November 27, white breast and neck; answers to name of Jim: liberal reward if returned to 2309 Morgan st. 170

LOST—On Sunday, November 22, a gold ring with seal, which owner can have by proving property and paying expense of advertising. Ad. A 54, this office. 130

LOST—On the afternoon of the 26th inst., a round gold bracelet with slanting bar on top set with turquoise and pearls. The finder will be suitably rewarded by returning same to the office of the Gould Directory Company, No. 813 Locust st.

FINANCIAL.

FOR SALE—Bremen Building and Loan Association—8 shares of stock for sale. Apply to Chas. H. Smith, 1107 S. 10th st. m31

HOUSES BUILT on city real estate on monthly payments, at cash prices F. H. GOSS, 1504 N. Sixth st. 31

MONEY TO LOAN on jewelry, guns, pistols, clothing, trunks, valises and all goods of value, in sums from $1 to $10,000; low rate of interest. S. Van Raalte, 12 and 14 S. 4th st. 32

A THOUSAND chromo cards, envelopes or bill heads for 90 cents. Howard Scott, printer, 1702 Franklin av.

HOUSES and lots paid for gents' second clothing. Call or address D. A. Pereira, 614 Morgan. 32

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED—Lady or gentleman with $300 for honorable business of profit and pleasure. J. 56, this office. s2

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A neat notion store: location good; fine chance for dressmaker: none adjacent: will sell low: best of reasons. Address C 56, this office. m4

FOR SALE—A No. 1 small route on P.-D. Ad. A 12, this office. 4

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—Three or four canary birds, good singers, $7 each. Call at 1405 Lucas av. m5

AN ACRE AND A QUARTER.

The People's Furniture, Carpet and Stove Company have rented the next store, and our numbers are now 208, 210 and 212 N. 7th, bet. Olive and Pine sts. Time payments at cash pri ce. No int rest, no charges. s27

FOR SALE—At auction, Tuesday, December 1, all the household goods found in a home, pictures, books and sewing machine, at northeast cor. Mississippi av. and Hickory st. m5

TIME PAYMENTS—Houses and rooms furnished complete at lowest cash prices on easy payments. Geo. W. Jones & Co. 1332 Washington av. 5

HEATING stoves, cooking stoves and base burners at cost. 4-shaw. 1417 Franklin av. 5

COAL MARKET—Hall's, 2137 Morgan st., 10 bu., $1, direct from cars, 2 bus more than coal yards can give. Send postal. m5

FOR SALE—Coal, 10 bushes for $1; 4 bushels for $1 at T. F. Carroll, 202 Franklin av.; send postal. m5

HEATING stoves, cooking stoves and base burners at cost. 4-shaw, 1417 Franklin av 5

DIRECTIONS for making a d operating a home-made incubator sent postpaid for 25 cents. The Po ltry Monthly postpaid 12 cts. Howard Scott, 1702 Franklin av.

BUY your coal at 1116 Carr, and delivered to any part of the building. 5

DESIRE wanting to sell their furniture, carpets or household goods of any kind can obtain the highest cash prices by sending same to 1005 Olive st. 5
R. U. LEONORI, JR., & CO., Auctioneers.

Spectacles To Suit All Eyes

from $1 up. Solid gold spectacles sold for cash or on time payments: eyes tested with the finest test case in St. Louis. Store open from 7 a. m. to 9 p. m. Send postal. S. S. Dreifus, 1726 Franklin av. 5

PARROTS, African and South American singing birds, imported Anglian pugs and pet poodles. A. Bohne, Taxidermist, 102 N. 4th st. 170

FOR SALE—One good fire-proof safe, 31 inches high, 20 inches wide, $25. No. 17 N. 3d st 5

CHEAPEST cooking in the city. Dunn's loan office, 611 Franklin av. 5

HEATING stoves, cooking stoves and base burners at cost. 4-Shaw, 1417 Franklin av. 5

FOR trunks, mirrors, wringers and fluters go to Dunn's loan office, 912 Franklin av. 5

ALL SORTS.

FOR FINE dress shoes made to measure of the best of French calf, patent and enameled leather, and fit guaranteed: at George Frisch: 505 Walnut st. 32

MONEY TO LOAN on jewelry, guns, pistols, clothing, trunks, valises and all goods of value, in sums from $1 to $10,000; low rate of interest. S. Van Raalte, 12 and 14 S. 4th st. 32

A THOUSAND chromo cards, envelopes or bill heads for 90 cents. Howard Scott, printer, 1702 Franklin av.

HOUSES and lots paid for gents' second clothing. Call or address D. A. Pereira, 614 Morgan. 32

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

Rats is never yelled at those Who in our "Wants" their wants disclose.

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

1223 DOLMAN—8 rooms, hall, bath, gas; large front and side yards; rent low to a good tenant. KEELEY & CO., 708 Pine st.

2111 UTAH ST.—4 room house, newly papered; $10 per month. L. B. Jones, 610 Chestnut st. m14

2744 ALLEN AV., near California av.—Brand new 2-story brick house of 8 rooms; hall, bath and gas; rent low. KEELEY & CO., 708 Pine st.

3025 RUTGER ST.—8-room house; hall, front and side yard; rent low to a good tenant. KEELEY & CO., 708 Pine st.

3602 Caroline st., 4 room house; nice yard; rent reduced to a good tenant. KEELEY & CO., 708 Pine st.

3641 LUCKY ST.—New house of 7 rooms, hall, bath, gas, laundry; 2 blocks from Franklin av. cars; rent low to a good tenant. KEELEY & CO., 708 Pine st.

SCOTT AV.—Two nicely furnished rooms for light housekeeping: all conveniences; $15 per month. w13

2630 MILLS ST.—Upstairs, a nicely furnished room cheap. 138

2911 PINE ST.—Furnished and partly furnished rooms: for genl- only: refs. required. m13

3439 OLIVE ST.—1 neatly fur. front room on 2d floor; married couple or 2 cents; also, front room on 3d floor; fire and bath: $7 per month, to 1 man private family. a13

HOTEL GILLHAM, northwest cor. 5th and Market st., elegant rooms by the day, week or month. W. E. Gilham. 13

FOR RENT—Clemens' flats, northeast corner 11th and Howard sts., nic suite of 4 rooms on either 1st or 2d floor, at $16; water, etc. free. BERGMANN & CORNET, 110 N. Eighth st.

FURNISHED ROOMS—Transients accommodated. Ad. B 51, this office. 113

FOR RENT—A nicely furnished front room for 2 gentlemen, cheap, to let. Ad. 1513 Wash 5. w13

TWO ELEGANT rooms, suitable for gent and wife or 2gents; private family. Apply 2120 Olive. 113

WANTED—By a respectable widow having 2 rooms, 1022 N. 11th st., a respectable woman or girl to take a part; rent reasonable. m3

FOR RENT—Four rooms; rent $18; with hall, gas and water, situated on the s. e. cor. of Elliot av. and Mill. Inquire next door. 13

BOARDING.

311 S. SEVENTH ST.—Nice furnished front rooms with fire and board $4 per week; transients accommodated. s18

1009 CHOUTEAU AV.—Large, elegant, pleasy furnished rooms: first-class board: halls and rooms heated by furnace and grates; first-class in every particular: refs. ex. m13

1332 CHOUTEAU AV.—Handsomely furnished large rooms suitable for several young gentlemen rooming in company with board; family table; moderate terms. s18

1520 LUCAS PLACE—Newly furnished family room also single room for gentlemen; day boarders accommodated. 118

1705 LUCAS PL.—Nice rooms and board at reasonable price; near Lafayette Park. C. Offerman. 18

1804 LUCAS PLACE—Elegantly furnished room, with first-class board; also, room-mate wanted. m18

1816 MORGAN ST.—Neatly furnished rooms with or without board; terms reasonable.

2618 LOCUST ST.—Large second-story front room elegantly furnished for parlor, with one sleeping large sleeping room. Very desirable for four gentlemen. Table board. 118

2741 MORGAN ST.—Large or small well for. room with good board; to gents or family.

2816 OLIVE ST.—Handsomely furnished front and room with first-class board: table boarders accommodated. s18

BOARDING—At Lafayette Park—Elegantly furnished room with board; fronting park; private bath 18

FOR RENT—Two handsomely furnished rooms in a first-class location; rented single or en suite; two meals if desired. O 56, this office. 118

FOR RENT—Second story furnished front room with board for 1 or 2 gentlemen in private family. No. 619 Michigan av., (formerly S. 4th st. Carondelet); pleasantly located and convenient to Iron Mountain s pelaic trains and to street cars. m18

WANTED—Small private family wishes to take two gent emen to room; board if desired; home comforts: ref. req. Ad. two days, O 52, this office. m18

FINNEY AV.—Large 2d-story front, furnished or unfurnished, with board for two adults; clean, bath, hot and cold water; cars pass door; southern exposure; terms moderate. Address A 56, this office. m18

WANTED—Boarders in private family: moderate price. 1421 Gamble st.

FOR RENT—Room and parti l board in private English family; use of bath and piano; 20 minutes by Water Tower car. s. N 55, this office. m13

BARNUM'S HOTEL, 2d and Walnut sts.: rates $1 50 and $2 per day; rooms 50c, 75c and $1 per day; board, per month, $25 and $30; rooms, $5 and up; day board $20 per month; 21 meal tickets, $5; first-class tables nicely furnished rooms. 18

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

WANTED—Family of three grown persons with best ref., want two furnished rooms with board. Ad. S 53, this office. s18

WANTED—Room with board for a young lady near Hyde Park or Water Tower: state terms, which must be reasonable. D 55, this office. s29

THEATRICAL.

WANTED—Two ladies and gentlemen for dramatic opera; few good amateurs accepted. Ad. F 56, this office. s29

FURNISHED HOUSES TO LET.

FOR RENT—Furnished house, on s. w. cor. Grand and Bayard, at low rate, to good tenant. Delos R. Haynes & Co., 211 N. 8th st. 15

Furnished houses you can get If you advertise; you bet.

TO LET—FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES

FOR RENT—Store and dwelling, old 708 Washington av.; m17

DRUGGISTS, grocery, notion and meat store men, look at stores corner Morgan and Vandeventer terminus of Cable road, for rent.
JAS. M. CARPENTER & CO.,
17 208 N. Eighth st.

FOR RENT—December 1, stable room for two horses and two vehicles; dry and good ventilation. Apply at 1021 N. Compton av. w29

MUSICAL.

AMATEUR Singers and actors quickly prepared for the stage by experienced dramatic tutor. G 56, this office. s27

WANTED—Music Pupils. References given; terms reasonable. Apply to Ira W. Marshall, 2710 Gamble st. s27

FOR SALE—A fine 7-octave piano cheap at 1108 Chouteau av. m17

MILLER pianos, Emerson pianos and several other cheaper makes, cash or monthly payments.
J. A. KIESELHORST,
27 Wall—the little darling!

WANTED—Pupils: piano for practicing free; special attention to beginners: terms reasonable. Mrs. Inman, 1604 Olive st. 127

BANJO—J. H. Russell, teacher. No. 1320 s. e. corner Dolman st. and Allen av. m37

IMP'D CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Improved real estate, n. e. cor. Compton av. and Hickory st., row of 3 buildings, dwelling, corner store: will pay 10 per cent on the investment. This is a rare chance to make a safe and paying investment. Apply to JOHN CRAWFORD, 2 Market st.

FOR SALE—Good residence, 2-story brick and mansard roof, 15 rooms, lot 80x114, all in good order: cheap. No. 1208 S. 11th st, m7

Rats are now what the people build; Advertisers keep theirs filled.

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR SALE.

Auction Sale of Suburban Property.

On Monday, November 30, the costly and beautiful residence and grounds adjoining the Bridge estate and known as the Leighton place, will be sold at the St. Louis Court House on the highest bidder, affording those seeking a costly home at a small price a great chance for a fine bargain. 9

Suburban Residence Property at Auction.

The Col. Leighton residence with large and highly ornamented grounds will be sold to the highest bidder at the Court House in St. Louis on November 30, at 10 a. m. This is a rare chance to obtain one of the best properties in the suburbs at a great sacrifice. The attention of those seeking investments or a most desirable home is respectfully called to this property. 9

UNDOUBTEDLY TRUE.

A Dog and Boa-Constrictor Story from Texas.

Some one living in Hempstead, Tex., sends this story to the Memphis Avalanche: A few nights ago Steve Wilkins, a well-to-do and well-known colored man, went down west of town possum-hunting, taking with him Nick Holt's dog Witch, well known as being the best 'possum dog in Brazos County, or perhaps in Texas. Among the wagers he may have made that Witch could tree a 'possum after other dogs had adandoned the trail. Well, Steve struck up with Jim Webster and they sauntered out. Witch was slow to strike a trail. The weather was dry and warm, so they varmints did not travel. However, as they neared the railroad this side of the Brazos, Witch opened, but evidently on a cold track, circling around a close thicket of thorned rush. He finally bayed, and Steve and Webster knew he was there. After some sharp barking, and in a manner different from Witch's custom, and as if at bay and also in defense, they heard him in a terrible tussle, and he gave evidence of being choked or smothered. No more could be heard of Witch, but as the papers say, they scoured the wood and thicket in search. No whistling or calling could bring any tidings of Witch.

So, after exhausting all patience, Steve and Webster returned home, much troubled and mystified at the way Witch had acted and been lost.

But here comes the strange part of it all. The next morning after breakfast, at the corner of Austin and Houston streets, which is in the suburbs, perhaps the strangest sight ever beheld in this country of wonders startled the whole neighborhood, as if the Apaches had been coming. Coming up the center of the street was a snake, but different from all other snakes of which snakeology ever treated—even in spirits. The snake had the head of a dog and carried its forepaits as if by the legs of a dog, the rest and the tail dragging along, extending nine feet behind. After the bravest of the brave mustered sufficient courage they concluded to slay the monster, and when Nick Holt was in the act of discharging a double-charged musket for that purpose from a fence, the strange creature whined, and in such a way that Holt recognized his dog Witch by his head and voice. After much ado about it, they found that the snake attempted to eat Witch by swallowing him, perhaps crushing him only sufficiently to exhaust life for a time. And after swallowing up the head Witch revived, and in his great efforts to escape had actually thrust his legs through the the monster's stomach, which in time proved his death, and Witch walked home as has been described.

The snake was of a dark speckled species, much like our turkey-snake, only larger than was ever before seen, 11 feet 9 inches long and 18½ inches round. Some conjectured that it had escaped from Barret's circus, and was a boa. But, true to Witch's reputation for possums, he had gone his "full length" for this one, when, on liberating him with a knife, it was found in the snake's stomach, where it had been swallowed a few hours before. Witch is now the noted thing in this country, has fully recovered, and the monster's skin hangs to adorn a tale.

BRIGHT, SPARKLING & CHEERY

Is the Undermentioned Bill of Fare for the Public This Week. The

CASH DRY GOODS STORE OF T. HODSON

Makes a clean sweep and remains triumphant over all competitors. Underbuying and underselling is the simple secret of my success. Read carefully my present Price-List. My landslides appeal to you in unequivocal language. What competition can answer my sledge-hammer? And after you have compared my prices and qualities with those of the would-be leaders of low prices, you will at once be convinced that the best value to be had and the surest way to save money is by buying your Dry Goods from T. HODSON, the Acknowledged Lowest-Priced Dry Goods House in St. Louis.

T. Hodson's Dress Goods Department

Knows no rival. Prices lower than ever.
Handsome Brocaded Dress Goods 5c per yard.
English Cashmeres, 7½c.
Double-width Cashmeres, all-wool filling, 12½c; worth 20c.
36-inch Cashmere, all-wool filling, 20c.
36-inch Cashmere, extra quality, in all colors and black, 25c; worth 35c.
Many new and handsome patterns have been added to my already complete stock of 56 inch All-Wool Dress Plaids at 95c; worth $1 50.

T. Hodson's Black Goods Department.

One visit to this department will convince judges of goods that this is the house to buy your b ack goods. In Black Silks I am ahead. My silks at 45c, 75c, 85c and $1 will both surprise and delight you, and for $1 25 and $1 50 I will give a a superb Gros-Grain Silk, which is less than the goods cost to import.
In Plushes, Silk Velvets and Velveteens our prices are low.

T. Hodson's Cloak and Suit Department.

Just Take a Peep at My Prices.

Ladies' English Walking Jackets, $7.
My Russian Circular at $5 75 leaves everything in the shade.
My six ty All-wool Circulars, handsomely trimmed, at $6 75, are emphatic bargains.
Newmarkets, Short Wraps, Seal Plushes, handsomely trimmed, will be found marvelously low in price.
I have opened during the pass we k 2 cases Shawls, single and double, which I have marked exceedingly low Double All-wool Shawls, $1 and upwards. Every Shaw is $1 2o, $1 50 and $2.

T. Hodson's Blanket and Comfort Department.

White Blankets, $1, $1 25, $1 50 and $2 per pair can not be matched. My better grades will be sold equally low.

T. Hodson's Domestic Department

Is a veritable eye-opener on prices. Every one astonishingly says that they never saw such goods at these prices before.
Standard Prints, choice designs, 5c.
Good Gingnams, 5c.
Amoskeag Ginghams, 8½c.
10-4 Sheetings, 10c and 20c.
Yard-wide Sheetings, bleached and unbleached, 5c a yard; best ever offered for the money.
I will sell you the best Linen Towel for 10c you ever saw.
I have the best Table Linen for 15c ever seen in St. Louis.
I will give you a Satin Damask Fringed Doylie at 40c per dozen.
German Turkey Red Damask Table Linen, 30c, 35c, 40c and 50c per yard: no other house can touch those prices.

The Best Day-Lighted Cloak and Suit Room in the City.

T. HODSON 510 & 512 FRANKLIN AV., Between Broadway and Sixth St.

Country orders will receive careful and prompt attention

T. Hodson's Flannels, Jeans and Cassimeres Slaughtered.

All-wool Red Twill Flannel at 20c; cannot be matched in this city.
4-4 Gray Twill Union Flannel, 34c; worth 45c.

T. Hodson's Furnishing Goods.

Stock is enormous, and here I can give you the best goods for the least money.
Children's White Merino Vests, 15c.
Ladies' White Merino Vests, 25c.
Gents' Gray Merino Shirts, 15c.
Gents' White Merino Shirts and Drawers 25c.
Mens' real Camel's Hair Shirts and Drawers, 85c.
Mens' Scarlet Shirts and Drawers, 65c. Better grades will be sold equally low.
One word about Unlaundried Shirts. I will sell the best Unlaundried Shirt at 50c in the city. My New York Mills at 6 for $4 50 can not be beaten, and for $1, or $5 75 for $6, I give you the best Shirt in the world.

T. Hodson's Glove Department.

Foster's celebrated Lacing Gloves, in black, tan and new fall shades.
Ladies' Fur-top Driving Gloves.
Ladies' Jersey Gloves in new fall shades.
Here is a big drive—Men's Driving Gloves, 20c pair.

T. Hodson's Hosiery Department

Is a Leading Feature.

Ladies' Hose, 8½c, 10c, and 12½c.
Ladies' All-Wool Hose, 15c, 20c and 25c a pair; these are actually at half price.
Just opened up, 450 dozen Opera Corsets, 25c: no other houses are showing these goods.

T. Hodson's Handkerchief Dep't.

What shall I say about Handkerchiefs? Over fifty different styles in Ladies' and Gents' Handkerchiefs: prices ranging from 2½c upwards. Have opened some rare novelties in Gentlemen's silk Handkerchiefs.
Ladies, step up to the counters, and see the thousands of other tempting articles that can not be mentioned here. All that I ask is that you will visit my store. You will receive polite attention, and though you may have seen bargains before, never such bargains as I will give you daily from now until after New Year's.
Also, just opened, 5 cases Dolls, in China, Bisque and Wax, which have been marked low for Holiday trade.
Remember that T. Hodson's is the Cheapest Dry Goods House in St. Louis, and that he has what he advertises.

RIRI'S RAG-PICKING.

From Le Figaro, October 31.

—"Wretch!" cried the Countess to the Count, with the most tragical of sneers upon her painted face.

—"I arrest you in the name of the law!" solemnly exclaimed the Commissaire de Police.

And two police agents approached the Count with measured strides.

Bang!—a pistol-shot.

The Count had blown his brains out.

And the curtain fell.

* * *

As soon as he had blown his brains out, Jules Blaisot, who played the part of The Count in the melodrama of which we have just given the denouement, rose up, brushed the dust from his clothes, rearranged his false hair, and went forward to salute the spectators and to receive that applause which a good house always lavishes upon actors who kill themselves properly;—then throwing off his costume, and hurriedly dressing, he left the theater.

It was a Sunday in summer. The Count's Crime, a melodrama, had been given at the matinee. It was about 5 o'clock in the evening when Blaisot returned home.

* * *

He was a queer fellow, this actor. Tall, swarthy, thin, and always in a hurry like most men of our day, behind never had the time to sit down quietly for five minutes and enjoy the delight of thinking about trifles or of thinking about nothing in particular.

There was nothing, however, especially remarkable about his life; his friends and relatives had died here and there and everywhere; he had some kind of a big misfortune or other every six months, and various kinds of despairs every five or six days.

This was the very commonplace programme of his existence. Moreover he had never had time to appreciate his situation thoroughly. Sorrows and joys had passed through his rapid life, only as gloomy or agreeable landscapes may be seen from either side of an express train. They left no trace, or at least, very little!....

The last catastrophe had been the death of his wife, a figurante in some country theater, whom he had become enamored of during a provincial tour. Angele—that was her professional name—had left him, when she died, a little boy six months old, called Riri—that is Henri for big folks.

Immediate results:—Atrocious misery.

Luckily there was a comrade, a distinguished journalist, the illustrious Cazenave, who had got up for him and his son a great theatrical benefit, which would net him about twelve thousand francs. That very evening the performance was to take place.

* * *

Blaisot had scarcely entered his lodgings when the nurse, an underpaid woman entrusted with the physical and moral education of Riri, ran to meet the comedian.

—"Monsieur! monsieur!" she exclaimed, out of breath.

—"What?"

—Riri"....

—"Ah! my God!" exclaimed Blaisot, prepared to hear anything,—"Riri what?"

—"He can say 'papa,' monsieur!"

—"Eh?"

—"He can say 'papa.' Come see!"

Jules Blaisot went to see, although he had scarcely the time to see anything.

It made him feel something strange within him to know that his son could say "papa." The news seemed to fill his veins with a gentle warmth. "Papa"—he could say "papa."

—"Ta-ta!" replied Riri.

He looked at his watch. Half past five! The performance was for 8 o'clock. And in the meanwhile he had to dine, read, write, see three parties who were to take the leading roles, buy four cigars for four girls, etc

We Shall Begin TO-DAY a Grand CLEARING-OFF Sale

—OF—

MEN'S, BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S FINE WINTER CLOTHING

As we shall soon move into the magnificent structure, corner Fifth and Pine (our old location), and all our heavy goods must be closed out before we move. Lower prices will be made on all our goods than will be made for any real good substantial Clothing in this city. We call special attention this week to our MEN'S and YOUTHS' SUITS at $8, $10 and $12, in elegant Checks, Silk Mixtures and Diagonals; many of these styles are retailing elsewhere at $18 and $20. Men's and Youths' Overcoats, $8, $10 and $12, of Chinchilla, fine Melton, Silk mixed Velvet and Cassimere. At $15 we offer some very fine Blue, Brown and Black Chinchilla Oversacks, with satin sleeve linings and corded edge. See if you can find any better elsewhere at $22. Men's and Youths' fine Cassimere Pants, checks, plaids and stripes, $3, $3 50, $4 and $4 50. Boys' Overcoats, Lornes and Ulsters, age 10 to 17, $4, $5, $6, $8 and $10. Boys' Suits, age 10 to 17, $5, $6, $8 and $10, very stylish checks, plaids and silk mixtures. Children's Overcoats, all the novelties out this season, $3, $4, $5, $6 and $7. Children's Suits at $3 50, $5, $6 and $7, stylish plaids and checks, all wool, silk mixtures, Norfolk Blouse and Plaited Suits. This will be a grand opportunity to purchase the best Clothing made at very low prices.

BROWNING, KING & CO.'S GOLDEN EAGLE, 210 and 212 Broadway, Bet. Pine and Olive. D. C. YOUNG, Manager.

MORE BOUNCING.

The City Council Will Keep Up the War on Offensive Partisans.

Alt and Mott to Go—A Local Definition of Offensive Partisanship—An Every-Day Drama—The New Firemen—The Meeting at the Board of Public Improvements' Office To-Morrow—Gossip Picked Up at the City Hall.

The Thayer decision in the Denison case has by no means dismayed the Democrats who started out to empty the seats of some of the Republican officeholders about town. They were stunned for a moment or two but they quickly regained their aplomb and are now as vigorously active as ever. All the decision has effected apparently is a change of method of warfare, and now that the Assembly is well under way again the offensive Republicans who were placed in charge of departments by Mayor Ewing will do well to look sharp. The new method of proceeding is to have sworn charges preferred against an officer before the City Council and to have the Council try the officer on these charges, after first serving a copy upon him and notifying him to appear before the august thirteen and defend himself. The first pin to be bowled at is Harbor and Wharf Commissioner Alt. At the last meeting of the Council President Allen laid on the Secretary's desk for reading a document which contained charges against the Harbor and Wharf Commissioner, to the effect that that officer had signed and certified to a duplicate pay-roll made by Alex Berthound in favor of Geo. Keefe, a laborer on the harbor boat Elon G. Smith for fifteen days in June and fifteen days in July, 1885, in money amounting to $48, and that after having been notified that Berthound, with fraudulent intent, secured his signature to the rolls, he failed to remove Berthoud. These charges were preferred by Owen O'Donnell, a former employee of the Harbor Department, and were referred to the Committee on Municipal Affairs. Mr. Theodore Bell, the chairman of this committee, has had the charges in his breast pocket ever since, and has seen the Harbor and Wharf Commissioner and posted himself sufficiently in the case to proceed. The Commissioner will be given a trial before the committee, and the result of this trial will be reported to the Council, which will promptly decapitate Mr. Alt. This is rather in the way of amusement, but it "goes," as a Councilman said this morning. Everything will be done in snip shape, the Council proceeding along the line outlined by Judge Thayer in his decision in the Denison case.

"When we get through with Alt," said a member of the council this morning, "and maybe before we get through with him, we will pay our respects to Mr. Mott."

"What—re-try him?"

"No; take up the report of the Temple Committee and act upon it."

"Act upon it in what way?"

"Give him a trial before the whole Council."

"On what grounds—gross incompetency?"

"I don't know about that exactly; that depends. It is possible we may give him a worl on that."

"Justice has proved that he is not an offensive partisan."

"Well, we've got a rather original method of defining offensive partisanship. I think that the Democratic party always won in the last election, and I think it responsible to the people for the conduct of the city government, ought to have the right of saying who shall fill the offices. Now, if the head of a department is so intensely Republican that he will not discharge his clerks and give their places to Democrats who can do the work just as well, he is an offensive partisan as a man can well be. Therefore he ought to go."

"But Mr. Mott has discharged some of his clerks and given their places to Democrats."

"That was before Judge Thayer gave his decision. Since then he has stiffened up and refused to remove the remainder of his men. He would rather be removed himself than remove his men he says, and I believe he has an idea of playing the role of martyr in the hope of being given the leadership of his party in the next election."

There is no disposition among the Councilmen to conceal their desire to decapitate Republican officials, and from present appearances it is safe to say that the session now on will be a gory one. Charges are already in shape for the removal of Park Commissioner Weil, and it is likely that Building Commissioner Keelus will be sacrificed also.

An Every-Day Drama.

Commodore Smith led four women and a little girl into the Mayor's private office this morning. These were followed by Joseph G. Lodge, the attorney, and three police officers. One of the women was the matron of the Jail, an old lady with a refined face and soft voice; another was a young woman with a thin-brimmed, stylish black hat, pulled down over her forehead, a loud plaid dress, a rich fur wrap and a hard, impassive, though intelligent and good-featured face; the other two were plainly dressed, ordinary looking women, and the girl was a well-dressed, sniffy little thing of 9 or 10 years. Mayor Francis was, evidently, prepared for them and well posted in their case. He placed the women and the child on one side of the interpreter and the officers on another. He examined the policemen closely and then called the child to him. The little girl, somewhat awed with the scene, was crying, but told the Mayor in answer to his questions, what he wanted to know.

"Now," said his Honor to the loudly-dressed young woman, "come here."

The woman walked over and faced the Mayor without lifting her eyes.

"Your name is Aggie Woods, is it?"

"Yes, sir."

"And you live at 113 N. Thirteenth street?"

"Yes, sir."

"What relation are you to this little girl?"

"Her sister."

"Well, you know that she ought never to see the inside of your house?"

"Yes, sir."

"Well, what do you propose to do with her?"

"Send her to a convent."

"Have you made arrangements yet?"

"Yes, sir. She can go this afternoon, Mr. Lodge says."

Mr. Lodge said that he was at the Ursuline Convent yesterday, but had to leave before he could make any arrangements. He thought he could fix the matter up to-day or by the latest to-morrow night. Then the matron of the Jail came forward and said she knew a lady who would take the little girl and rear her properly. She gave the name of the lady and the Mayor recognizing the name as that of a good woman, decided to think it would be better to have the child placed with her.

"Now," said he to the sister, "you say you will pay this little girl's board and such other expenses as are necessary to keep her if I agree not to send her to the Refuge?"

"Yes, sir."

"Well, then, I want you to understand that this girl must not know where you live, must never visit you, and must never learn from you what your associations are. She has been too much with you already. You may arrange with the lady to whom she will go to pay her a visit at her house whenever you desire. But if I ever hear of her going into your house again I shall send her to the Refuge, and fix it so that you never can get her out. Now go, and be assured that I shall have the police look after you in this matter."

The party left. From the records it was learned that the little girl had been taken by the police last Saturday from a disreputable house, presided over by her sister, and had been in the jail since; that she had been before Mayor Ewing a year and a half ago, and was kept out of the Refuge by a promise from the sister that she would give the child a home and attend to her. In 1885 President Sam Weil, Secretary Kennard; first Vice-President, E. O. Stannard; second Vice-President, John T. Davis; treasurer, R. M. Scruggs; secretary, L. Methudy; general manager, J. A. Johnson; board of directors: Chas. H. Turner, R. S. Brookings, John T. Davis, E. O. Stannard, John P. Hopkins, R. S. Hayes, D. H. Houser, E. O. Simmons, Sam. M. Kennard, L. Methudy, R. M. Scruggs, E. H. Wallbrunn, A. D. Brown; executive committee—Sam. Weil, Kennard, chairman, ex-officio; Charles H. Turner, R. S. Hayes, John T. Davis, D. M. Houser, E. C. Simmons.

Attend the Art Sale To-Night

At Redheffer & Koen's, 1000 Olive street.

Don't fail to see our boys' good cassimere suits $8 95 this week at the

GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

Attend the Art Sale To-Night

At Redheffer & Koch's, 1000 Olive street.

THE EXPOSITION ELECTION.

Tickets to be Balloted for To-Morrow—To Night's Meeting.

The election of the Board of Directors of the Exposition to-morrow will be a very quiet affair, of a dignified and undemonstrative character, commensurate with that of the voters and the candidates elected. Thus far there has been no special preference expressed for any particular man or set of men for the directory, the argument being that an almost indiscriminate chance among the 2,000 stockholders will not be injudicious in any way.

A final meeting of the old board of directors will be held to-night for the purpose of submitting an approval of the annual report of the president, the treasurer and general manager, or so called secretary. The report of the treasurer will contain statements of the receipts and disbursements for the past year, including the proceeds of the Exposition and rentals and showing the financial condition of the Association up to date.

The president's report will give detailed statement of the concessionaire account and expenditures.

The General manager's report reviews the general features of the Exposition, its various aspects during the past year and the general outlook for the coming year. All these reports will be printed in pamphlet form. There will, unless some new developments are had to-night, be no new tickets in the field, which will consist of names of the old directory and a few new names are already suggested, including those of M. K. Buck, H. W. Clark, Ben Eaton, Jerome Hil, D. Crawford, Joseph Specht, Seth Cobb, J. Cuff Richardson, Ed Mallinckrodt, L. D. Kingsland and one or two others. The polls will open at 9 o'clock to-morrow and will remain open until 5 o'clock p. m. No dissatisfaction has been expressed about the present board and it is generally presumed that the major part, if not the whole of it, will be re-elected. Whether the old directory be elected or whether new ones will take their places remains to be pretty generally understood that the present corps of officers will retain their positions. Treasurer Scruggs is busy putting the finishing touches upon his report, which is purposely withheld from publication until it has been submitted to the board at its meeting this evening. The following is the list of the present officers and the old directory for 1885: President, Sam. Weil; first Vice-president, E. O. Stannard; second Vice-president, John T. Davis; treasurer, R. M. Scruggs; secretary, L. Methudy; general manager, J. A. Johnson; board of directors: Chas. H. Turner, R. S. Brookings, John T. Davis, E. O. Stannard, John P. Hopkins, R. S. Hayes, D. H. Houser, E. O. Simmons, Sam. M. Kennard, L. Methudy, R. M. Scruggs, E. H. Wallbrunn, A. D. Brown; executive committee—Sam. Weil, Kennard, chairman, ex-officio; Charles H. Turner, R. S. Hayes, John T. Davis, D. M. Houser, E. C. Simmons.

Attend the Art Sale To-Night

At Redheffer & Koen's, 1000 Olive street.

THE EXPOSITION ELECTION.

Tickets to be Balloted for To-Morrow—To Night's Meeting.

The election of the Board of Directors of the Exposition to-morrow will be a very quiet affair, of a dignified and undemonstrative character, commensurate with that of the voters and the candidates elected. Thus far there has been no special preference expressed for any particular man or set of men for the directory, the argument being that an almost indiscriminate chance among the 2,000 stockholders will not be injudicious in any way.

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Attend the Art Sale To-Night

At Redheffer & Koen's, 1000 Olive street.

THE RAILROADS.

Getting Ready to Reorganize the Wabash—The New St. Paul Line.

The decree of foreclosure in the case of the Wabash, St. Louis and Pacific is now completed excepting the embodiment of the report of the Master Edmund T. Allen, which is almost completed. This report will contain the various indebtedness of the company including the receiver's certificates, liens and outstanding interest. It is thought by those who have the matter in hand, that the Court will order the decree before the expiration of the present year. Then the sale must be advertised for thirty, sixty or ninety days as the Court may deem best. This will carry the sale over until spring at any rate. Beyond a shadow of a doubt the sale will amount to nothing more than a formality, as the holders of the bonded mortgage and trust bonds are organized already for the purpose of purchasing the property, by the sale a forced payment of a semi-annual interest on $38,000,000 bonds, or a fixed charge of $1,500,000 per annum will be wiped out, and will be boiled down to a point where the new company will not be compelled to pay that enormous amount unless it is earned. It is understood the bould syndicate will still swing the helm in the management.

The representatives of the Central Iowa and the Minneapolis and Southwestern are in conference with the Wabash officials to-day, consummating arrangements for the new St. Paul Line, which begins operations December 5. The time schedule and other matters will be arranged by to-morrow. E. L. Dudley, general superintendent, and J. P. Nourse, general passenger agent of the Central Iowa; Raymond Duroy, general superintendent of the Minneapolis and Southwestern; Col. A. A. Talmage and F. Chandler of the Wabash compose the conference.

THE ART SALE IS NEXT MONDAY AND TUESDAY at the Pettes Galleries, Sixth and Olive. Dodd Collection.

Here is a Good Chance.

To-morrow 1,000 men's good fur beaver overcoats, such as are retailed elsewhere for $7 50, will go for $4 50 at the

GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

THE SECOND WEEK.

Sam Jones Leaves His First Seven Days Behind Him.

The Sermon To-Day on Gratitude—The Necessity of Doing Something—Yesterday's Meetings.

Sam Jones' services were all well attended yesterday, especially the afternoon meeting for men, at which there were between 3,000 and 4,000 persons present. His text was "Conscience—Record—God," and in expounding the scriptural idea of each he delivered and address in which not a word was said which would offend the most delicate lady. This strictness of speech was a surprise to many and possibly a disappointment to some, but taken altogether, his sermon was received with favor which was shown by the almost universal response to his call to all who wanted to surrender to God to stand up and by the liberal collection which brought in fully $300. In the evening Sam Small delivered a powerful temperance address and made his first appearance on the Music Hall stage, a debut that was greeted with close attention and applause.

TO-DAY'S SERVICE.

At Centenary Church this morning there was an unusually large audience for Monday, and there was a great interest shown in the Gospel talk. On the platform were noticed Rev. W. H. Black of the Lucas Avenue Cumberland Presbyterian Church; Rev. Dr. J. H. Brookes of the Washington Avenue Presbyterian; Rev. Dr. J. W. Lewis of St. John's Southern Methodist; Rev. A. O. Jones of the Cook Avenue Southern M. E.; Dr. Tudor of Centenary; Sam Small; Rev. T. H. Haggerty of the Water Tower M. E., and Rev. — McNeil of Cape Girardeau. Among the audience were Rev. Albert Jump of Central M. E.; Rev. Calvin S. Blackwell of Central Christian and other clergymen. Mr. Blackwell spoke briefly. Mr. Jones after the talk and expressed the heartiest appreciation of his work. Just then a POST-DISPATCH reporter asked him if the proposed consolidation with the First Christian Church had not fizzled out. "I don't know that it has fizzled out, but I do know that Sam Jones has got my people to think that they are now and they are going ahead to build of church of their own."

"So Sam has stirred you up, eh?"

"Just a shade it," was Mr. Blackwell's response. Mr. Jones took for his text the question: "How shall a man show his gratitude to God for all He has done for him." The keynote of the discourse lay in the answer: By doing something for him. The church people had been waiting in faith the past week, and now he wanted them to do something. His exhort ation was for all christians to ask for the conversion of friends during the rest of the meeting. One me hod of securing this was to write notes at 1 o'clock each day, urging friends to come to the meetings, and to sign those notes with the real writer. If there was any hesitancy about using the "nom de plume" note. To illustrate what could be done by working he related an instance of one, in a certain town, his meetings had left off day by day until there were only left himself, the pastor and two good women. He asked them to pray, and then told them he wanted them to go out and quit every door-bell, and any woman came to the door to tell her they were as long to the devil. If they were not willing to do so he wanted them to get off their knees. He left the town and agreed to go back if they got the men, and the four did as was requested. The result was that out of a population of 1,200 in that town only twenty-seven sinners were left unsaved.

He had no use for revival Christians. To come out in a revival, sin themselves, and then go into backsliding. That was very much like an engine, puffing and blowing from one track to another scaring horses, but the little heavy puling was done on the straight track. It was the object of a revival not to make people happy, but to make them do something. He had no use for Christians that were moved as a revival only to feel good. They were too much like that tot who got hold of a drink just to feel good. He himself didn't get his highest happiness in a revival, for he often left a revival hungry for something he could not get. He learned how he used at home to return from a revival, and with his wife go out to the house of an old colored auntie who was dying of cancer, and made her feel happier by reading the Bible to her and giving her some comforts of life. To hear her "God bless you, Massa Sammy," often made him happier than all the shouting and excitement of a revival. He had always treated him with harshness, yet would he feel grateful to God for his treatment of him himself and manner, for the grand Christian character of his brother, who passed away singing, "Jesus can make a dying bed feel soft as downy pillows are." He was grateful for what God had done for his wife and children, and now that God had not treated him harshly, but had saved him he couldn't help feeling grateful. He closed by asking for an expression by standing, to show a willingness to work for Christ in this revival, and the house to a man arose. The meeting then adjourned after the announcement of preaching at Music Hall to-night.

THE ART SALE IS NEXT MONDAY AND TUESDAY at the Pettes Galleries, Sixth and Olive. Dodd Collection.

The Caledonian Society's Banquet.

The annual banquet of the Caledonian Society will be held this evening at the Mercantile Club rooms on Locust street, between Seventh and Eighth. The banquet will be similar to those given in previous years. Toasts will be responded to by Messrs. H. L. D'Arcy, George L. Madill, S. J. Nicolls, Mayor Francis and others.

ARTISTIC presents, latest engravings, paintings water colors, picture frames, etc. Prices positively the lowest. Call and be convinced.

AMERICAN ART CO., Eighth and Pine.

HOTEL PERSONALS.

Thos. McCram, Indianapolis; L. E. Washburn, Fort Smith, Ark.; R. Duval, Nashville, Tenn., and G. S. Isbell, Dallas, Texas, are at the St. James.

Mrs. Jas. Hill, Chester, Ill.; P. H. Rice, Little Rock, Ark.; John M. Kaye, Harrisonville, Mo., and J. Bendy, Kansas City, Mo., are at Hurst's New Hotel.

J. E. Spaulding, Springfield, Ill.; C. H. Trieben, California, Mo.; H. S. Montgomery, Eureka Springs, Ark. and Wm. T. Johnson, Kansas City, Mo., are at Hotel Barnum.

J. S. Gill, Springfield, Mo.; W. T. League, Poplar Bluff, Mo.; C. H. Wallace, Kirwin, Kan.; J. Bowers, Boston, and R. W. Howard, Palestine, Tex., are at the Laclede.

G. F. Burnsam, Indianapolis; L. B. Bullens, Kansas City, Mo.; M. Siera, Philadelphia; W. M. Clark, Grand Rapids, and F. S. Armstrong, Detroit, are at the Lindell.

A. Vignaux and wife, Chicago; W. H. Paton, New Orleans; C. W. Hyatt, Philadelphia; H. B. Lenzer, Defiance, Ohio, and J. H. Stewart, Webb City, Mo., are at the Planters'.

J. P. Nurse and wife, Iowa; J. E. Lufkin, Anna, Ill.; E. E. Pratt, Chicago; F. S. Harris, Cairo, Ill.; K. G. Riccards, Beatrice, Neb.; Jos. Milburn, Detroit, Mich., and J. G. Cora, Vandalia, Ill., are at the Everett.

Charles Cutter, Hot Springs; A. J. Parks, Centerville, Mo.; George D. Lewis and J. Means and wife, Chicago; F. E. Adams and wife, Charleston, and J. D. McGrath, Emporia, Kan., are at Hotel Hunt.

Mrs. J. A. Le Boguet, Galveston, Tex.; Jas. M. Beardsley, Rock Island, Ill.; J. M. Johnson, Baltimore, Md.; A. Smithson, Boston, Mass.; E. S. Joy, Newark, N. J., and F. J. Mitchell, Springfield, Mo., are at the Southern.

Panic Among Clothing Merchants.

1,500 men's fine corkscrew and cassimere suits and overcoats, prices elsewhere $15, will go for $10 this week at the

GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

BUY Dozier-Weyl's Royal Snowflakes.

E. JACCARD JEWELRY CO.'S

GRAND AUCTION SALE

At 414 North Fourth St., Bet. Locust and Vine Sts.,

Is now in full progress, and has been patronized very extensively during the last two days. The catalogue of goods to be sold is so arranged there is a complete assortment in all lines for sale every day. We beg to refer to our patrons so far as to the Extraordinary Bargains obtained. What is our loss has proved their gain. The goods must be sold, and are being sold fast. A careful inspection is solicited.

French Clocks of the Finest Quality Only,
Real and Imitation Bronzes,
Vienna Brass and Gilt Bronze Goods,
Parian, Bisque and Terra Cotta Statuary,
Artistic Pottery and Fine Plaques,
Music-Boxes, Albums, Leather and Plush Goods,
Plated Ware in Extensive Profusion,
Lamps, Opera Glasses, etc., etc.,

Are all there and form the assortment. Call for a Catalogue; distribution free. Next sale Monday morning, 10:30.

TWO SALES DAILY—10:30 A. M., 2:30 P. M.,—Every Day This Week

GRAND SACRIFICE SALE

On the Corner of Fifth and Olive Streets,

Atracts a great many people. A general reduction has been made on the whole stock in the establishment. We are determined to reduce our stock disregarding profits, and the greatest bargains are to be had.

A Magnificent Assortment of Watches,
A Grand Display of Diamonds,
The Latest Styles of Jewelry,
Silverware Lower Than Any Competitors,
French Clocks, Bronzes and Fancy Goods
Offered at Cost or Less. Etc., Etc.,

Are among the inducements offered to our patrons and visitors.

We are now opening our annual display of

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S CARDS,

And in LOW PRICES will eclipse any other assortment anywhere.

E. JACCARD JEWELRY CO., CORNER FIFTH AND OLIVE

THE BILLIARDISTS.

The Schaefer and Vignaux Party Arrive This Morning.

Jake is Ready to Play Maurice Daly at Any Time for $2,000 a Side—Arrangements for the St. Louis Tournament—Local Sporting Notes and Gossip.

The Vignaux-Schaefer party arrived in the city this morning and registered at the Planters' House. Slosson will be here to-morrow, having remained over one day in Chicago to transact some private business. There are in the party Monsieur and Madame Vignaux, Jake Schaefer, Arthur G. Newland, the well-known bookmaker of New York, and John Cameron, otherwise familiarly known as "big John."

The sudden change of mind on the part of the French billiardist to come to St. Louis can be best attributed to the fact that the Chicago game between Schaefer, Slosson and himself has been declared a tie. Mr. Bensinger of the Brunswick and Balke Company refusing to deliver over the $1,000 prize money, a tie off game was made necessary, and the ivory shovers, having so much spare time on their hands, concluded to take a run down to St. Louis and regale the votaries of the cushion here with a specimen of their tripartite skill.

A Post-Dispatch reporter spoke with Mr. Schaefer immediately after his arrival this morning. "I suppose the whole matter has been arranged for," said he, referring to Mr. Jeff Donovan, who has the coming St. Louis tournament in charge. "You see we were delayed up in Chicago by the refusal of Bensinger to give up the prize of $1,000 he had put up and with Vignaux, Slosson and myself, will play the tie off in Chicago on December 21, 22 and 23. The tie off will differ from the other game in being a straight game of 800 points instead of 600 points. The door receipts on that occasion will be divided, 50 per cent to the best man, 30 to the second best and 20 to the last."

Mr. Donovan has not yet made all the final arrangements for the tournament here but expects to have everything ready on the arrival of Slosson to-morrow. The tournament will take place most likely in the Mercantile Library Hall, beginning Tuesday evening and continuing on Friday and Saturday evenings next. It will be a straight rail tourney, 600 points and no extra prizes, the door money to be divided on a similar basis as that of the tie off game to be played next month in Chicago, viz.: 50, 30 and 20 per cent of the gross receipts divided according to points made by the players.

Schaefer is looking much the same as usual.

"How does Vignaux playing strike you?" the reporter asked.

"Well, he's a great player. There's no use in denying that," said he. "He isn't like anything we've got over here at all. In fact, you'd have to see him yourself to get an idea of how he plays."

"What are his specialties?"

"Why, he plays all over the table. His draw shots are something wonderful. He is without doubt the greatest draw shot in the world. He avoids the cushion, and never uses it when he can get around the ball by any other way. Then, again, at times he is a hard and plays wild."

"What does he think of American players?"

"Well, that's hard to tell. He's a man that doesn't say much, and then of course, being ignorant of the English language, he cannot express himself as he would probably like to."

Mr. Dan Newland had a word to say regarding the challenge of Maurice Daly in which the latter offers to play the winner of the Chicago tie game. Mr. Newland, acting in the capacity of Schaefer's manager, says that the challenge will be accepted by Schaefer on terms of $2,000 a side, nothing less, the match to be played at any place satisfactory to both parties three weeks after the close of the games in Chicago, December 23.

"If Daly wants to play," added Mr. Newland, "he will oblige by sending a forfeit of $500 to the New York Clipper, and we will meet him half way." Mr. Newland also stated that although not regularly authorized to do so, he would extend the same offer to Daly on behalf of Slosson, who, he thought, would be perfectly willing to play the New York man.

Bicycle Notes.

Saturday afternoon at the Fair Grounds T. W. Eck attempted to break the quarter-mile tricycle record, and, although he ran the distance twice very fast there was no record established, on account of defective timing. Two of the watches recorded his first trial as under 43 2-5. The weather continuing pleasant this week, he will make other attempts.

Saturday evening John S. Prince, the professional champion, indignant at Woodside's claim to the 50-mile record, as the latter ran in a rink, sent a challenge to him to race 50 miles for $100 a side to settle the question of superiority.

The Big Winners.

The Herald, speaking of last season's races, says: James J. Williams is the seventh largest winner of the year, with $37,638 to his credit. Joe Cattos, the 3-year-old, heads the list, having won $21,800, which entitles him to fifth place in the list of individual winners of 1885. Bob Miles is the next important winner in this stable, having started twenty-eight times. He won ten races and $12,985. Higgins' stables won $33,787, having started in fifty-seven races, and won twelve.

Epaulet's Big Price.

NEW YORK, November 30.—The famous young Kentucky stallion Epaulet, which was recently bought at auction for $330, was sold on Friday to Robert Steele of Philadelphia for $22,500.

Sporting Notes.

The New York Club and St. Louis Browns Club played a game at New Orleans yesterday, the score being: New York 6, St. Louis 2. The feature of the game was the excellent fielding of both nines. Batteries: Foutz and Bushong and Keefe and Reipschlager. The Browns left for home yesterday.

Abe Miller, a light-weight of Kansas City, and Jack Bailey, an Eastern middle-weight, fought with soft gloves to a finish yesterday at Kansas City. The match was for $100 money and $100 a side, Queensbury rules. At the end of the fifteenth round the fight was given to Miller.

THE ART SALE IS NEXT MONDAY AND TUESDAY at the Pettes Galleries, Sixth and Olive. Dodd Collection.

THE CIVIL COURTS.

Decision in the Carr-Davis Case—A Life Insurance Suit—Legal Notes.

Judge Thayer rendered a decision to-day on the motion to strike from the files the amended bill in the case of Superintendent Carr of the Insurance Department against George J. Davis. The original petition was a suit against the Levison & Blythe Stationery Company to recover the proceeds of a note drawn on the company to pay the subscription to the capital stock of the Union City Savings Company. The theory was that the note was held in trust by the Insurance company with other notes received in part payment for said company's subscription, and that it had been unlawfully withdrawn from the custody of the Insurance Company and surrendered to the Stationery Company with a view of releasing the latter from its stock liability. Defendant Davis, who is the sole defendant in the amended petition, was named as one of the defendants in the original complaint, together with the Receiver of the Life Association.

The amended petition prayed for a judgment against the defendant Davis for $500,000 on the alleged conversion of a large amount of personal securities formerly belonging to the insurance company. The court regards the first petition as stating a single cause for recovery on stock liability on the ground that an attempt had been made to release the stockholder in a fraudulent manner. The amended bill substitutes a new and different cause of action against Davis for intermeddling with and disturbing a large body of trust assets. The filing of such an amended bill is not permissible under the statute.

The Britton Case.

In the case of Carr, superintendent of insurance, against James H. Britton, the Court sustained the demurrer to the plea of res adjudicata. The suit sought to charge Mr. Britton with liability for notes executed by himself which have come to his possession, on the ground that he received and appropriated them with notice of a trust attaching thereto. There was no possibility of obtaining a decree against Britton in the former suit inasmuch as evidence showed that he was so connected with the alleged conspiracy as to render him liable for all the trust assets which had been wasted under the pretense of redeeming stock.

A Commercial Suit.

In the case of L. L. & L. A. Wilson against the Charles E. Clarke Notion Company and Charles E. Clarke, Judge Lubke rendered a decision to-day giving judgment for the defendant Clarke and the Notion Company on the second cause and for the plaintiff on the first cause for $54 68 against the Notion Company and Geo. Newman, surety on the appeal bond. This was a case in which a quantity of goods was ordered to be shipped C. O. D. and a draft for the amount of invoice was duly honored. When the package was opened, however, it was found not to contain the full amount of the goods ordered and paid for. The claim for damages on that account, however, was not allowed.

A Provisional Judge.

Judge Thayer to-day appointed A. A. Paxton Provisional Judge of the Court of Criminal Correction during the absence of Judge Noonan.

Attention Assignees!

Judge Thayer to-day directed that the assignees in all cases of voluntary assignment be required to pay all accrued costs in ten days.

Attend the Art Sale To-Night

At Redheffer & Koch's, 1000 Olive street.

Ada in single Blessedness.

NEW YORK, November 30.—Miss Ada Sweet, late United States pension agent at Chicago, is visiting friends here. She was astonished at reading in great yesterday that she had been happily wedded to an Iowa gentleman. The bride is another lady. The mistake was made by a Long Island reporter.

P. LAURENT Restaurant, 14th st. and Locust place serves breakfast and evening dinner at $6 per week.

THE ELKS' SOCIAL.

Pleasant Gathering and Excellent Programme Inaugurating the Winter Series.

The winter series of musicales at the Elk Club was pleasantly inaugurated on Saturday evening. There was a large attendance of the members and their friends and the programme presented was acknowledged to be one of the best ever furnished within the walls of this popular club. In the early portion of the evening Mdlle Bretto of the Casino Theater contributed two excellent vocal numbers. Captain Hurd and Major Wilson of the same theater next entertained the company with lightning drills, introducing military tactics. Mr. Robert W. Goode followed with a recitation, and the president, who directed the entertainment, then introduced Professor and Madame Steen. Madame Steen, blindfolded, gave some remarkable manifestations of second sight and mind reading, and the Professor furnished some astonishing illusions. Mr. Cullen contributed sentimental songs and was followed by Mr. Frank Bush and Mr. J. Russell of Hallen & Hart's Company, in imitation sketches which were warmly applauded.

Gus Phillips, better known as Oofty Goofy, furnished one of his inimitable sketches, and Lieutenant Brandon gave two vocal numbers and a sketch in an appreciative style. By kind permission of Manager George MacManus the complete orchestra of the Casino, under the direction of Professor Perez, furnished choice selections of popular music, and the entertainment was prolonged to a late hour. These enjoyable social features of the Elk Club will be continued throughout the theatrical season.

THE ART SALE IS NEXT MONDAY AND TUESDAY at the Pettes Galleries, Sixth and Olive. Dodd Collection.

Commercial Chat.

Every indication thus far points to the strong probability that Mr. Seth Cobb will be the next president of the Merchants' Exchange. Mr. Cobb's name is spoken of in this connection by everybody and there is, perhaps, no man on the floor who is more popular or who has a stronger following than he. The friends of Charles Barlow were just beginning to get up a little boom for that gentlemen when he threw cold water on their efforts by a rather strong intimation that he would decline the nomination if proffered to him. With this removal Mr. Cobb stands alone in the field.

ABOUT FREIGHT RATES.

Freight rates are decidedly firm at present and well-posted freight agents propose y that they will retain their strength for some time to come. This is particularly so with reference to Southern rates As a matter of self protection, the agents say, the rates are maintained, the management fearing a paralysis of traffic resulting from the buying out of divisions by rival roads.

KANSAS CORN CROP.

Seth Cobb returned from Wichita, Kan., this morning, and is enthusiastic over the fine showing of the corn crop in the southern part of that State. "East of Fredonia," said Mr Cobb, "and on the 'Frisco Line, the crop is scanty and poor, but west of Fredonia the crop is simply great. The corn is in excellent condition, with no bad or rotten grains, and is beginning to move freely already. When shipped here it will all grade No. 2 mixed, and will be one of the finest crops we've had yet."

A Handsome Gift Book.

One of the most entertaining and handsome calendar books which has ever been issued is now being distributed in this city by the Charles A. Vogeler Company of Baltimore, Maryland. It is the "St. Jacob's Oil Family Calendar and Book of Health and Humor for the Million, for 1886." While the calendar spread of the virtues of St. Jacob's Oil, it possesses intrinsic value as a piece of literary and art stic work, and is really a beautiful gift book. Among the talented contributors to the prose and poetry of the volume are "Bill Nye," "M. Quad," G. B. Lewis, "Wade Whipple," George Stevens, R. K. Munkittrick, Opie P. Read and others; while among its artists are Opper of Puck, Worth and Palmer Cox. In addition to its literary and illustrative features, are calendar pages for each month in the year, giving full information as to the moon's phases, daily rising and setting of the sun, eclipses, weather probabilities, church feasts and dates of the most important events of ancient and modern. It is a valuable reference book.

Gould's St. Louis Blue Book.

Gould's St. Louis Blue Book is just out and will be delivered to subscribers in a few days. It is bound up in a very attractive style and printed upon very handsome paper. The list of names is selected from the best householders in St. Louis. It is what it pretends to be, a family directory, and for ladies calling or sending out notices is the only reliable list of names. The price is $3. To be had at all book stores.

Attend the Art Sale To-Night

At Redheffer & Koch's, 1000 Olive street.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The Life Saving Service last year saved 3,196 persons.

Sir John Walsham has been appointed British Ambassador to China.

W. E. Forster, ex-Chief Secretary for Ireland, was elected for Bradford.

The opening bull-fights took place at Monterey, Mex., yesterday, before 10,000 people.

A party of fourteen Sioux Indians are astonishing the Continental cities of Europe.

Elizabeth Phelp, the song writer of England, is dead; also Otto Lehfeld, the veteran German actor.

Count VonMunster, late German Embassador to England, was banqueted in London Saturday night.

It is said that the Servian populace are indignant over the conclusion of the armistice with Bulgaria.

Secretary Lamar has decided that a patent is not irrevocable until it has been received by the patentee.

A large number of social revolutionists were brought to the bar at Warsaw, Russia, for trial Saturday.

Rev. John Butler and son of the American Presbyterian Mission at Ningpo, China, died of cholera October 11.

All of Carlyle's letters to Goethe have been discovered and the complete correspondence will soon be published.

Gladstone, in a speech at Carlisle Saturday night, said he was confident Scotland and Wales would pull the Liberals through.

Two notorious courtesans, Vennie Melville and Mabel Holmes, quarreled at Baker City, Oregon. Mabel was shot and killed.

Prince Bismarck in the Reichstag Saturday said that the Jesuits would continue to be excluded from the German colonies.

The daughter of Mario, the great tenor, has been sentenced to imprisonment at Berlin for swindling jewelers

HE-NO TEA
BEATEN.

St. Louis Tea Company, 106 N. Fifth St., Will sell the same combination for 40 cents per pound Fifteen lb. best granulated sugar, $1. All coffees reduced 5 cents per pound.

MILK THE Largest Retailers of Pure Illinois Milk in the city. Telephone No 3,122. BOWMAN & CO., 818 and 820 Morgan st.

CITY NEWS.

ANOTHER big layout of new goods at D. Crawford & Co.'s in dress goods, silks, blankets, flannels, underwear, cloaks, wraps, etc., cheaper than ever. Be there on Monday. Look out for the grand opening of toys next Wednesday.

THE perfume of violets, the purity of the lily, the glow of the rose and the flush of Hebe combine in Pozzoni's wondrous Powder.

Dr. E. C. Chase,
927 Olive street. Set of teeth, $3.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated, and medicine furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine street.

DR. WHITTIER, 617 St. Charles street, cures diseases of indiscretion, excesses, indulgencies. Call or write.

CITY NEWS.

Thos. Marley of 4272 Garfield avenue was severely bitten last evening by a vicious dog.

The overturning of a lamp by somebody caused a fire in stall 72 at Union Market yesterday, which did $300 damage before it could be checked.

William Brady of 2117 Randolph street had both of his feet badly crushed by being run over by a car Saturday evening near the Tayon avenue bridge.

The St. Louis Typographical Union, No. 8, held its regular meeting at Lightstone's Hall yesterday afternoon. A number of committees were appointed.

James Wilson was arrested Saturday evening in Carondelet for endeavoring to sell a mule which, from the price at which he offered it, is supposed to have been stolen.

A young man named Joseph Leonard got into a fight with a man, whose name is unknown, at Druids' Hall last night, and received a severe knife wound in the neck. His assailant escaped.

The cornerstone of St. Bridget's new school-house was laid yesterday afternoon. The school is to be located on Stoddard street, near Jefferson avenue. Mr. E. Graham Frost delivered an address.

The Anarchist Society met last evening at Turner Hall. A pamphlet entitled "Victor Hugo: His Two Messages—One to the Poor, the Other to the Rich," was distributed, and several addresses on the labor question were made by members of the society.

A small fire which, but for the timely efforts of Officers Ready and Vanwig, might have resulted in a disastrous conflagration, broke out yesterday morning at 1838 Franklin avenue. The fire is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary.

J. H. Siegrist, who resides at 20 N. Eleventh street, went into a house of ill-repute at 818 Chestnut street last evening and displayed a roll of bills, which was snatched from his hands by Eliza Harris, an inmate. She was arrested, and Siegrist had all his money returned to him.

Henry Koehler, 17 years of age, living at 225 S. Second street, was run over by an Iron Mountain switch engine in the yard at Main street and Caoutchouc avenue, Saturday evening, and had his left leg badly crushed below the knee. He was sent to the Hospital and died during the night.

The Socialists met at Central Turner Hall last evening. Mr. Max Stosin delivered an address on "Law and Order." The substance of Mr. Stosin's speech was that there is no law for the workingmen, and he advised all laborers to unite for mutual protection. Messrs. Walters and Sendig spoke in the same strain.

Patrick Brady attempted to get into the saloon of Charles Rornfeld, corner of Prairie avenue and Natural Bridge road, on Saturday night, after the door had been closed, and because the saloonkeeper refused to open the door, he fired several shots through the panels. He then went away, but was arrested yesterday.

The annual meeting of the Teachers' Mutual Aid Association was held Saturday afternoon at the Polytechnic Building. The following were elected directors for the ensuing year: Messrs. Soldan, Cooke, Baare and Hammerstein, Mrs. Fanning, Miss Eaton, Mrs. Anderson, Miss Hann and Mrs. Weyl. The board will meet during the week and elect officers.

Anton Will of 1809 S. Second street, who was arrested some days ago for beating his wife and daughter, and whose case was to have come up in the Criminal Court Saturday, but was continued owing to the absence of the principal witness, made an attempt to commit suicide by stabbing himself on the Levee and Rutger street Saturday evening. He was prevented from accomplishing his purpose by Officer Offer.

F. De Lang, one of the cowboys in attendance at the late convention, became intoxicated last evening and going in to Fanny Scott's house, 309 S. Sixth street, struck Miss Fannie over the head with a candlestick, cutting her down. Officer Gilliland came in and attempted to arrest him as assaulted the officer with a poker, but was soon overpowered and lodged in the police station.

James Burns is a young man of an inventive turn of mind, his hobby being an electric propeller. He built an 18-foot yawl in which he placed his propeller, and about 5 o'clock Saturday launched his craft at the foot of Christy avenue, a large crowd being in attendance. Two of his friends got in the yawl with him. The craft had only moved out into the water a short distance, when suddenly the yawl gave a lurch and the craft and crew disappeared beneath the water. The three men soon came to the surface and reached the shore in safety, but the craft rested on the bottom of the river.

Two young men came into the boarding-house 906 Walnut street, last night and engaged rooms for the night. Later in the evening, the clerk, who suspected them from the moment they entered, went upstairs and on opening the door of the room found that they had broken open the trunk which they had brought in with them, and had strewn the contents over the floor. One of the men escaped, but the other, Henry Wyman, was arrested. The trunk, which had been stolen from the Union Depot, belonged to W. J. Jeunison of Terryville, Ohio, but contained nothing valuable.

The inquest on the body of Oliver Dorsage, the clerk of Day's Metropolitan Hotel, who died of burns received in the fire the other night, was resumed yesterday. Minnie Seward, the girl who was also badly burned and who jumped from the third-story window, was called on at the hospital and her testimony taken. She testified that a barrel of coal oil was brought into the house very shortly before the fire and that the bed clothes were taken out the day before the fire. William Famner was also examined and testified to the same facts. The inquest was then adjourned.

BOYS' SUITS MADE TO ORDER
For $10, $12 and $15.

We are making boys' suits "to order" at very low prices and from fabrics you cannot find at ready-made clothing houses.

MILLS & AVERILL,
S. E. Corner Broadway and Pine.

JOHN KELLY.

Condition of the Well-Known New York Politician's Health.

NEW YORK, November 30.—Speaking of John Kelly's health, the Times says: "It does not look now as if he would be able to do any mental work for a long time to come. The date of the departure South of himself and family has not been fixed, but they will probably go as soon as cold weather comes and he is pronounced by his doctor strong enough to travel.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate.
Admirable Results in Fevers.

DR. J. J. RYAN, St. Louis, Mo., says: "I invariably prescribe it in fevers; also in convalescence from wasting and debilitating diseases, with admirable results. I also find it a tonic to an enfeebled condition of the genital organs."

Attend the Art Sale To-Night
At Redheffer & Koch's, 1000 Olive street.

SIDEWALK canopy and clean carpet covers.
THOS. MORRISON, 214 N. Second st.

We Are Still Giving Away
Men's good shirts and drawers at 16 cents; men's all-wool red flannel shirts and drawers at 45 cents; silk-end suspenders at 25 cents; men's overshirts at 25 cents; men's knitted jackets at 49 cents; children's flannel waists at 49 cents. Better grades proportionately cheap this week at the
GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

A MANIA FOR MUGS.

The Apotheosis of Toughness in Current Farce Comedy.

Hard Faces and Salacious Slang the Principal Ingredients of the Most Popular Skits—Grimesey, Old Hoss, Old Sport and Rats—The Female Hoodlum Waiting for Her Turn to Leap Into Popularity.

The tough is now permitted to witness his own apotheosis.

It takes place nightly and on matinee afternoons upon the theatrical stage, which is always the shrine of the public's idol.

In the present status of his deification the tough has a well-defined halo of popularity encircling his head and an unmistakable nimbus of prosperity stretching out below the apogee of his spring-bottom pants.

All that remains to make him a complete first-class dramatic divinity is to put him in the hands of a bad actor in the midst of a bad play, and then let some silly girl leave a comfortable home and a millionaire dadda to run away with the bad actor.

From that moment the tough's throne is fixed in human hearts and he becomes as adorable a cock-of-the-walk as is now the family coachman or was some years ago the negro minstrel.

Just at this moment the tough is in the hands of art, and is, consequently, slightly handicaped.

What he requires is a social sensation, of no special magnitude, but of just sufficient intensity to beget a boom that will last a small show for an ordi ary season.

He wants to create some excitement in high life.

He must win an heiress—not as men win jack pots or eight-day clocks—but as he is even now winning the favor of the public—with his mug.

This may not be an easy task, but when accomplished it will be a profitable one.

The tough stands about even chances with a hare-lipped bull-dog in suing for the hand of an heiress; still he may be able to get there, and if he does he can easily supply the accessories of that celestial realm known to the world as success are his for many a day to come.

If a prize worth reaching out for! It is a triumph that the most magnificent mug hoodiumism has so far erected in its own honor anywhere could be distinctly and deservedly proud of.

To the man of average capacity for giving up conundrums there appears to be no reason why the mug that receives pa uduits from fair hands should not be allowed to sp k uses from fair lips.

And particularly a mug which is so grandly in the ascendant as this mug is—the ideal tough's mug.

Still the labial shelf on which the coveted honey rests seems to be just a little bit beyond the tips of the tough's fingers.

And the tough's mug must for the time being forego its mellifinagic feast.

Poor old mug! It seems to be in hard luck in this respect, but in all others it's a daisy!

Other people have mugs, but they are mere puny maxiliary misfortunes compared with the facial adornment that belongs to the tough.

His mug is the horizon of his character.

It may appear to be a misfit, but if you regard it with an artist's eye you will find that it is not.

In every picture there is what painters call the point of distance; it is the center of perspective, and all lines of the composition are drawn with reference to this center.

The center of the tough's perspective is his mug, and tailor, shoemaker, hatter and barber alike cut out their work so that the tough's toggery and his general get-up will take the shape of an artistic radiation of his obtrusive attributes from his mug outward.

All his shining qualities increase their brilliancy until they concentrate in the mug.

And when the lustrescent fusion takes place in a mug that has monumental fe tures all its own, oh! what an expressionful attitude of defiance, it makes!

It is the attitude of the t'oro'bred.

The t'oro'bred never wears a collar, because he likes to use all the neck he's got in giving his chin the proper poise for conversation.

His cervical column must be almost on a level with the lower line of his nether jaw, and the rim of his pancake hat must lap down over the end of his nose and daily with the up-curled right corner of his mouth.

He is now attitudinized for remarking with all due emphasis on all parts of t e interrogation: "W'at er ge go'n' ter do 'bout it, eh?"

With a twist of his wrist and the proper parabolic evolution of h s outspread thumb and forefinger he can snift himself into that marvelous attitude that betokens authority and suggests illimitable power as he says to the object of his attention: "Say, cull, sherry?"

Then, giving his hat a fresh tilt from the rear, and putting a new kink in his neck and another wriable in his shoulder, he may transform himself into a leering monster the sum total of whose disagreeable features is embraced in the most pleasant deb: "Oin, w'at d'ye say?"

The t'oro'bred is the tough whose mug and methods now corruscate in every farcical comedy that is offered to the public.

He is a living exaggeration of a low class of human beings, and he fits in admirably among the caricatures that are called for in farce.

The slang he slings offsets the soft language of the sentimentalis s whom he runs against in the scenes, and his homeliness of face and attire make another necessary striking contrast.

He is a bitter enemy of all social forms and hates so savagely the man who dresses well or owns anything that it is an absolute pleasure to follow him through his revolt against civilization and culture.

He is defiant towards everything and everybody, and he will not allow himself to be crushed or his identity to be concealed behind standing collars or within braidless cut-away coats.

He respects nobody and would just as soon rap de Pope a t'ump up in de teet' as he would climb de collar of a consumptive heroine or tell the President of the United S ates to go out in the street and throw mud at himself. O, but he's a lally-cooler.

Because the world is often attracted by the things it de-pises, it now takes up the tough to idolize him and to put an aureole of absurdity around his protuberant mug.

Like the ragged, red-nosed tramp whom careful folks set their dogs upon if he dares to venture upon their premises, he is an object of ecstatic amusement when he is on the stage.

Men and women laugh at him in the theater, because the footlights assure them of their own personal security, while it gives opportunity of witnessing the rudeness which others are experiencing at his hands.

The tough, too, is exhibited under the same conditions of safety to the theater goer.

He is seen in a cage, as it were, and if you keep a respectful distance from him, and your feelings are not too sensitive, or your ears too tender, he can do you no harm.

If you get any closer and escape uninjured from the merciless mug, you are a jim dandy!

The tough got his first boost into popularity with the "Bunch of Keys."

Hoyt lifted him right out of the gutter into the hearts of the best people of the country.

Grimesey paved the way for Old Hoss, Old Sport, Rats and the rest.

The hotel porter made the earliest triumph for muggery, and created a demand for hammer-faced actors that is simply appalling.

There is one indispensable requirement for the farce comedy of recent growth, and that is a picturesque mug.

Any performer that owns a phiz that looks like the quintessence of viciousness, and has a general railroad-collision aspect to its upper lip, can now make a fortune as a histrion.

The howl for mugs is so great that, in "A Rag Baby," the author furnishes two mugs for one price of admission.

Old Sport and his fighting dog, Handsome, look so much alike that they might be mistaken for brothers.

Rat's mug and the dog's mug are the main attractions of the show.

Other mugs are the main features of other farce comedies.

And in all the skits and scurrilities that the present dramatic decline is responsible for a tough mug is the center of perspective chosen by the blacksmith who does the painting.

Alice Harrison's mug is the saucy nucleus of the fun that some people find in "Hot Water."

Her chin has a forward movement to it and her up an up-ward curl that would pass current anywhere among t'oro'breds.

When she lets down her front bang and looks at you across the beveled edges of her eyelids—in the play of course—she reminds you of the Fourth Ward girl, who has a brother in jail and a sweetheart in the penitentiary, and who when accosted by a stranger turns up her nose and says:

"Say, don't know who yer talkin' to! If yer don' let me alone I'll tell ye w'at I'll do wid you, I'll have ye shoved."

To the man of average capacity for giving up conundrums there appears to be no reason why the mug that receives pa uduits from fair hands should not be allowed to sp k uses from fair lips.

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WHERE ARE THE POLICE?

They Must Be Stolen.

May be they are, but we don't care. Ours is the only establishment in St. Louis that can give you a boy's overcoat for 98 cents and upwards. A boy's suit for 79 cents and up. A man's overcoat for $1 24 and up. A man's good worsted suit for $2 45 and up. And don't forget it, we also have the finest grades in suits and overcoats just as well, the only difference being that we do not charge so much for them as our high-toned competitors do. We mean just what we say, and an investigation will convince any intelligent man that we speak the truth.

GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

ONLY $5 FOR A SET OF SIX pure solid silver teaspoons, with initials engraved; only 1,000 sets, so buy at once, either for home use or for Christmas presents. Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., Fourth and Locust.

CONSPIRATORS CONVICTED.

Murdered for His Money—A Church Burned—Illinois Items.

GALENA, November 30.—F. W. Keach has been convicted and sentenced to two years in the Penitentiary, and Norman Millard is fined $500 for conspiracy to defraud a partner of Keach.

KANKAKEE, November 30.—George W. Rossiter, saloonkeeper at the Gilman Railroad Hotel, was robbed and murdered on the street on Saturday night.

ATLANTA, November 30.—The Cumberland Presbyterian Church was destroyed by fire during the night.

CHICAGO, November 30.—Dr. Charles D. Bradley has been taken to the Washingtonian Home, a victim of the immoderate use of cocaine. The Alted elevator burned early this morning; loss $80,000, including 90,000 bushels of wheat.

SPRINGFIELD, November 30.—John T. Stuart, an Illinois pioneer, lawyer and statesman, died on Saturday night.

QUINCY, November 30.—The Bull banking firm took possession of the Quincy Herald under a chattel mortgage.

JOLIET, November 30.—The $300,000 damage suit of Sexton against Cook County rescued a second trial here on a change of venue. The claim is for delay in payment of the contractors under Sexton in the building of the Chicago Court House.

STANTON, November 30.—A thief entered the apartments of Miss Minnie Hurley at the Godfrey House and stole her jewelry. She met him on the stairs and endeavored to hold him, but he managed to escape.

CENTRALIA, November 30.—The Atkins hardware store at Hoyleview was broken open and robbed during the night.

JUST give B. H. DOUGLASS & SONS' CAPSICUM COUGH DROPS a fair trial; they will relieve your Cough instantly. Thousands testify to this.

BUY Dozier-Weyl's Royal Snowflakes.

The Cold Spell is Coming.

Those who are in need of overcoats, either men's, boys' or children's, should not fail to call on us this week. If we do not save you from 25 to 50 per cent on every overcoat you buy from us we will gladly refund your money. We have boys' overcoats from 98 cents up to the finest, and men's overcoats from $1 24 up to the best manufactured.

GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

DRINK "Herold's" American ale, porter and half-and-half; manufactured by the Cherokee Brewery Company.

Attend the Art Sale To-Night
At Redheffer & Koch's, 1000 Olive street.

JOHN A. LOGAN.

The Probable President Pro Tem of the Senate.

The Illinois Senator's Personal Characteristics and Physical Vigor—Temperate Habits and Fondness for Manual Labor—Logan's Book, "A Great Conspiracy."

Special Correspondence of the POST DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 28.—General Logan, who is the probable President pro tem of the Senate, is about 58 years old. The date of his birth is not given in the Congressional Directory. He belongs to the tough and hardy stock of Western pioneers. There are few men in public life to-day who have his health and strong physical vigor. His hair is still as black as it was when he was a young man. There is hardly a gray thread in it. His mustache is beginning to be quite gray. The intense blackness of his hair has led many to think that it might be dyed. But there are enough gray threads in it to show that this supposition is baseless. Like all men who have preserved their physical health for a long period of years, the General lives simply. He has never been a drinking man. He smokes in a moderate way, and is temperate in his eating. He is not very fond of swell dinners. Senators are invited out more than any other class of officials in Washington. Many Senators, whose deaths have been attributed to over-work, owe the shortening of their lives to excesses at fashionable dinners. Where one attends three or four set dinners a week there is a constant temptation to eat and drink too much. A man who can go through several Washington dinner campaigns without going down deserves as much congratulation as the soldier who comes out whole at the end of a bloody campaign.

* * *

General Logan does a great deal of manual labor. In the setting of his house which he bought this last summer, he has done every day several hours of carpenter work. He has a shop fitted up in one of the wings of the house, and there he has trimmed off refractory doors and performed many hours of hard physical work. The bulk of the sodding around the house was done by him in the early morning hours last summer. The large tea house and the dog houses back of the house are trumps at of his carpentering skill. This active exercise has evidently done him much good as his success in his Senatorial campaign. He looks as well this fall as he has at any time since he has come to Washington.

* * *

He has occupied all of his leisure during the summer and fall in writing a political history. This is entitled "A Great Conspiracy." The book will be 600 pages in length. It will be published by Hart & Co. The manuscript is all finished. The General has now nothing more to do with the book except revise the proof. The published paragraphs about this book have given an incorrect idea of its character. Gen. Logan has gone back to the foundation of this government for the beginning of his book, and reviews its various administrations up to the time of the war. He does this for the purpose of developing and demonstrating from his standpoint an unbroken thought spun some time. He starts out with the theory that the Tories, who were originally against the Declaration of Independence in this country, have remained in it to fight against our existing form of government. The Tories and their descendants have always had the same idea, he argues. They have always conspired according to the theory to break down the existing form of government. The Tories of the Revolutionary period, as viewed by him, became afterwards Democrats. The Democracy he claims have always been organized to set the national ideas of government. He thinks that slavery was a mere pretext set up by the States rights people, and that primarily slavery grew out of the war. The rebellion was caused, he says, by the growth of the Tory States Rights School of Politicians. They were bound to break down the national form of government and succeeded later. And if slavery had not given them a pretext they would have found one in something else. General Logan says that his book is intended for a political manual for the younger members of the Republican party.

* * *

Of the various Senators' names mentioned in connection with the Presidency of the Senate, the Illinois Senator is the only one to whom the increase of salary would be a decided advantage. Logan for a man is classed here as a millionaire. He is one of the largest investors in Washington real estate, and through the increase of this class of property the value of his private fortune has been nearly doubled during the last ten years. Senator Edmunds is said to be worth half a million of dollars. The lottery character of American politics is well illustrated by the changes which have taken place in Gen. Logan's fortunes during the last six months. Last spring he was out of office and engaged in what appeared to be a hopeless and reckless struggle for re-election to the Senate. He had no property except a house in Chicago, and if he had failed at Springfield would have had a hard struggle to have made up an income in the legal profession. By this I mean that he has not practice established, as he has given any time to the practice of law since he has been in public life. When he was elected Senator at Springfield his bad luck changed. He returned to Washington and in the fashionable suburbs of the city bought a handsome real estate property for $30,000, in a location where real estate was just beginning to move up. This property he bought entirely upon credit, as he had no money to make even a first payment. The rent of his house in Chicago is sufficient to pay the interest and taxes upon this property, as the Logans live plainly, the Senator expects to be able to pay for this house in the course of time from the moderate savings of his salary. The increase of $3,000 a year attached to the acting Vice-President's office would probably enable him to pay for his house during the next three years. His book promises well, his publisher's say. His real estate purchase this year promises to realize for him within the next five or six years three times what he gave for it. The change between his condition last spring and this fall is one of the sharp and marked contrasts which are so often presented in the lives of energetic, self-reliant men.

T. C. CRAWFORD.

WE ONLY CHARGE $1 50 for 100 visiting cards and finely engraved copper plate; $1 for 100 cards from plate. Order at once. Mermod and Jaccard Jewelry Co., Fourth and Locust streets.

To Those Wishing to Attend Vice-President Hendricks' Funeral

The Bee Line, Indianapolis and S. Louis Railroad will sell round-trip tickets to Indianapolis, good going Monday and Tuesday, November 30 and December 1, and to return until December 2, at $8 round trip. ELEGANT RECLINING CHAIR CARS FREE. For tickets, berths in sleeping cars, and chairs in reclining chair car, call at Bee Line Ticket Office, corner Fifth and Chestnut.

Don't Go Hatless.

To-morrow fifty dozen men's nobby stiff fur hats, fully worth $3 50, will go for $3 25. Men's and boys' good hats at 23 cents and upwards. Blue polo caps at 14 cents. Good Jersey caps, all colors, at 9 cents. Best men's red flannel-lined chinchilla caps in the land for 50c, this week at the
GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

A RAILWAY MAGNATE'S PALACE.

The Palatial Residence of Mr. Robert Garrett in Baltimore.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

BALTIMORE, November 30.—The palatial residence of Mr. Robert Garrett, President of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, on Mount Vernon Place, this city, which has been in course of construction since the early part of 1884, will be ready for occupancy some time in January. It is the most costly dwelling ever erected in Baltimore. Exclusive of furnishings the cost of it will amount to over $750,000. Like Vanderbilt's Fifth avenue mansion in New York it is built in the most aristocratic section of the city, with the further advantage of a magnificently arranged square before it, in which are the celebrated Bayere statues, donated to the city by Wm. T. Walters. Not very far to the right of the building are the Washington monument and Peabody Institute, and across the square to the northwest and north are the residences of some of Baltimore's richest bankers, merchants and lawyers. During Mr. Garrett's last visit to Europe he purchased in Paris and London unique designs in decorative goods, such as are rarely seen on this side of the water. It is said that he paid $1,500 a pair for curtains for the parlor and library, and for carpets almost phenomenal prices. The furniture and decorations for the parlor and bedroom are to be of the most original patterns, luxuriously upholstered and handsomely gilded and bronzed. The walls are white-coated imitation of basket work, with here and there a simple flower intended to relieve the monotonous interlacing of straws. The ceiling of the main hallway is made in cherry panels of octagonal shape, extending back to the grand spiral stairway, finished in the same wood, with ebony trimmings. Overlooking the area is

AN ATLAS-SHAPED SKYLIGHT,

made of cathedral stained glass, of delicate tints, all blended together in perfect harmony. The most extravagantly furnished apartment is the ballroom adjoining the east parlor. In it are ilt le inches for seating, and at intervals massive columns support a ceiling elaborately worked in plaster and then bronzed. The floor is of solid, polished yellow pine, while the walls, except the lower portion, which is wainscoted in Italian marble, are snow white. The conservatory immediately in the rear is already filled with plants and shrubbery brought from some time. He starts Garrets' fine collection of orchids. Majestic chandeliers and electric jets in tinted globes, by special contrivance made to furnish soft, luminous rays, are plentifully scattered throughout the house. The most striking adornments of the apartments are the imitation antique mantels selected by Garrett himself while abroad. They are for the most part made of mahogany, in which are carved characters of the mediæval ages. The one in the library is, perhaps, the oddest. It is a shelf supported on either side by a child carefully clad and frowning under her heavy load. Above the shelf the space is occupied by a panel bearing the inscription, "A little place called paradise." The top floor, with its large, airy rooms and bath, is to be occupied by a chef and his assistants, as well as other domestics. Many of the ideas used in the construction of the building were those of Mrs. Garret, whose good taste is well known in Baltimore. At present Mr. and Mrs. Garret are the guests of Mr. Frick, Mrs. Garret's father, at his handsome country place on the Frederick road, a few miles from the city.

ONLY 22 CENTS for a solid silver thimble, any size, any initial engraved; buy at once, now or for the holidays. Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., Fourth and Locust streets.

THE ART SALE IS NEXT MONDAY AND TUESDAY at the Pettes Galleries, Sixth and Olive. Dodd Collection.

Parlor Suits.

We are daily manufacturing new designs in parlor goods, very stylish, at prices from $35 to $500 per suit. Do not buy till you see them.

BURRELL, COMSTOCK & Co.

Attend the Art Sale To-Night
At Redheffer & Koch's, 1000 Olive street.

BLOODSHED AT BEVIER.

A Murderer Convicted—Found Dead on a Track—Missouri Matters.

BEVIER, November 30.—A riot occurred on Saturday night between the white and colored miners. It resulted in the killing of two men and the wounding of several others. The trouble commenced by a crowd of white miners on the depot platform throwing rocks at some colored men who were passing. John Martin, one of the whites, was shot and instantly killed, and Chas. Harris, a colored man, fell with several bullets in his body. Further trouble is threatened.

MARSHALL, November 30.—G. M. Rider has been convicted of murder in the first degree, and sentence of death was passed this morning. The Post Office at Higbee, Randolph County, was robbed last night, and all the money and stamps were taken.

MARSHFIELD, November 30.—The dead body of a German was found near the railroad track with a bullet wound in the back of the head. It is supposed that he was murdered and robbed by some boys. John and M. W. Boatman and Joseph Ruckman, three jail prisoners, escaped last evening after knocking down and assaulting the Sheriff.

HILLSBORO, November 30.—The Douglas Hotel and saloon burned during the night.

PACIFIC, November 30.—Ben Zieger, son of a hotel proprietor, was fatally wounded by the accidental discharge of an old musket while out hunting.

FULTON, November 30.—Mrs. Celia Railey was thrown out of a carriage on her way to church and fatally injured.

CAPE GIRARDEAU, November 30.—The Flora mills, which cost $80,000, went at Trustee's sale for $8,750. Otto Hanny, a brewer, being the purchaser.

KANSAS CITY, November 30.—Joseph Freeman and Zach Ryham, of Loue Jack, two farmers of high repute, have been arrested for illicit distilling.

WARRENSBURG, November 30.—Mrs. W. L. Sheppard, nee Lizzie Moore, who was married two weeks since, died at New Orleans very suddenly.

Budweiser Beer Depot.

The heating apparatus is completed and is now the most comfortable and pleasant resort in the city.

Don't fail to see our $4 50 all-wool overcoats for boys this week at the
GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

Attend the Art Sale To-Night
At Redheffer & Koch's, 1000 Olive street.

"With Half an Eye"

It's easy to see that this boy did not purchase his PANTS from FAMOUS. There is too much of a "muchness," so to speak, about the way they hang. Besides, they're a trifle baggy in the rear. No excuse to go this way, boys. We can give you good

Knee Pants from	50c to $2 50
Long Pants from	$1 50 to 4 00
Knee-Pant Suits from	3 00 to 12 50
Long-Pant Suits from	5 00 to 22 50
Small Boys' Overcoats	3 00 up 15 00
Large Boys' Overcoats	3 50 up 18 50

Boys' Hats, Caps, Shoes and Furnishing Goods Lower than the Lowest at Boys' Clothing and Outfitting Headquarters.

FAMOUS,
BROADWAY and MORGAN,
Leading Clothiers, Shoers, Hatters and Furnishers, Cloaks, Millinery and House Furnishings.
Cuts used in our illustrated advertisements for sale cheap.

HATS AND CAPS
The Newest Shapes and the Latest Styles
FOR MEN, BOYS AND CHILDREN.

Our stock is entirely new; old and unsable shapes. We buy for cash, and direct from the manufacturers. You save from 20 to 30 per cent by buying of us.

DERBYS.

Dunlap and Youmans shapes, for $1 90, $2 and $3. Complete line of Stetson's Celebrated Hats, Full stock of Silk Hats, Broadway and Dunlap Block. Men's Genuine Sealskin Caps, $5; Boys' Genuine Sealskin Caps, $1 25; Men's Hair Seal Caps, $1 50; Beaver Gauntlet Gloves, $3 75; Hair Seal Gauntlet Gloves, $3 50; Genuine Dogskin Driving Gloves. Novelties in Children's Plush Caps, the largest and finest stock ever shown in this city.
Valises, Traveling Bags and Shawl Straps.

F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.,
Hatters, Clothiers and Furnishers, Corner Broadway and Pine.

SOLE AGENTS
FOR THE CELEBRATED
BURT SHOES!

These Shoes have a world-wide reputation for Style and Ease. When once you try them you will wear no others.

We have now a complete line in stock of the Ladies' and Gents', Misses' and Child's, with heels and spring heels.

MOUND CITY Shoe Store,
EDWIN C. BURT
608 Olive St.

The J. M. Ward Furniture Stove and Carpet Co.
1111, 1113 and 1115 Franklin Avenue.

Have now ready for inspection ELEGANT BEDROOM SETS in CHERRY, MAHOGANY and WALNUT; Handsome PARLOR FURNITURE, Beautiful CARPETS, RUGS and EVERYTHING NEEDED in HOUSEKEEPING, which they offer on EASY WEEKLY or MONTHLY PAYMENTS at bedrock prices. Call and be convinced. Open until 9 o'clock every evening.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

Items of Interest and Gossip From the Adjacent Towns.

Special Correspondence of the POST-DISPATCH.

JOPLIN, Mo., November 29.—Captain and Mrs. Frank E. Williams have returned from Independence, Kan.——Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Leonard and Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Waite have returned from their visit on Thanksgiving Day with Girard relatives.—Mrs. W. T. Branham of this city left to visit her sister, Mrs. T. L. Hobden of Opolis, Kan., on Thanksgiving Day, and there remained several weeks. Mr. Hugh Jennings left for Pittsburg, Kan., the same day to attend the annual reunion there of the Jennings family.——Mr. and Mrs. Fred Allen, Mr. and Mrs. James Broadway and Miss Bertie Bradley left the same day for Melrose, Kan., to attend the usual family reunion held there.——The West Joplin Teachers' Institute, Prof. J. C. Maron principal, met yesterday.——Mrs. H. B. Foy has arrived to join her husband, the Rev. Mr. Foy, who has recently assumed duty as pastor of the Presbyterian Church.——Mr. J. H. Emmert, private secretary to General Manager Nettleton of the Gulf Railroad, is a guest at the Joplin Hotel, and has been recently rewarded for valuable services with a $600 yearly increase of salary.——On Thursday "a herd of tramps," fifteen in number, said to be from Kansas City, were corraled by City Marshal Hamilton in an outbuilding enjoying a keg of beer with etceteras. They had been affl cting the citizens for some days by begging, etc. Their fines averaged $25 each. One named James Fontune, for stealing was fined $100 and sent to the County Jail at Carthage to ret ier with one James O'Neil, who, being abusive and half drunk in court, was kept on bread and water for twenty-four hours and then received a like sentence with Mr. Fortune.——Dr. Dan Kelsey and Miss Emma Hettrick of Carthage were married during the week.——Mrs. Judge Speer is expected home to-day from a visit to the lady's mother in Southern Indiana.——Miss Laura Stiles and Miss Anna Brown, accompanied by Mr. Thomas Chesnutt of Lehigh, dined at the Pacific yesterday.——Mrs. Hibbard returned yesterday from her visit to friends in Kansas City.——Mrs. Prof. J. H. Cook of Columbus, Kan., is paying Mrs. Dr. Morris of Joplin a visit.——Miss Hattie Bailey of Sullivan, Ind., has left for home after a visit of several weeks with Mrs. Dyra Rose.——Mrs. C. H. Montgomery has returned from her visit to friends in Iowa.

The St Louis Bank Note Company

Have removed from 409 N. Fourth street to the building lately occupied by Snider & Holmes, Nos. 214 and 216 Chestnut street, near Third. Their facilities and space will be greatly enlarged.

Dr. SAGE'S Catarrh Remedy cures when every other so-called remedy fails.

Young Ford's Funeral.

NEW YORK, November 30.—The funeral services over the remains of young Ford of Louisville, who died suddenly at the Coleman House, last week, was held yesterday. Nearly all the members of the Louisville Colony in New York were present. The body will be placed temporarily in a vault at Woodlawn, but will be removed later to Louisville.

D. R. WOODALL, Pisgah, Ala., writes: "My wife suffered from bronchitis for over three years before she commenced using Dr. J. H. McLean's Tar Wine Lung Balm, which has, I am happy to say, effected a complete cure."

WOMEN
Needing renewed strength, or who suffer from infirmities peculiar to their sex, should try
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS
Trade Mark. QUALITY P PURITY NOT QUANTITY. On Every Bottle.
THE BEST TONIC

This medicine combines iron with pure vegetable tonics, and is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to Women, and all who lead sedentary lives. It Enriches and Purifies the Blood, Stimulates the Appetite, Strengthens the Muscles and Nerves—in fact, thoroughly Invigorates. Clears the complexion, and makes the skin smooth. It does not blacken the teeth, cause headache, or produce constipation—all other Iron medicines do.

MRS. ELIZABETH BAIRD, 74 Farwell Ave., Milwaukee, Wis., says, under date of Dec. 26th, 1884: "I have used Brown's Iron Bitters, and it has been more than a doctor to me,